

OpenFlow Overview

GENI Engineering Conference 12

Nov 1 2011



Sections

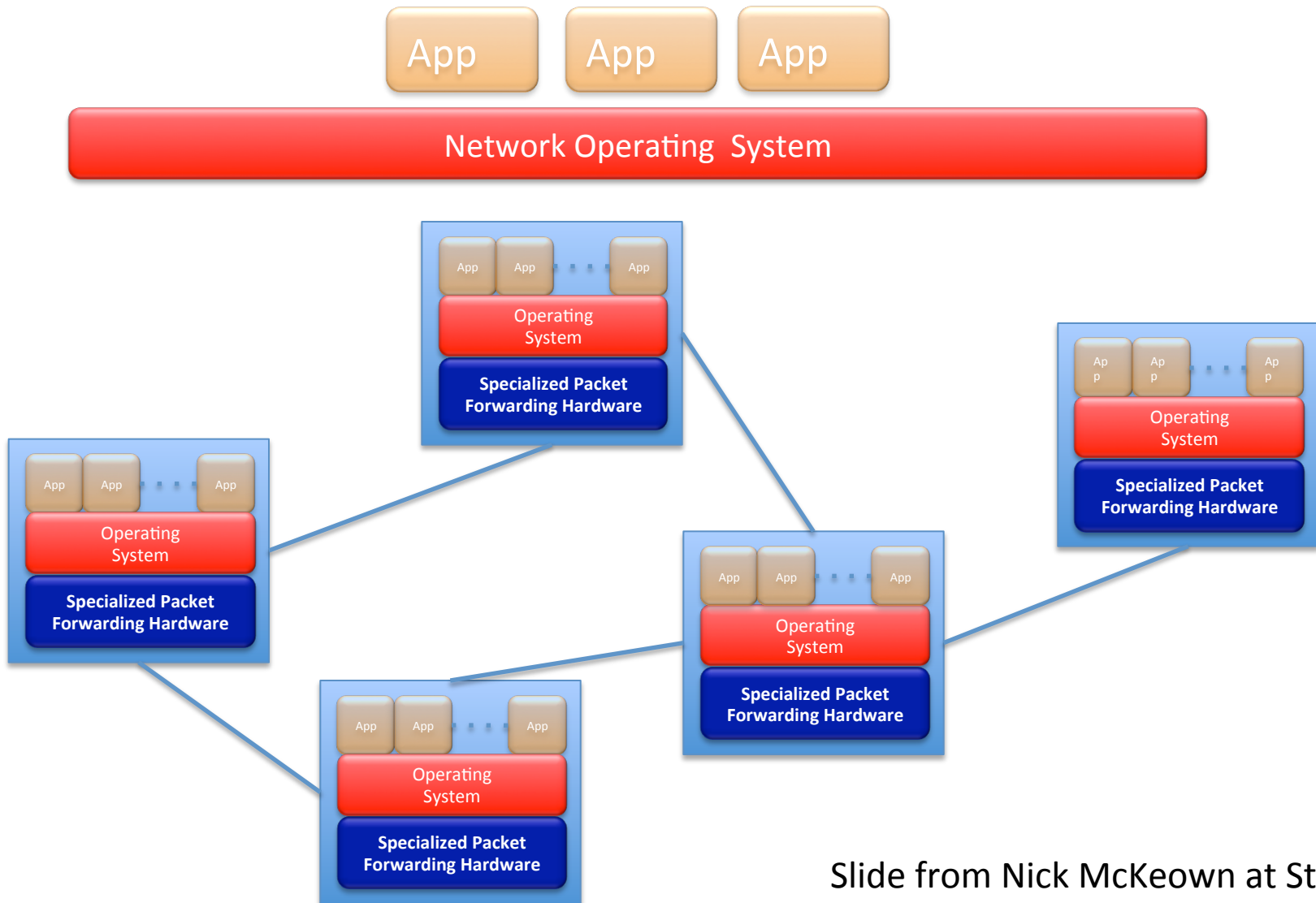
- OpenFlow Introduction
- OpenFlow tools - hardware and software
- Deployments
 - GENI
 - NDDI
 - Campus
- Use Cases
- Discussion



Keys to Openflow/Software-Defined Networking

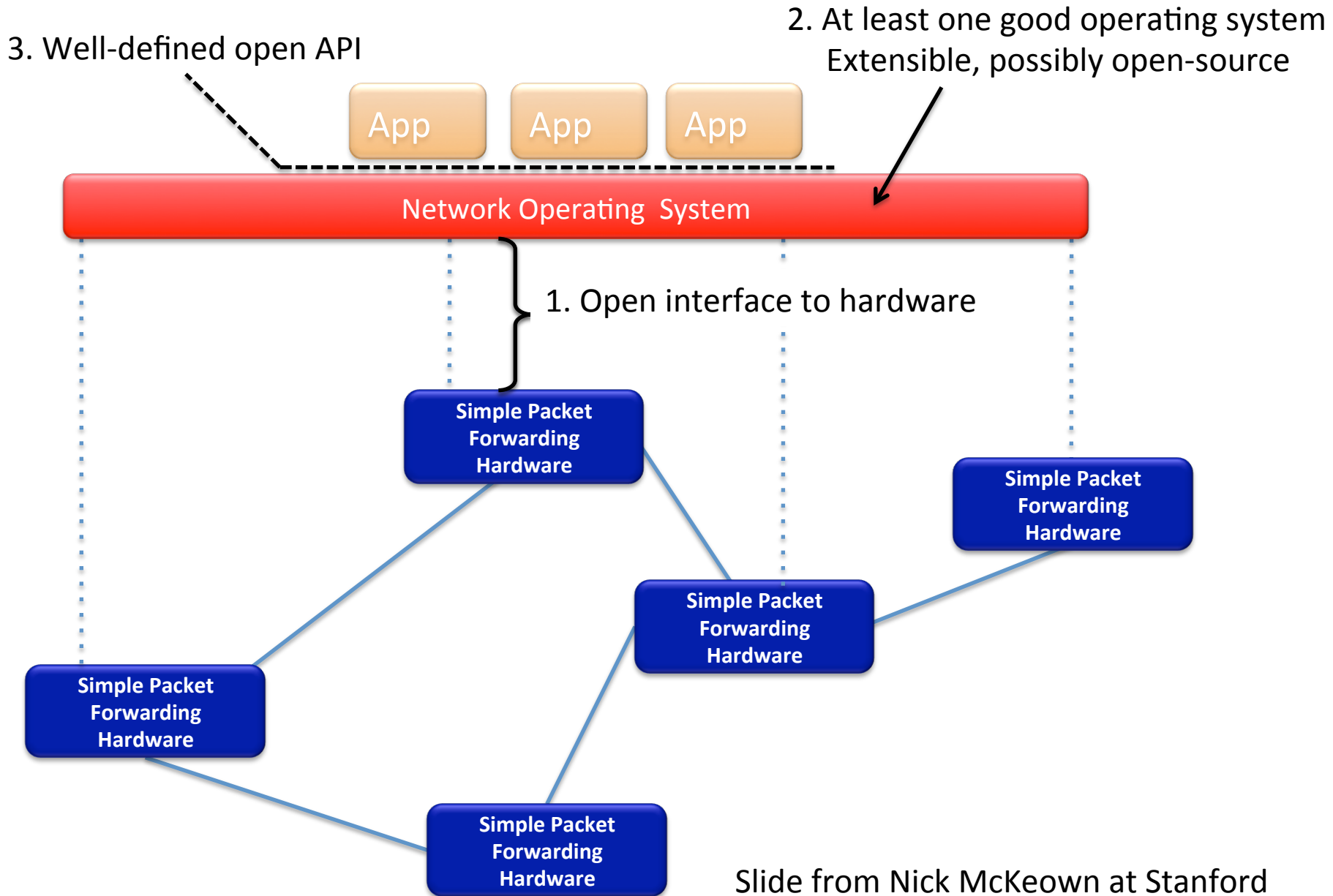
- Separation of Control Plane & Data Plane with Open API Between the Two
 - Logically Centralized Control-Plane with Open API to Applications
 - Network Slicing/Virtualization
-
- Creates Open Interfaces between Hardware, OS and Applications Similar to Computer Industry
 - Increases Competition, Enables Innovation



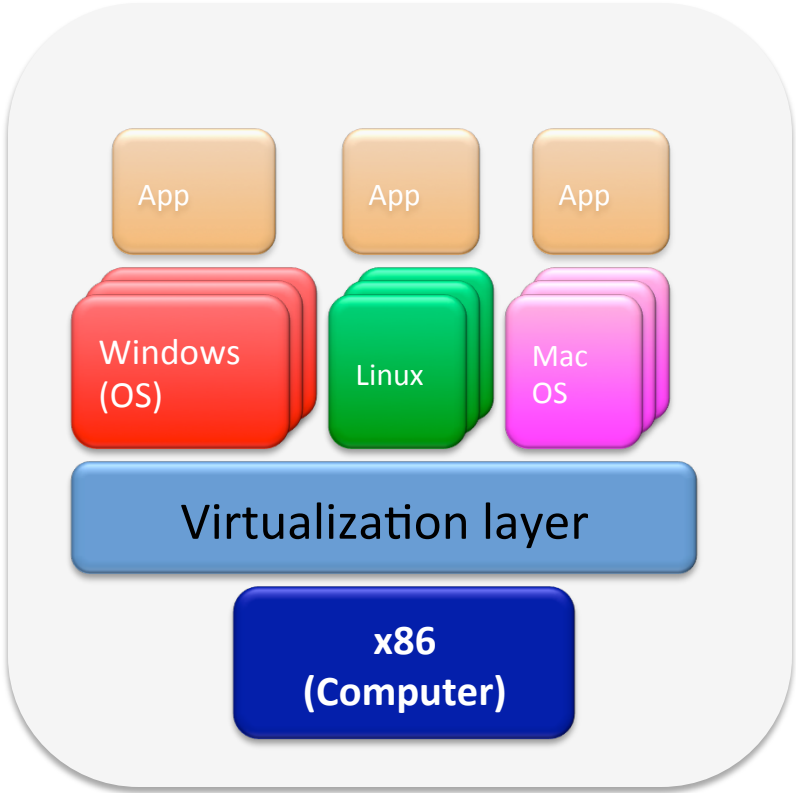


Slide from Nick McKeown at Stanford

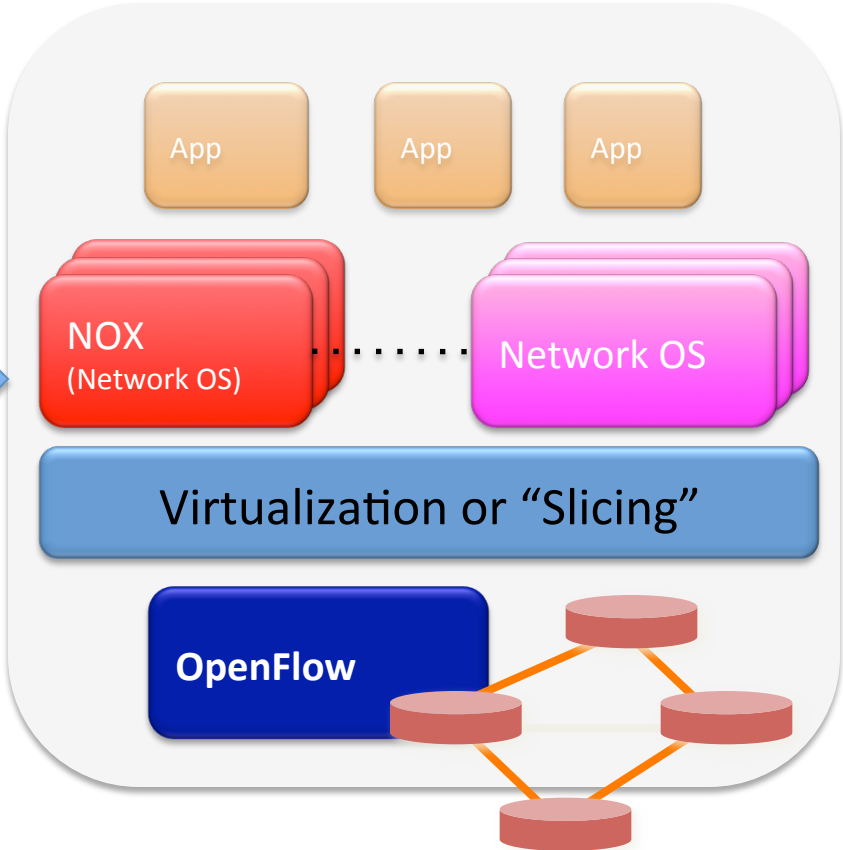
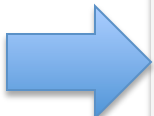
The “Software-defined Network”



Trend



Computer Industry

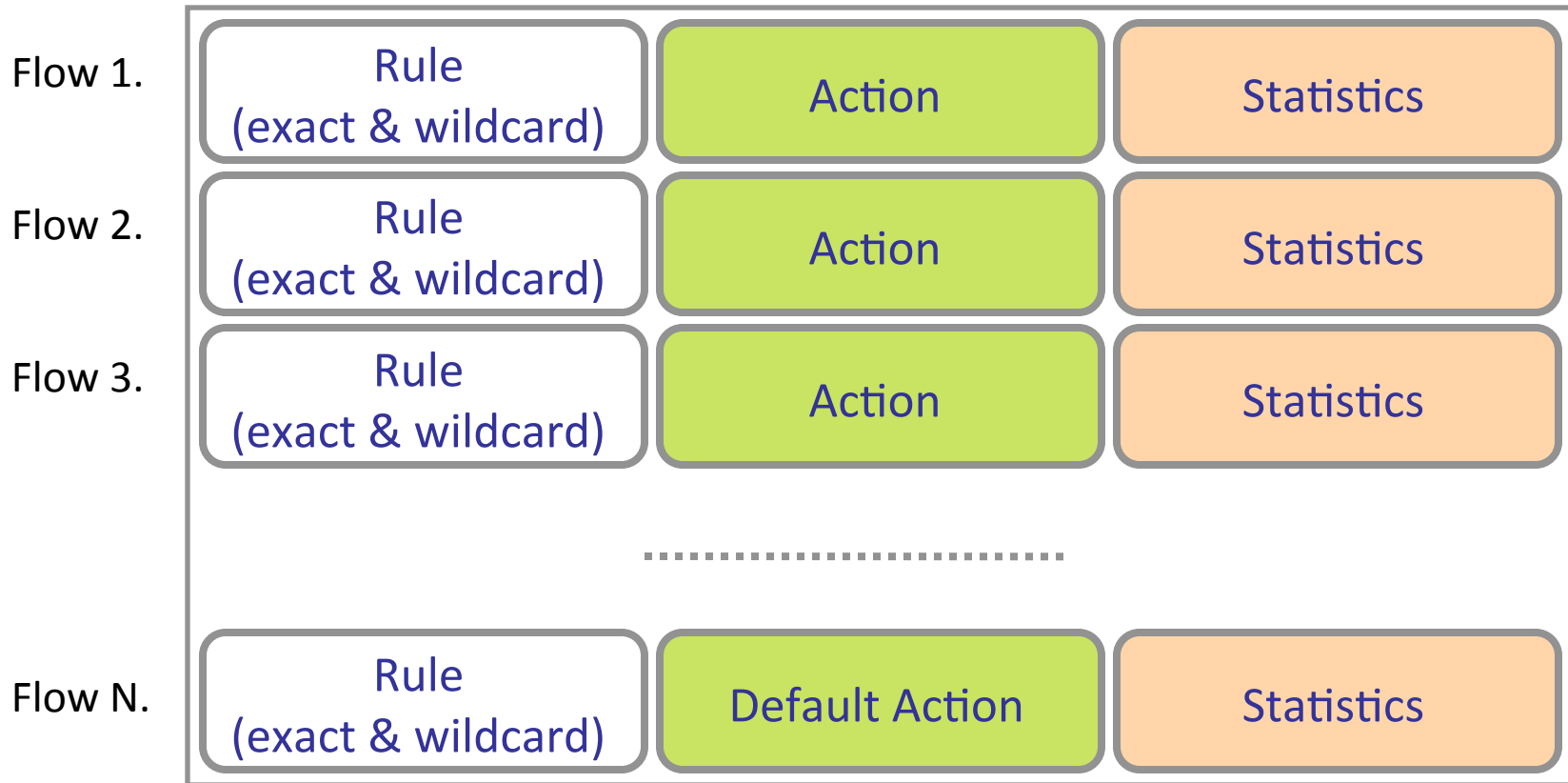


Network Industry

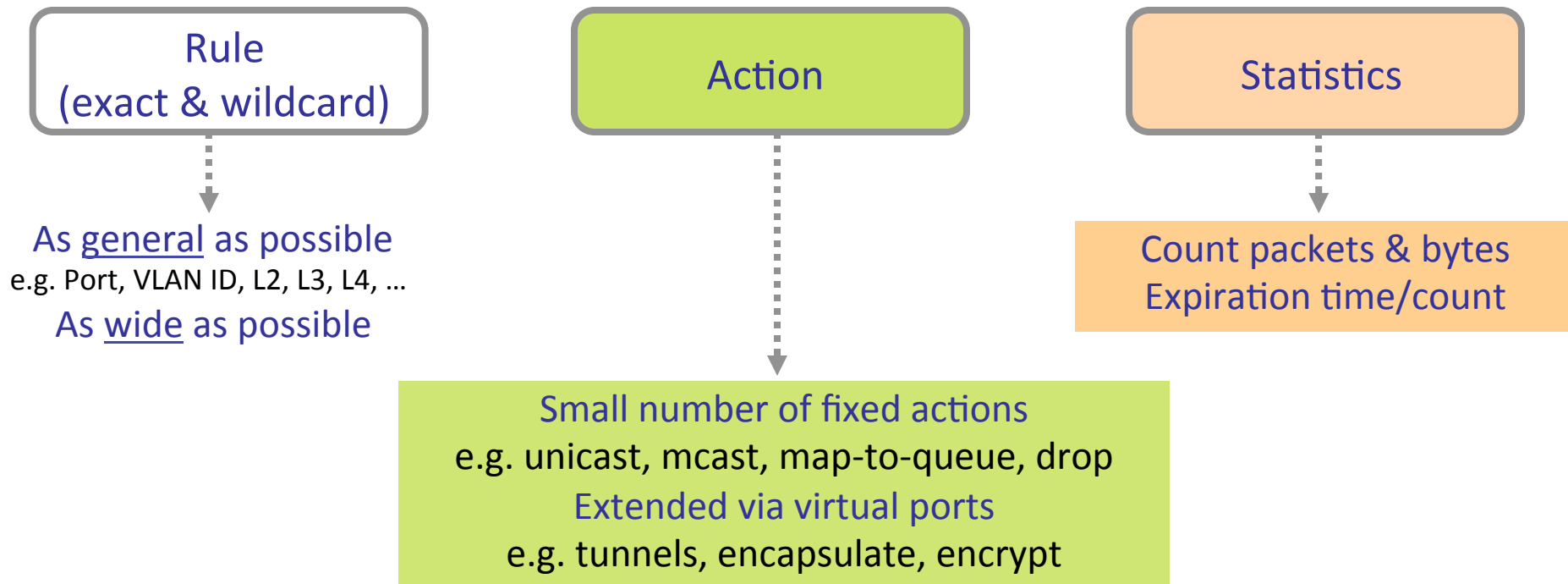
OpenFlow Basics

OpenFlow Basics (1)

Exploit the flow table in switches, routers, and chipsets

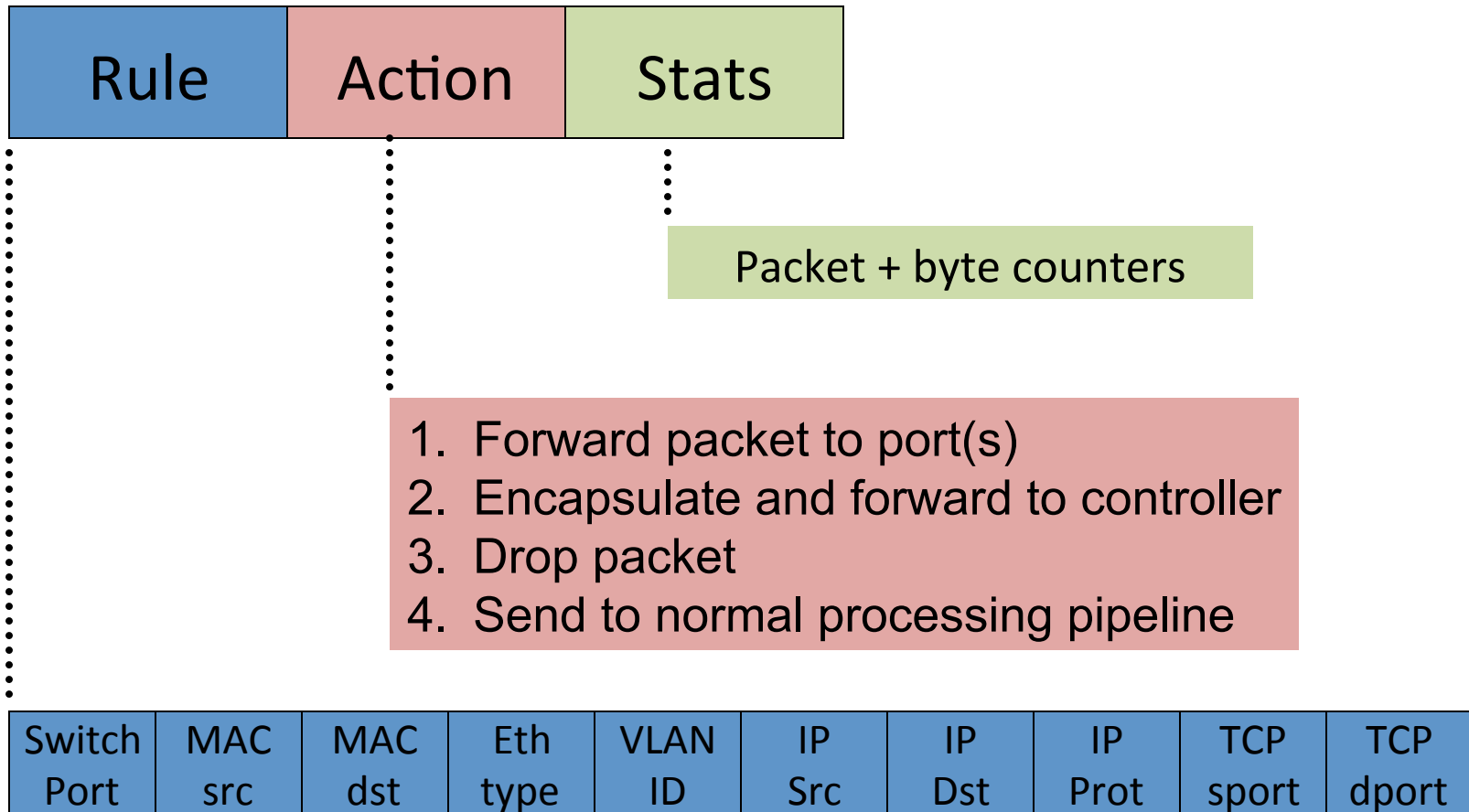


OpenFlow Basics (2)



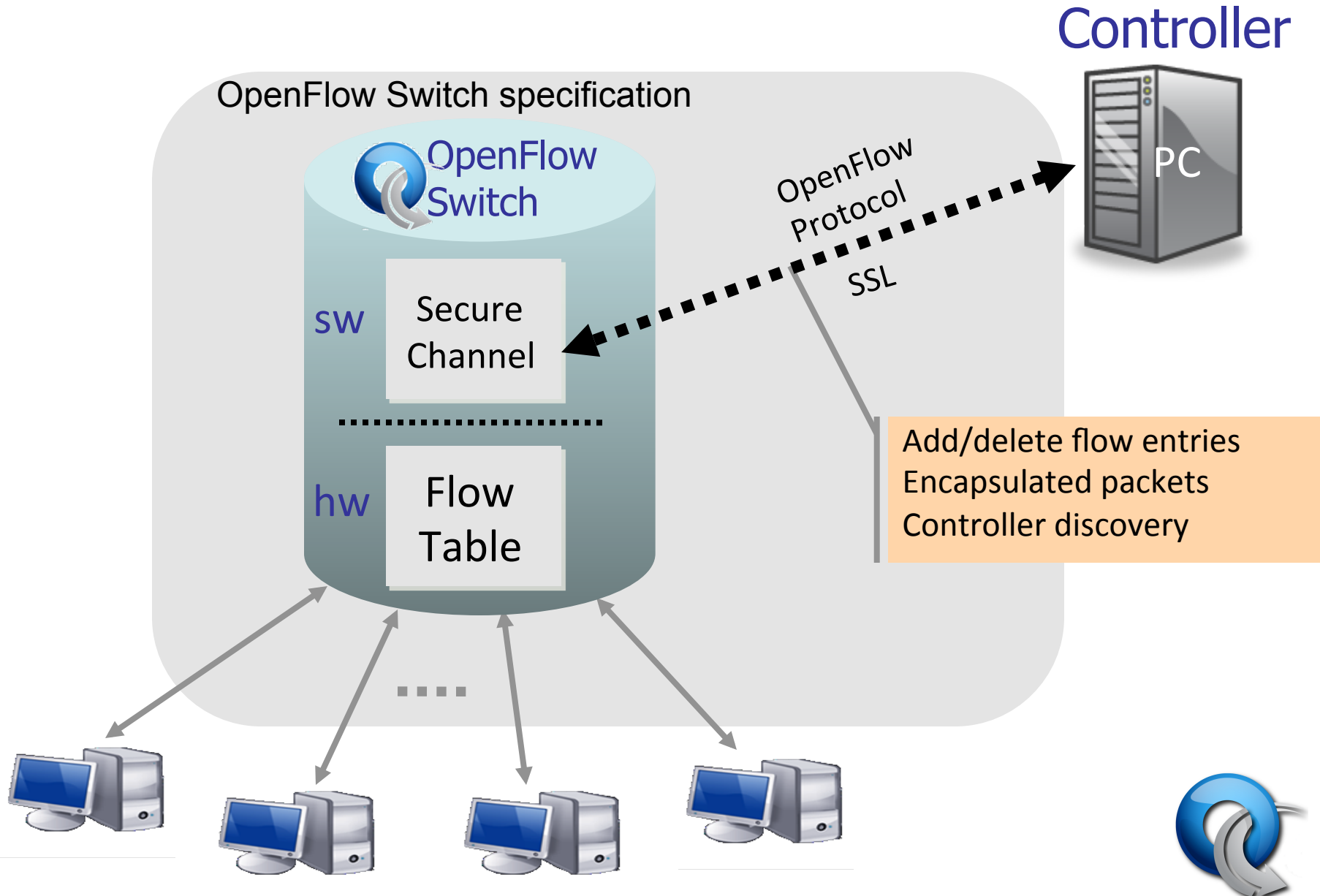
Flow Table Entry

OpenFlow 1.0 Switch



+ mask

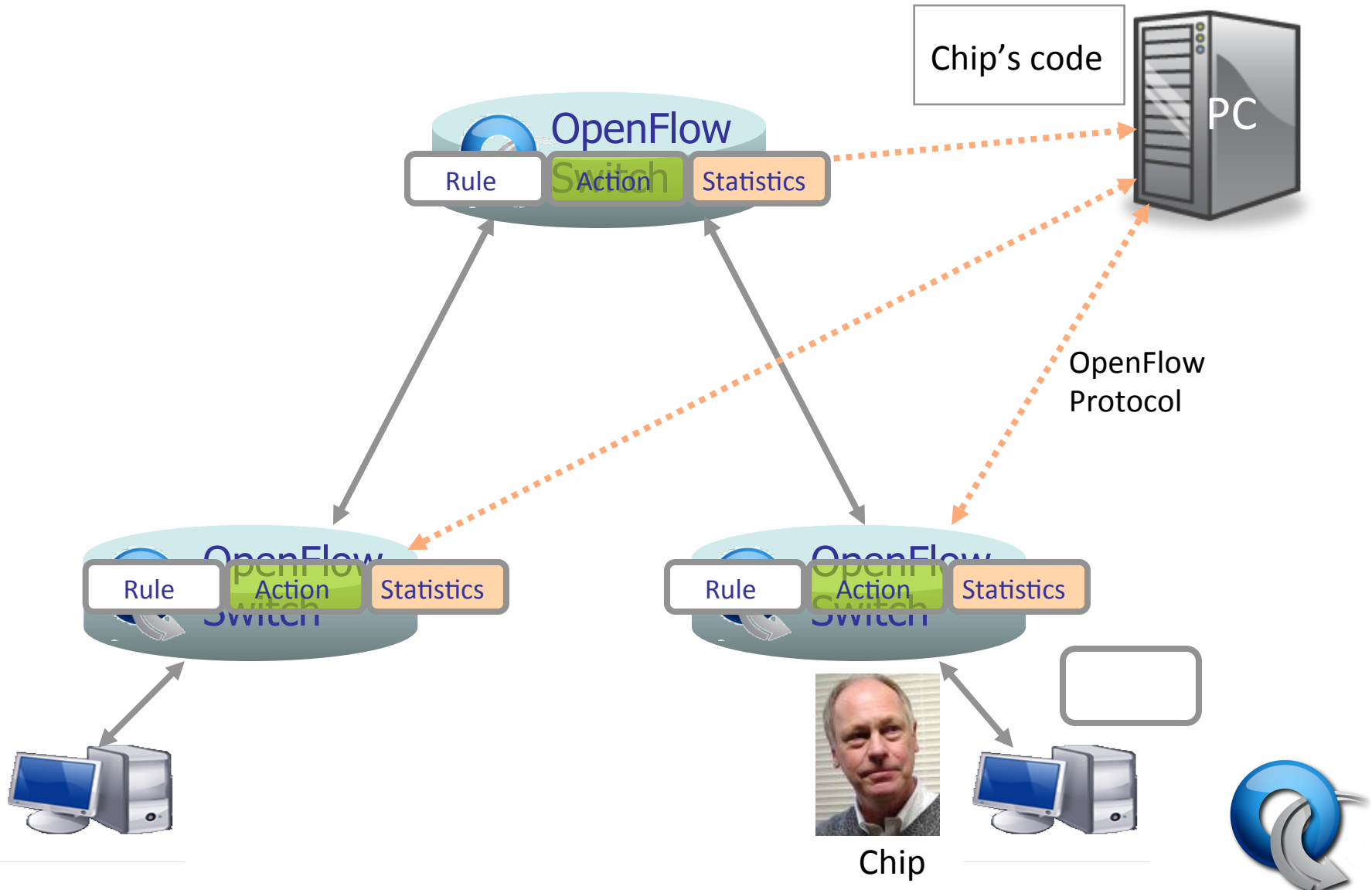
OpenFlow Basics (3)



OpenFlow Usage

Dedicated OpenFlow Network

Controller



OpenFlow Deployments



GENI

- GENI OpenFlow deployment on 8 campuses
 - Will be increasing to 25 campuses
- Internet2 and NLR backbones
- Integrated with production hardware on campuses
- Backbone, Regionals (funded in GENI Solicitation 3) and Campuses interconnected
- Outreach to more campuses in future (200?)



OpenFlow and GENI



8 Universities, GPO/BBN, & 2 National Backbones

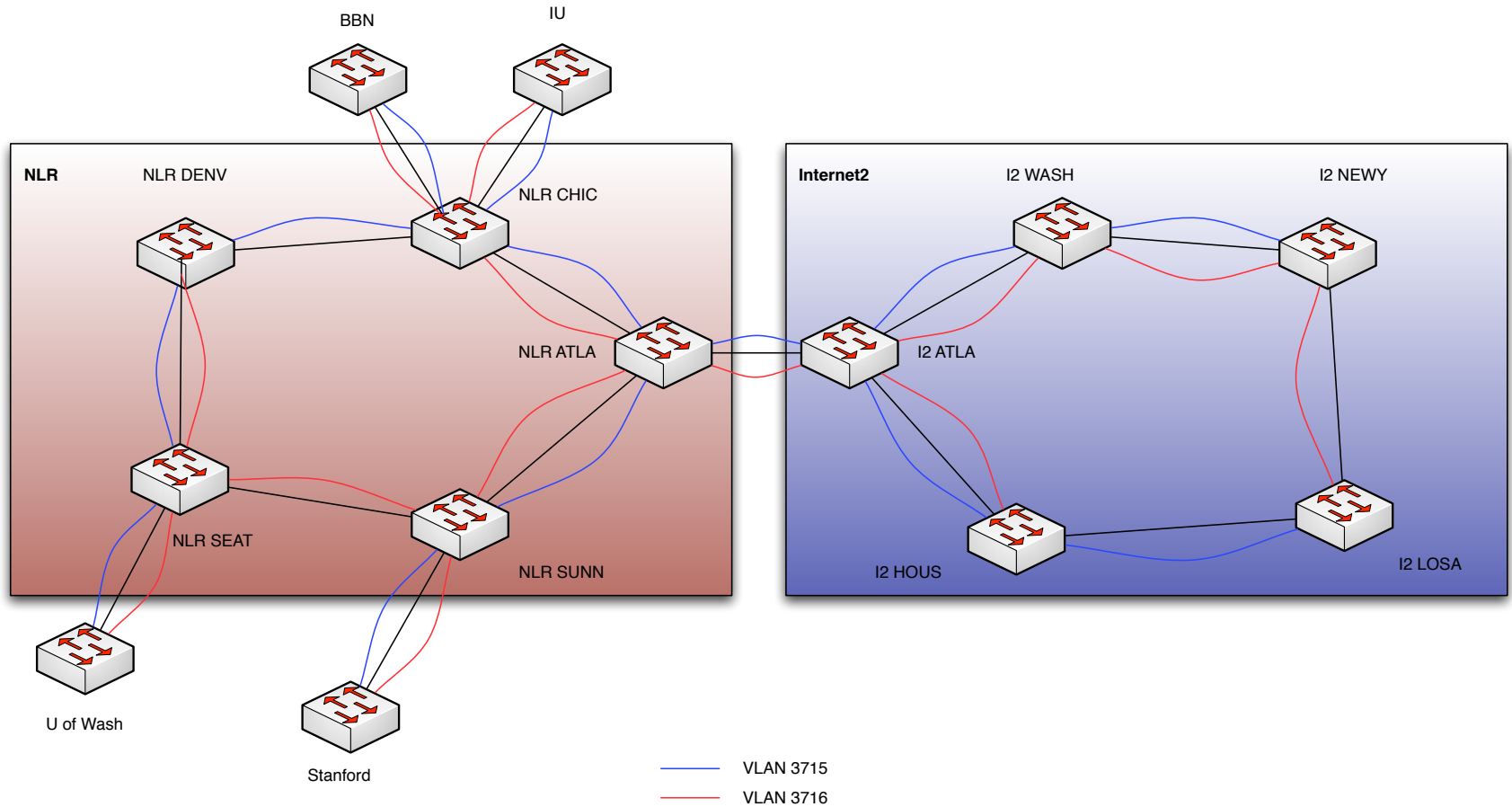
Internet2 and NLR

- Internet2
 - Backbone of 5 NEC IP8800
 - Multiple 1G connections (in each direction)
 - L2circuits between sites
- NLR
 - Backbone of 5 HP 6600-24XG
 - 10 G wave between sites



NLR – I2 OpenFlow Core

OpenFlow Core
Connectivity v.1.0



NLR – I2 Backbone

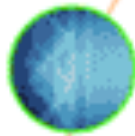
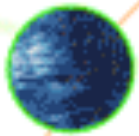
- 2 Main Vlans – 3515 and 3516
- Arranged so loops-free in the backbone over either vlan
- Campuses can cause loops though ☹️



OS³E

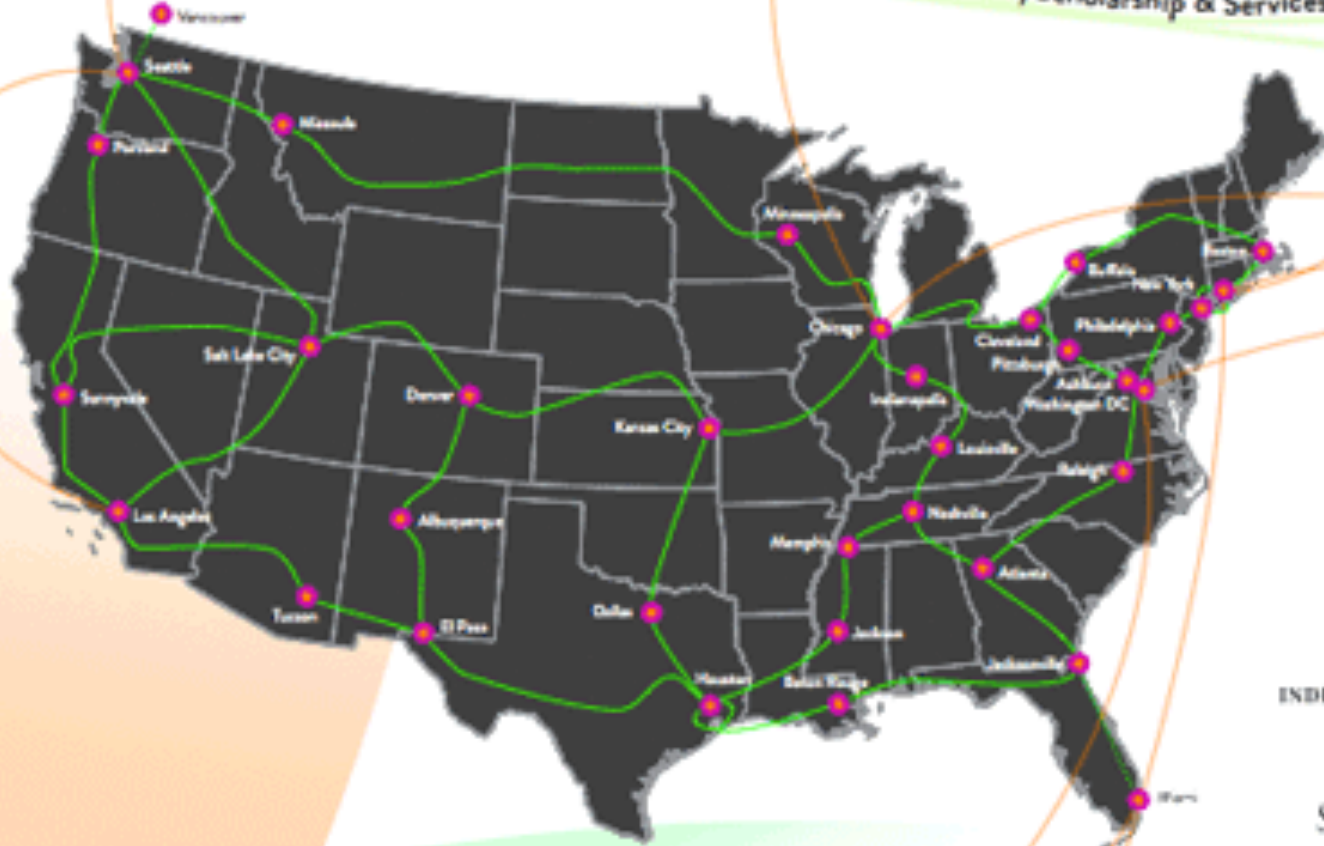
- OS³E – Open Science, Scholarship and Services Exchange
 - Production Layer 2 Provisioning tool over Internet2 NDDI Infrastructure
 - OpenFlow based
 - Developed by IU
 - Demo'd at I2 Fall Members Meeting
 - <https://os3e.net.internet2.edu>
 - user: os3e pw: os3edemo





OS³E

The Open Science, Scholarship & Services Exchange



INTERNET₂



INDIANA UNIVERSITY

STANFORD UNIVERSITY



IU Campus Deployment

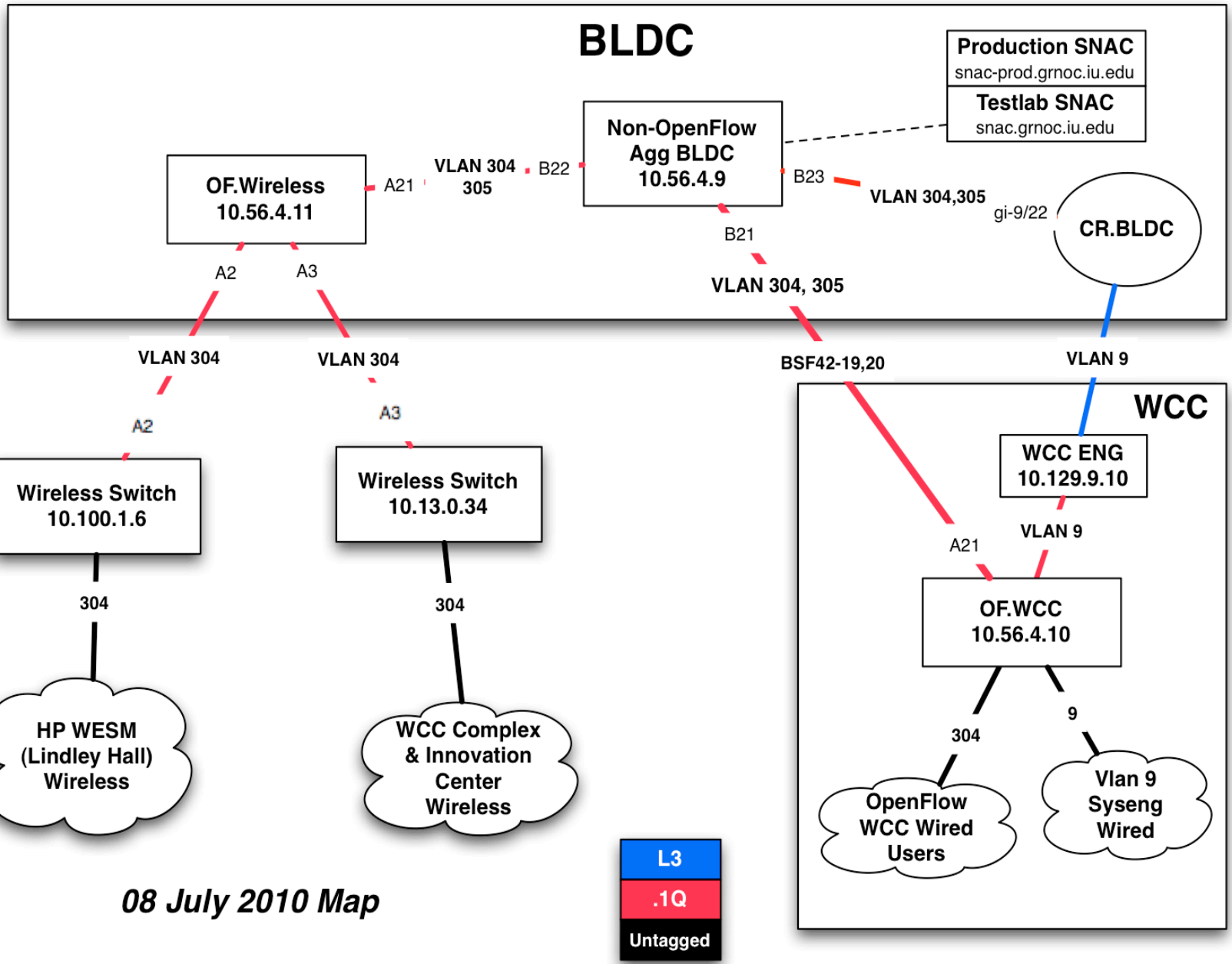
- Focused on Edge (Closet) Deployment
- Goals:
 - Stress-Test Current Implementations
 - Verify “Sandboxing” of Openflow
 - Develop Monitoring Tools
 - Prepare for Production Deployments



Sample Campus Deployment (Indiana University)

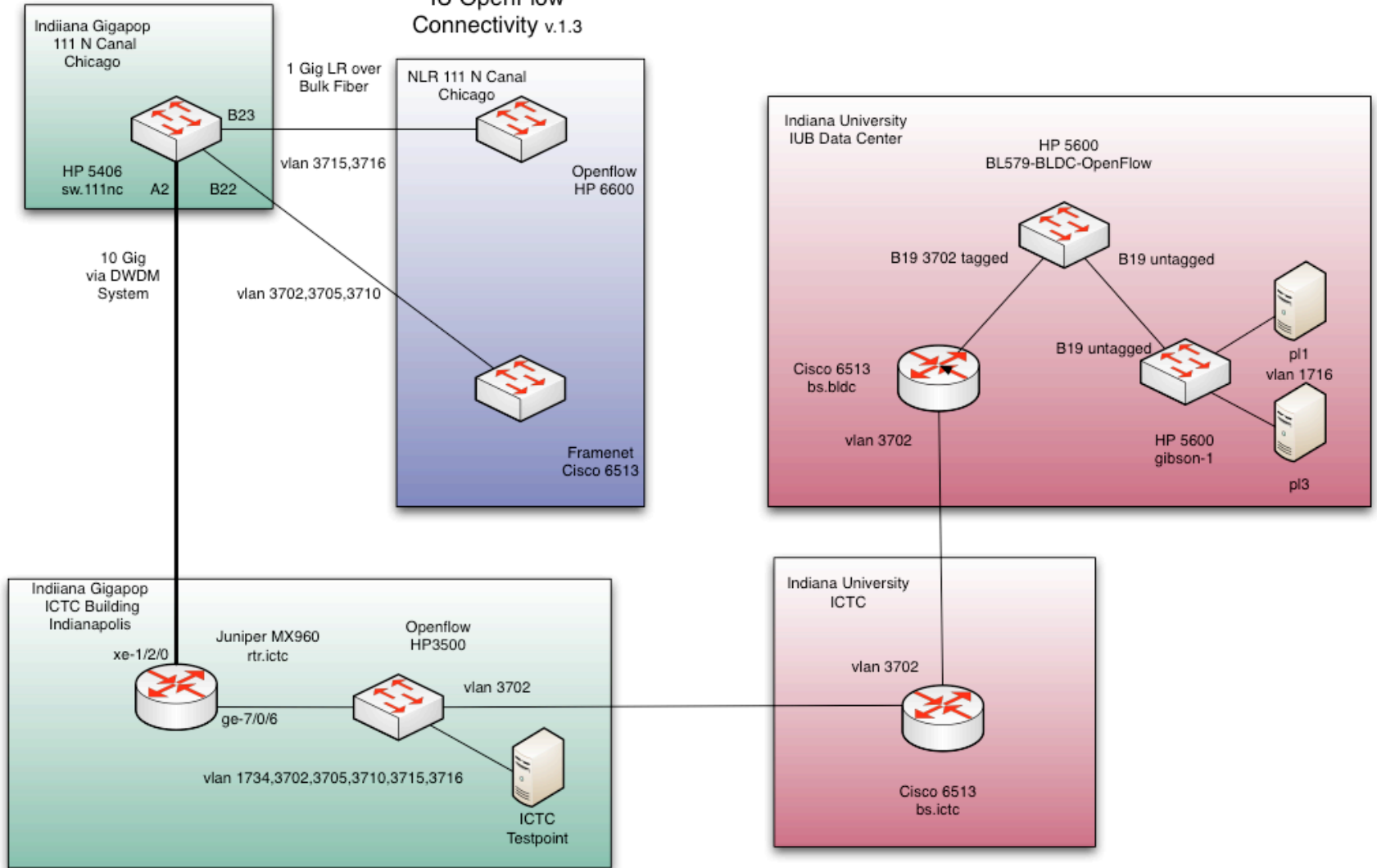
- HP switches in Testlab and Production
 - 2 6600s in Bloomington testlab
 - 2 6600s in Indy SDN lab
 - 1 5406 Testlab/Wireless
 - 2 5406 used by Engineering
 - 3500 in Gigapop, IUPUI Wireless
- 5 Pronto switches (3290s) in testlab
- 2 Pronto 10G switches in production soon
- Netgear, NetFPGA 10G and 1G



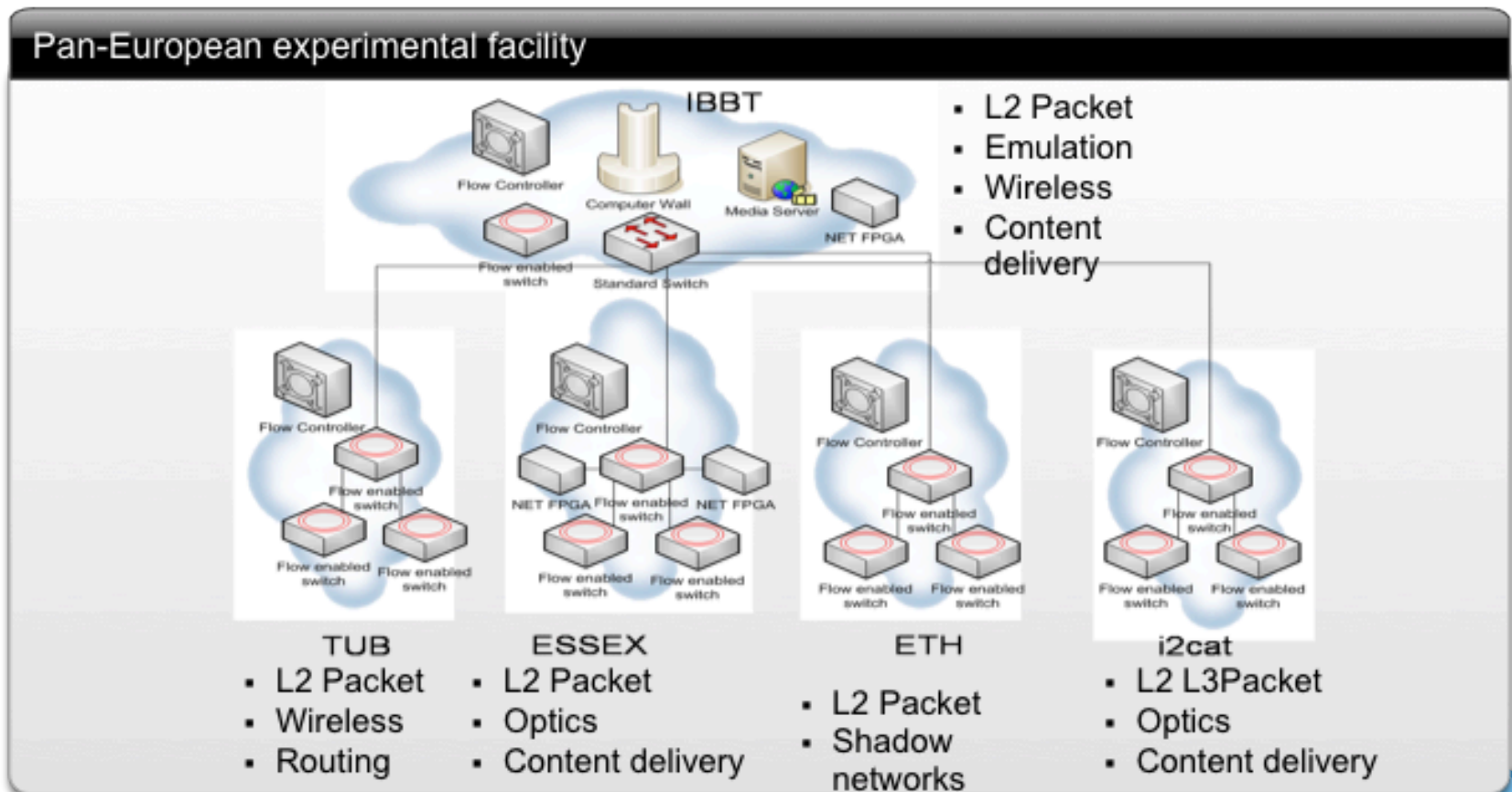


08 July 2010 Map

IU OpenFlow Connectivity v.1.3



3 New EU Projects: OFELIA, SPARC, CHANGE



EU Project Participants

- Germany
 - Deutsch Telekom Laboratories
 - Technische Universität Berlin
 - European Center for ICT
 - ADVA AG Optical Networking
 - NEC Europe Ltd.
 - Eurescom
- United Kingdom
 - University of Essex
 - Lancaster University
 - University College London
- Spain
 - i2CAT Foundation
 - University of the Basque Country, Bilbao
- Romania
 - Universitatea Politehnica Bucuresti
- Sweden
 - ACREO AB (Sweden)
 - Ericsson AB Sweden (Sweden)
- Hungary
 - Ericsson Magyarorszag Kommunikacios Rendszerek KFT
- Switzerland
 - Dreamlab Technologies
 - Eidgenossische Technische Hochschule Zurich
- Italy
 - Nextworks
 - Universita` di Pisa
- Belgium
 - Interdisciplinary Institute for Broadband Technology
 - Universite catholique de Louvain

Global Interest



11,129 visits came from 1,252 cities

Detail Level: [City](#) | [Country/Territory](#) | [Sub-Continent Region](#) | [Continent](#) | Dimension: [None](#)

Site Usage		Goal Set 1		Views					
Visits		Pages/Visit		Avg. Time on Site		% New Visits		Bounce Rate	
11,129		2.85		00:05:33		41.05%		49.09%	
% of Site Total: 100.00%		Site Avg: 2.85 (0.00%)		Site Avg: 00:05:33 (0.00%)		Site Avg: 40.89% (0.37%)		Site Avg: 49.09% (0.00%)	
	Detail Level: City	Visits ↓	Pages/Visit	Avg. Time on Site	% New Visits	Bounce Rate			
1.	Shibuya	530	2.85	00:02:47	36.79%	45.00%			
2.	Hanoi	519	3.24	00:06:16	25.01%	46.85%			
3.	San Jose	381	3.01	00:03:36	39.63%	46.19%			
4.	Stanford	368	3.61	00:03:39	12.23%	41.85%			
5.	Tokyo	290	2.78	00:03:53	45.17%	56.00%			
6.	Atlanta	230	2.86	00:05:26	18.79%	43.04%			
7.	San-On'Ung	226	3.53	00:05:45	23.89%	31.85%			
8.	San Francisco	185	2.63	00:02:58	39.46%	52.43%			
9.	Mountain View	176	3.24	01:36:33	22.73%	49.43%			
10.	Bangalore	167	2.37	00:05:11	39.52%	47.90%			

Current Trials and Deployments

68 Trials/Deployments - 13 Countries



Current Trials and Deployments

USA-Academia

Stanford University, CA
University of Washington, WA
Rutgers University, NJ
Princeton University, NJ
Clemson University, SC
Georgia Tech, GA
University of Wisconsin at Madison, WI
Indiana University
ICSI Berkeley, CA
University of Massachusetts at Lowell
Clarkston University
Columbia University (course offered)
University of Kentucky
UC San Diego
UC Davis
iCAIR/Northwestern
Rice University
Purdue University
Northern Arizona University

USA-Industry

Internet2
Cisco
Juniper
HP
Ciena
Deutsche Telekom R&D Lab
Marvell
Broadcom
Google
Unnamed Data Center Company
Toroki
Nicira
Big switch networks
Orange Labs

USA-Government

BBN
Unnamed Federal Agency

Current Trials and Deployments

Brazil

University of Campinas
Federal University of Rio de Janeiro
Federal University of Amazonas
Foundation Center of R&D in Telecomm.

Canada

University of Toronto

Germany

T-Labs Berlin
Leibniz Universität Hannover

France

ENS Lyon/INRIA

India

VNIT
Mahindra Satyam

Italy

Politecnico di Torino

United Kingdom

University College London
Lancaster University
University of Essex

Taiwan

National Center for High-Performance Computing
Chunghwa Telecom Co

Japan

NEC
JGN Plus
NICT
University of Tokyo
Tokyo Institute of Technology
Kyushu Institute of Technology
NTT Network Innovation Laboratories
KDDI R&D Laboratories
Unnamed University

South Korea

KOREN
Seoul National University
Gwangju Institute of Science & Tech
Pohang University of Science & Tech
Korea Institute of Science & Tech
ETRI
Chungnam National University
Kyung Hee University

Spain

University of Granada

Switzerland

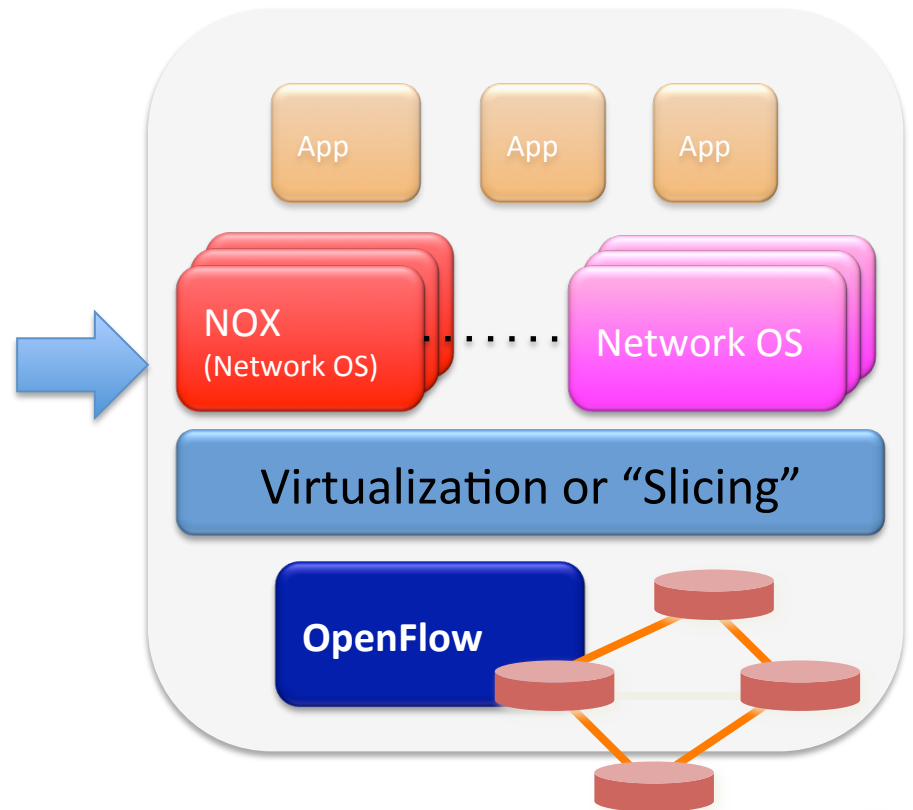
CERN

OpenFlow Concepts, Hardware and Software



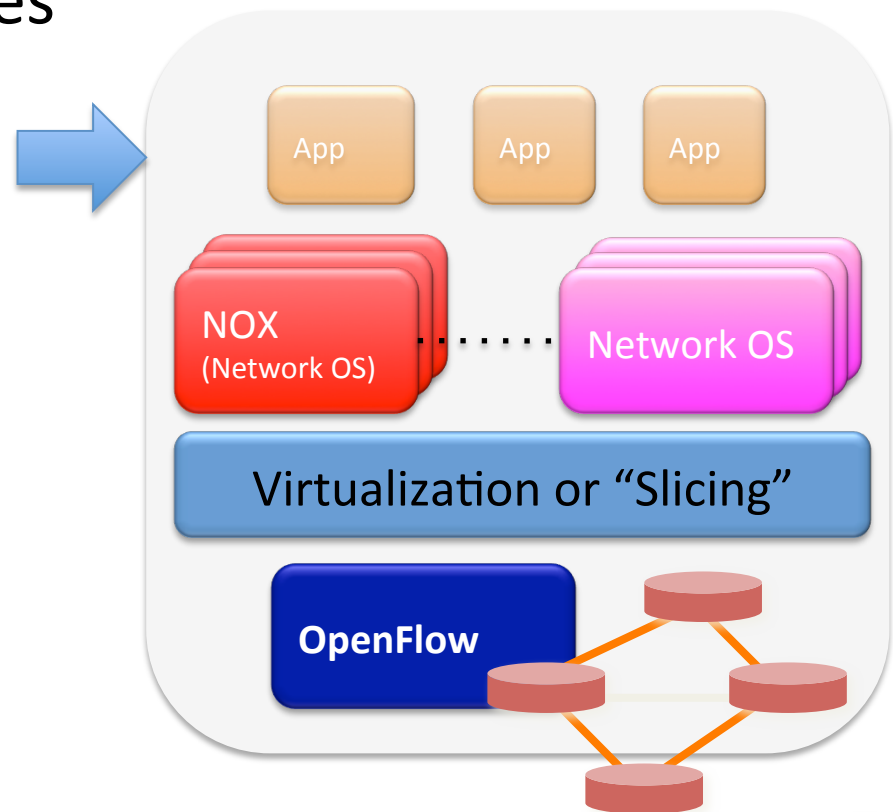
Controllers

- The Network “OS”
- Open Source
 - NOX
 - Beacon/Floodlight
- Commercial
- Watch for overload on the word “Controller”



Applications

- Use controller software to build applications
- Possible operational uses
 - Layer 2 provisioning
 - Layer 3 routing
 - Load Balancing
 - Distributed Firewall
 - Monitoring / IDS
- Research use



GENI Backbone Components

- Switches
- Flowvisor - Hypervisor
- Opt-In Manager – (Replacement by FOAM)
- Expedient
- User/Experimenter Applications



Flowvisor

- Sends traffic from the same switch(es) to multiple controllers
- Acts like a Hypervisor for network equipment
- Rule set similar to OpenFlow rules that send traffic to multiple controllers
- Most research shared infrastructure will use Flowvisor to have multiple controllers control the same switches



Fvctl

- Fvctl used to control flowvisor (over XMLRPC)
- Can create slice, direct traffic to “slices”, see
- Flowspace is the set of mapping rules
- Devices Identified by DPID

```
chsmall@flowvisor:~$ fvctl listDevices
```

```
Device 0: 0e:83:00:23:47:c8:bc:00
```

```
Device 1: 0e:83:00:26:f1:40:a8:00
```

```
chsmall@flowvisor:~$ fvctl listFlowSpace
```

```
rule 0:
```

```
FlowEntry[dpid=[all_dpids],ruleMatch=[OFMatch[]],actionsList=[Slice:meas_manager=4],id=[236],priority=[10],]
```

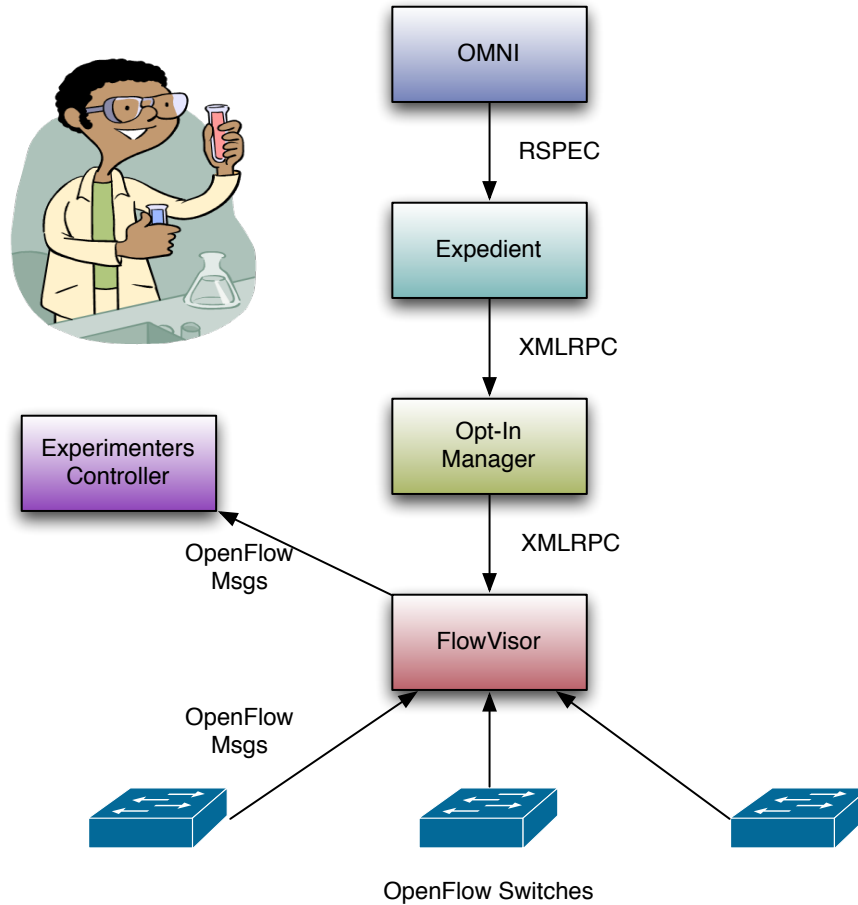


Expedient / Opt-In manager

- Software to tie campus OpenFlow deployments to GENI Infrastructure.
- Allows Aggregate Providers (Campus) to make a “sliver” of a switch available to researchers
- Integrates with Flowvisor XMLRPC interface and GENI AAA infrastructure
 - <http://www.openflowswitch.org/foswiki/bin/view/OpenFlow/Deployment/HOWTO/ProductionSetup/InstallingExpedientOIM>



Experiment Workflow



SNAC

- Simple Network Policy Controller
- Web-Based Policy manager
- IU production SNAC at snac-prod.grnoc.iu.edu
- Can provide distributed firewall services
- Some statistics collected



Overview

Network Overview

Switches

Hosts

Users

Locations

Groups

Network Events Log

Server Information

Uptime: 1 day 16 hours 52 minutes 53 seconds

CPU Load: 1%

Flows/sec: 7

Entity Counts (Active/Total/Unregistered)

Switches: 3 / 3 / 0

Locations: 18 / 18 / 0

Hosts: 17 / 22 / 4

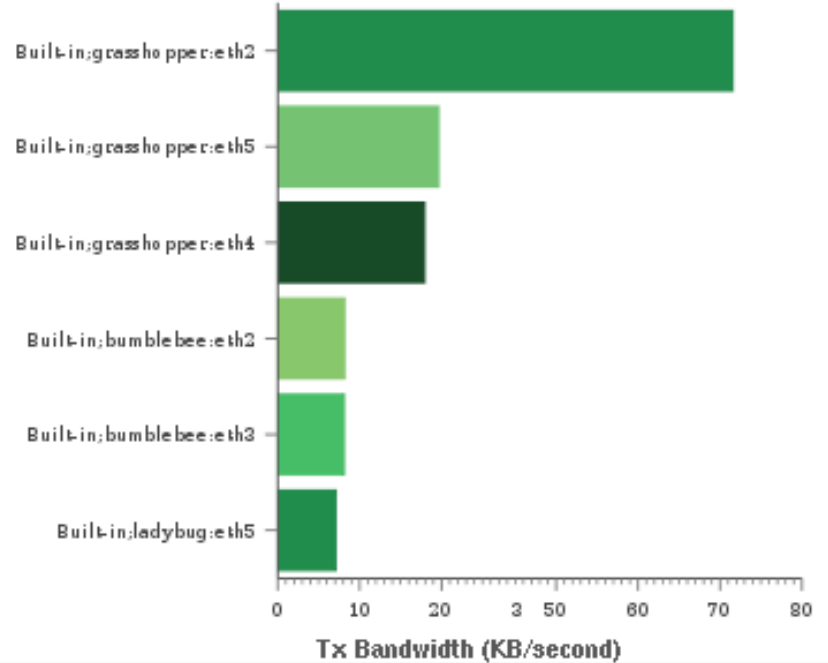
Users: 1 / 3 / 0

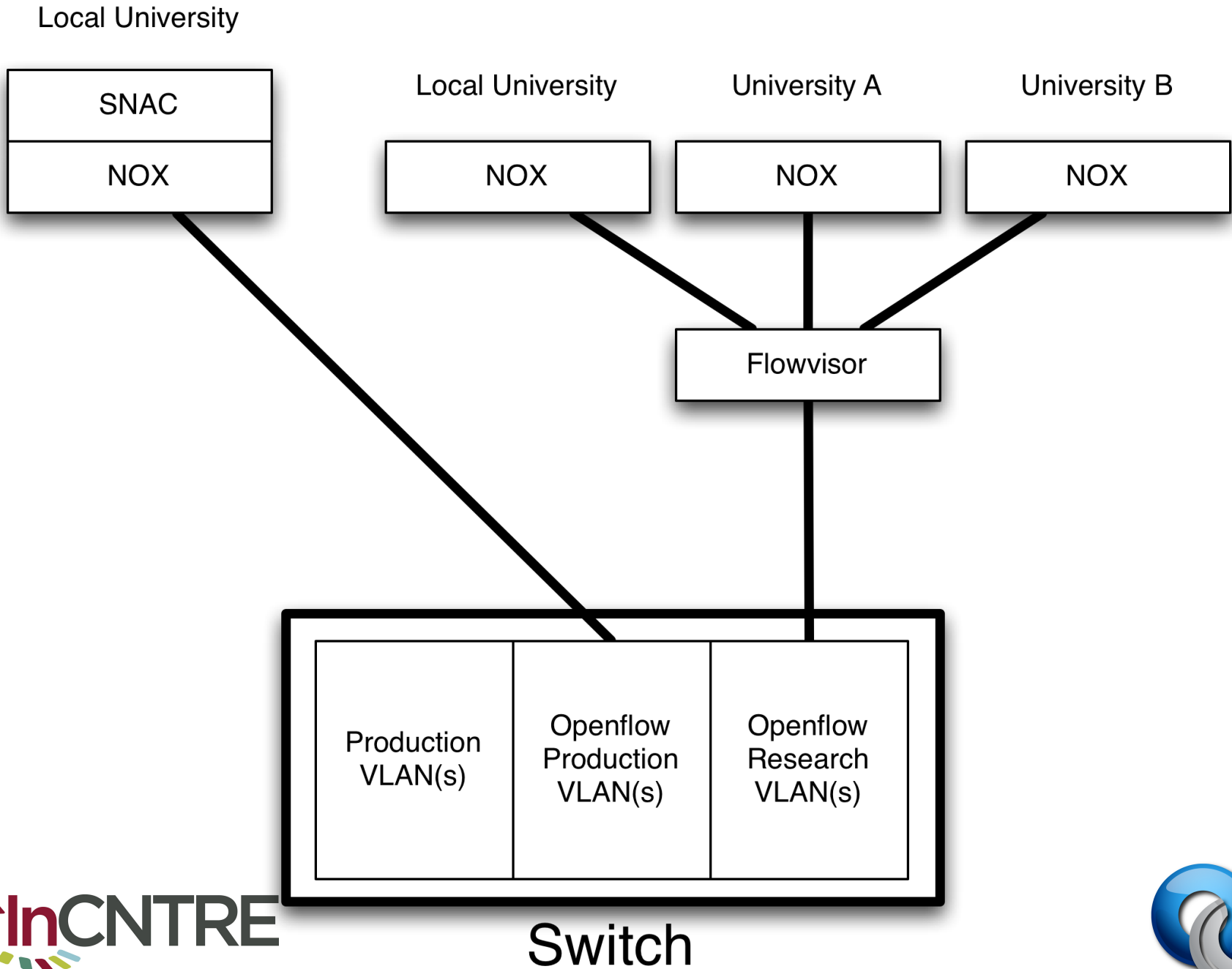
Policy Statistics

Total Drops: 47698

Total Rules: 15

Top 5 Switch Ports by Tx Bandwidth





OpenFlow Hardware



Juniper



NEC



HP



Quanta/Pronto



Cisco Nexus 3k



Extreme



IBM/Blade Networks



Netgear

Netronome
EZChip
Broadcom/Marvell ref. designs
Linux
OpenWRT
WiMax
More Coming Soon..

NetFPGA and Indigo

- NetFPGA
 - FPGA card to test protocols in hardware
 - 4 x 1G and 4 x 10G models
 - OpenFlow 1.0 implementation
 - Google used it for testing OpenFlow-MPLS code
 - http://www.nanog.org/meetings/nanog50/presentations/Monday/NANOG50.Talk17.swhyte_Opensource_LSR_Presentation.pdf
- Indigo
 - Userspace Firmware Reference Release
 - Support for Broadcom chips used in Pronto/Quanta



Switch Issues

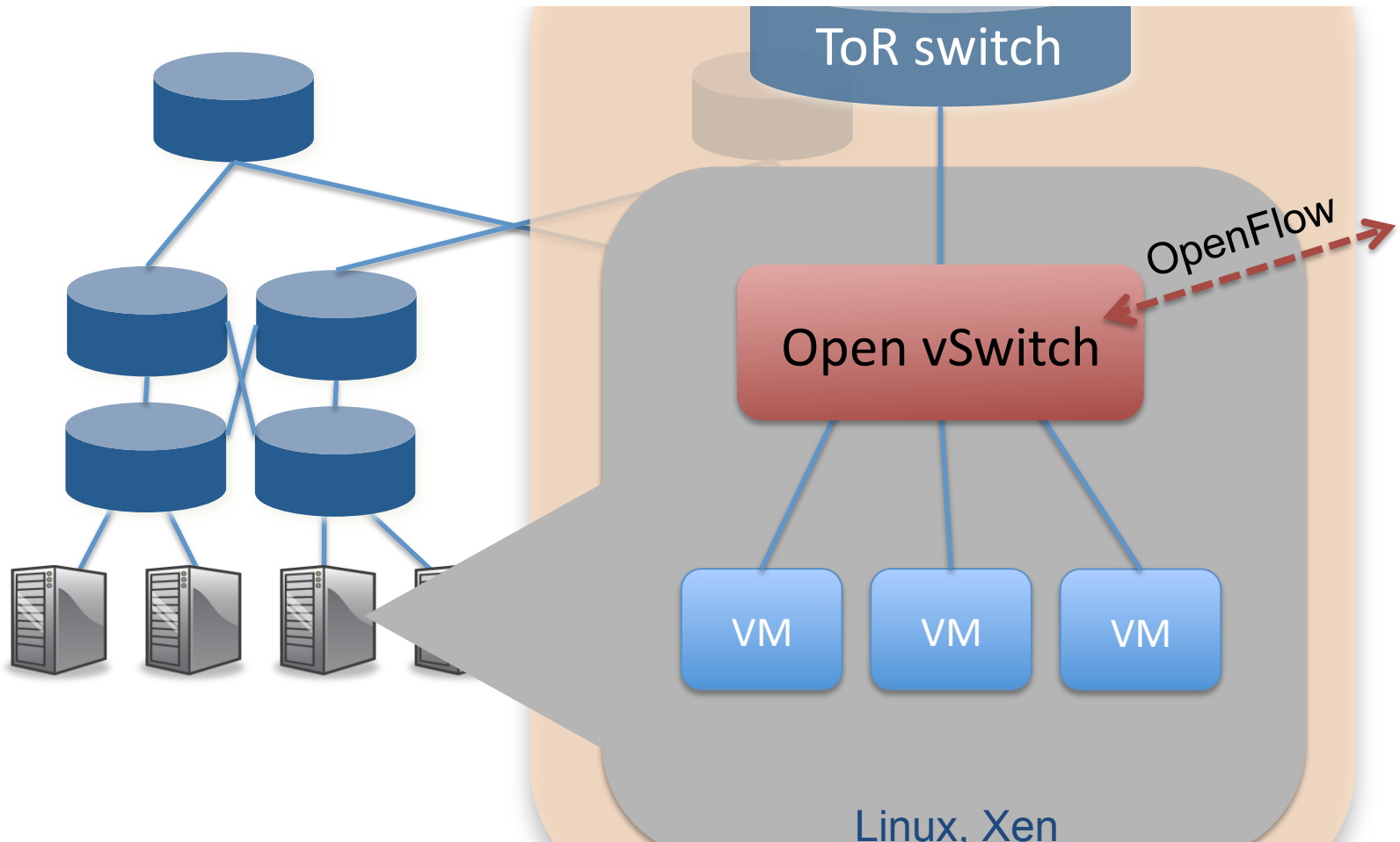
- Hw vs Sw rules
- Optional items in OF Spec
- Control Channel resource exhaustion
- CPU exhaustion and isolation
 - Preventing OF traffic affecting production vlans
- Security
- 48bit vs 64 bit DPIDs



OpenVSwitch

<http://openvswitch.org>

VM-aware virtual switch, run distributed over hardware;



OpenFlow Spec process

<http://openflow.org>

- V1.0: December 2009
- V1.1: November 2010
 - Open but ad-hoc process among 10-15 companies
- Future
 - Planning a more “standard” process from 2011



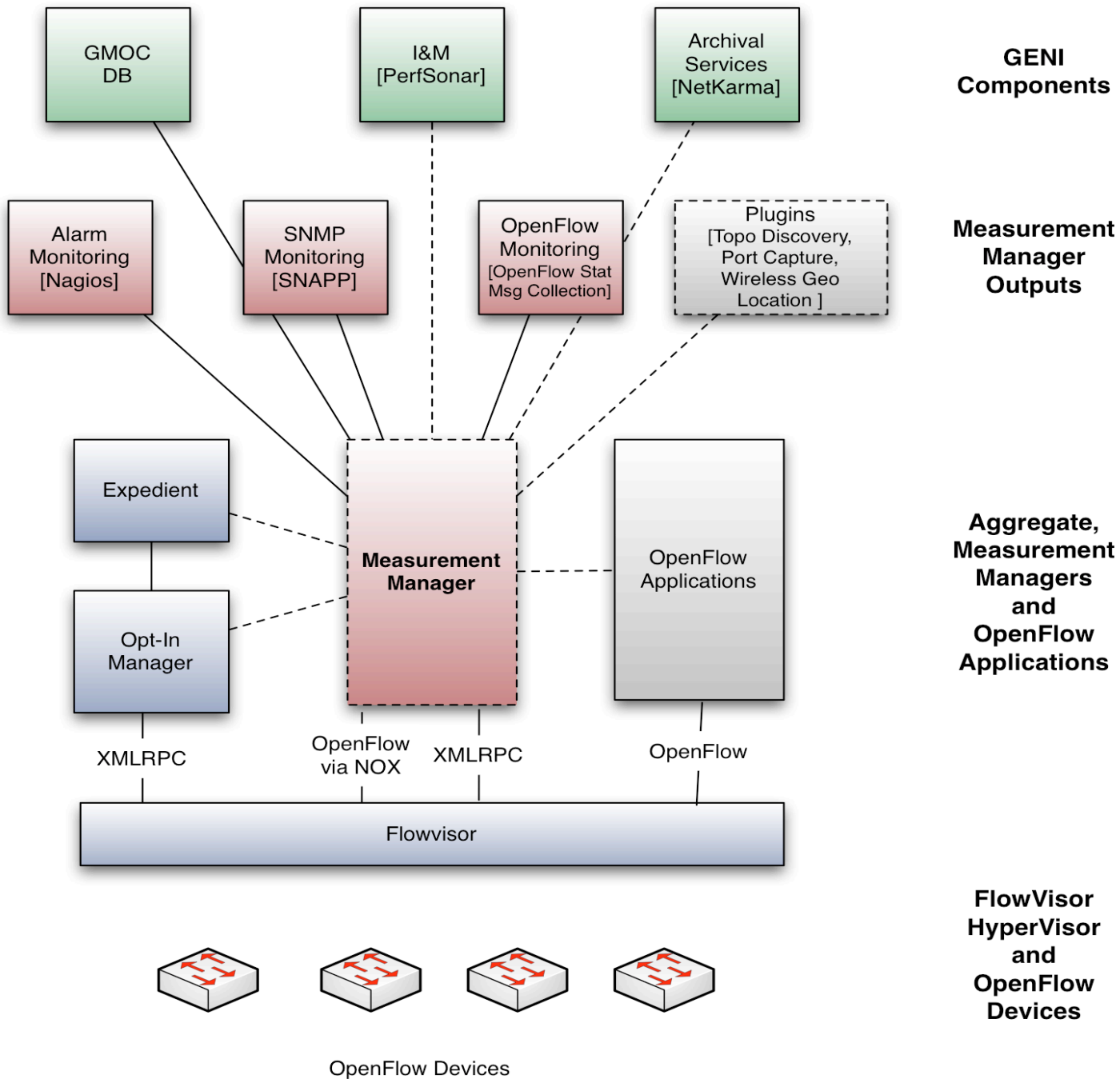
Measurement Manager



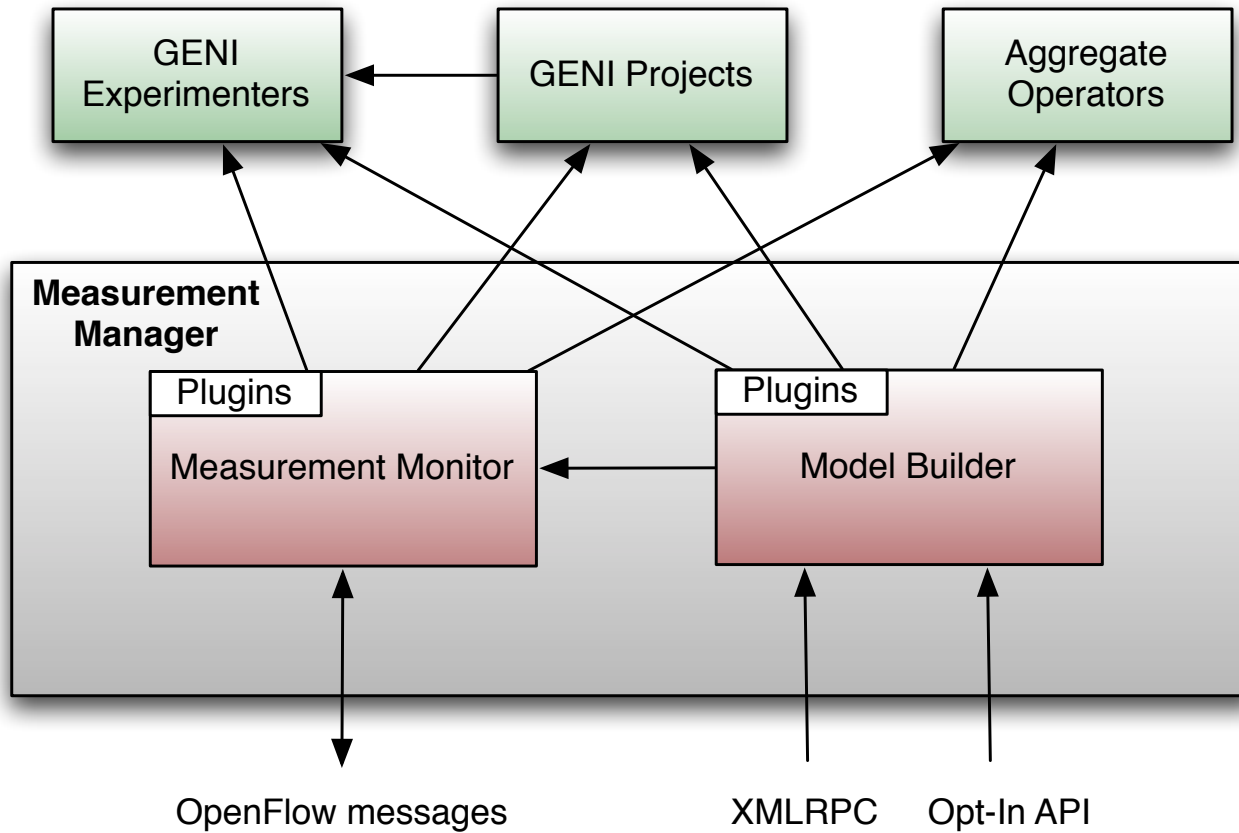
Measurement Manager

- Software built by IU for monitoring OpenFlow networks
- Ties into Flowvisor to get list of devices and topology (using LLDP)
- Acts as OF Controller to gather statistics
- Outputs Nagios, GMOC, SNAPP formats





Measurement Manager



What will we do with OpenFlow ?

- 1k-3k TCAM Entries in Typical Edge Switch
- Difficult to take advantage of:
 - Manual Config, SNMP Writes, RADIUS
 - Limited Actions (allow/deny)
 - Vendor Specific
- But what if you could program these through a standard API ?



Existing Uses of Openflow

- Flow based network provisioning
 - OS³E
- Load Balancing
 - FlowScale
- L3 Routing
 - RouteFlow
- Policy/ACL distribution
 - SNAC



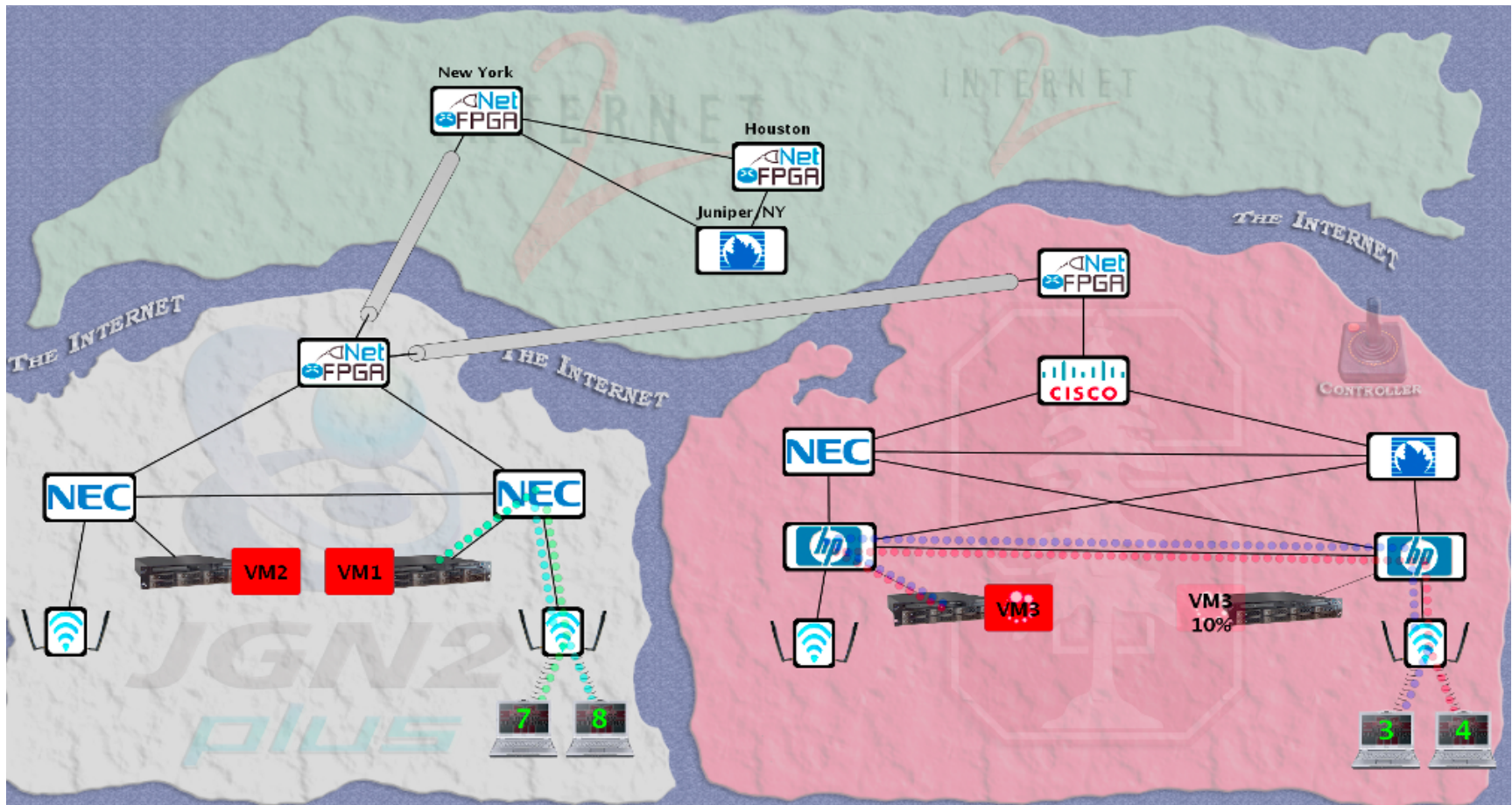
Uses of OpenFlow

- Security Applications
 - NAC – Georgia Tech
 - IDS/IPS
 - Remote Packet Capture & Injection
- VM Mobility
 - Redirect specific application traffic to remote site
 - Flow-based forwarding – no need to extend entire broadcast domain



Intercontinental VM Migration

Moved a VM from Stanford to Japan without changing its IP.
VM hosted a video game server with active network connections.



Possible Uses of Openflow (Quick Wins)

- Dynamic Circuit Provisioning
 - Don't need to extend layer-2 end-to-end
 - Simply direct specific flows down a engineered path with guaranteed priority
 - Don't have to rely on scripted SSH sessions, SNMP or other sub-optimal ways to programmatically configure switches/routers.



Possible Uses of Openflow (Grand Challenges)

- Distributed Control-Plane Architecture Requires a Lot of State to be Synchronized Across Many Devices
- Resources for OpenFlow
http://www.openflow.org/wk/index.php/OpenFlow_Tutorial Many Protocols Needed for Synchronization Internally to Networks (OSPF, RSVP, STP, etc)
- Can these “internal” protocols eventually be removed entirely with only BGP for inter-domain route advertisements ?



More Tools

- dpctl

- Can view/add flow rules on switch

- dpctl dump-flows tcp:127.0.0.1:6633

```
[flowvisor@ofc-vm2 chsmall]$ dpctl dump-flows tcp:156.56.5.43:6633
```

```
stats_reply (xid=0xc13a63bc): flags=[more] type=1(flow)
```

```
  cookie=0, duration_sec=0s, duration_nsec=113000000s, table_id=0,  
  priority=65535, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0,
```

```
  idle_timeout=15,hard_timeout=0,tcp,in_port=30,dl_vlan=0xffff,dl_vlan_pcp=  
  0x00,dl_src=00:1d:70:83:5b:40,dl_dst=00:0e:d6:2b:
```

```
  08:00,nw_src=156.56.193.180,nw_dst=67.164.35.76,nw_tos=0x00,tp_src=49  
  211,tp_dst=53981,actions=
```

Wireshark

- Wireshark with OpenFlow Plugin
 - Diagnose OF problems by looking at OF messages
 - More for Controller debugging but can also solve issues with Flowvisor
 - Can see the “insides” of OpenFlow messages to the controller

Additional Sources of Info

- Resources for OpenFlow
 - Openflow.org
 - GENI Wiki
 - Openflow section of WebGUI
 - OpenFlow Tutorial
 - http://www.openflow.org/wk/index.php/OpenFlow_Tutorial



How to get involved

- Experiment with Controllers
 - NOX: <http://noxrepo.org>
 - Beacon: <http://www.openflowhub.org/>
- Switches
 - Soft switches / Mininet
 - OpenFlow tutorial VM
 - Hardware switches you already may have

