

GENI Wireless Overview

GPO-WWG Meeting

July 2, 2007



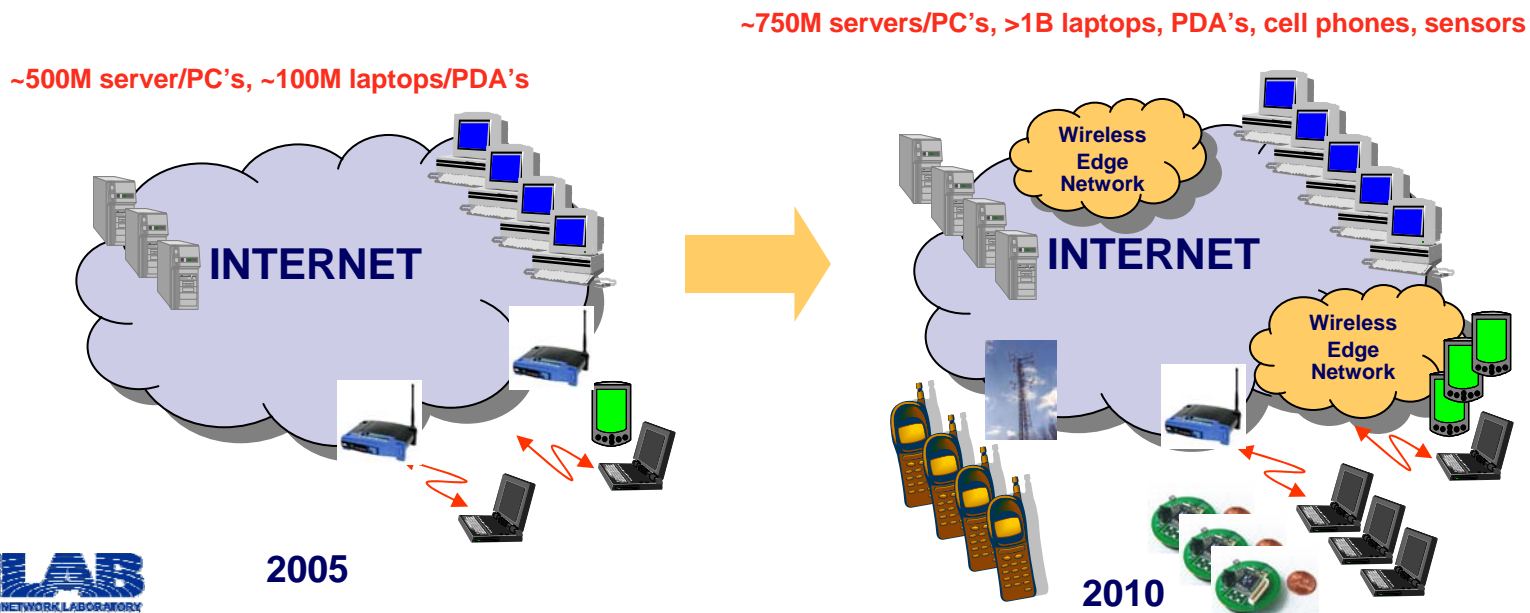
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Wireless Research Scope and Agenda

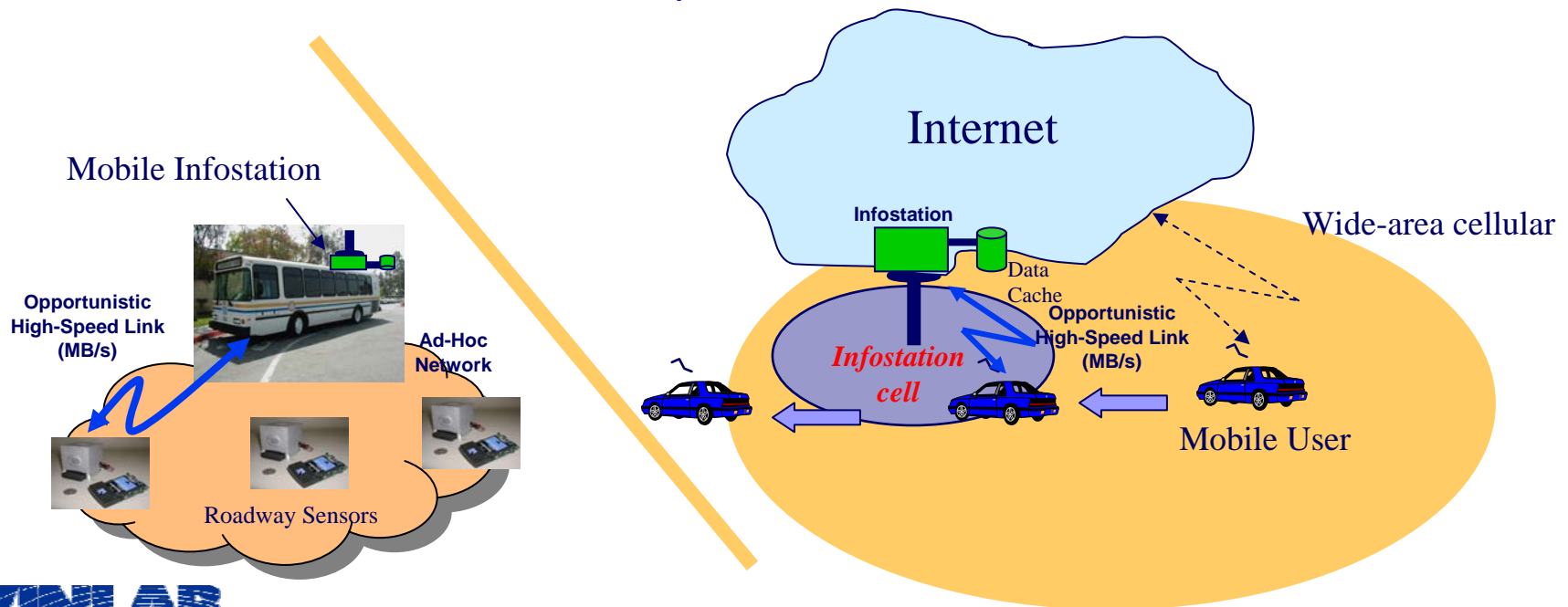
Introduction: Wireless as the key driver for the future Internet

- Historic shift from PC's to mobile computing and embedded devices...
 - >2B cell phones vs. 500M Internet-connected PC's in 2005
 - >400M cell phones with Internet capability, rising rapidly
 - New types of data devices (blackberry, PDA, iPod) – distinctions becoming blurry
 - Sensor deployment just starting, but some estimates ~5-10B units by 2015



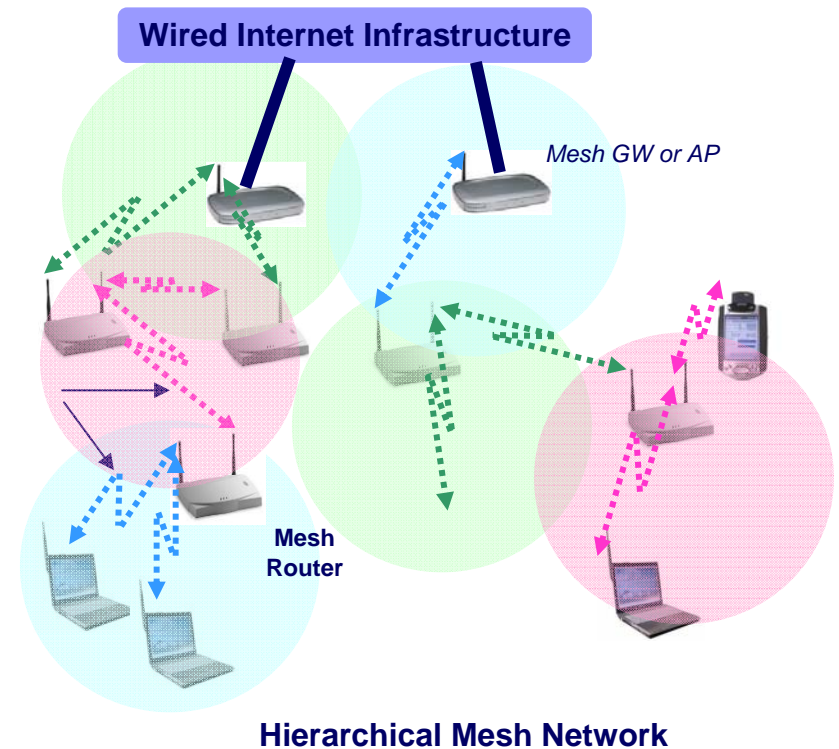
Wireless Scenarios: Mobile P2P

- P2P, DTN, Infostations etc. represent another emerging category of mobile applications on the Internet
 - Router mobility
 - Network may be disconnected at times ...delayed delivery
 - Caching and opportunistic data delivery In-network storage
 - Content- and location- aware protocols

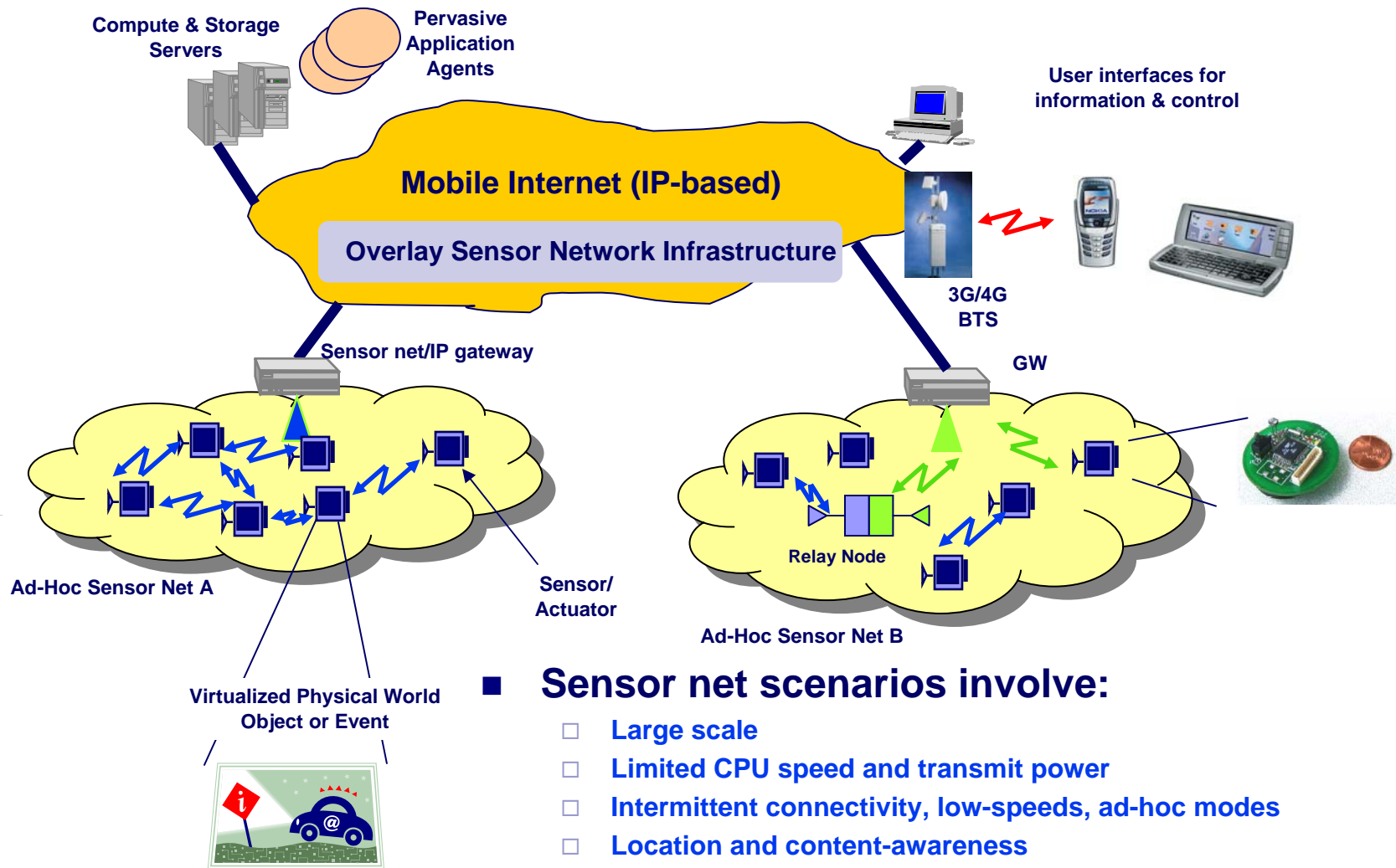


Wireless Scenarios: Ad-Hoc & Mesh Nets

- Multi-hop radio (ad hoc, mesh, vehicular, sensor) becoming increasingly important ...
 - Leverages Moore's law cost/performance of commodity radios such as 802.11
 - Involves new routing & discovery protocols
 - Interactions between lower layers (PHY, MAC) and routing in dense deployments
 - Problems with TCP end-to-end model due to changing BW and channel quality



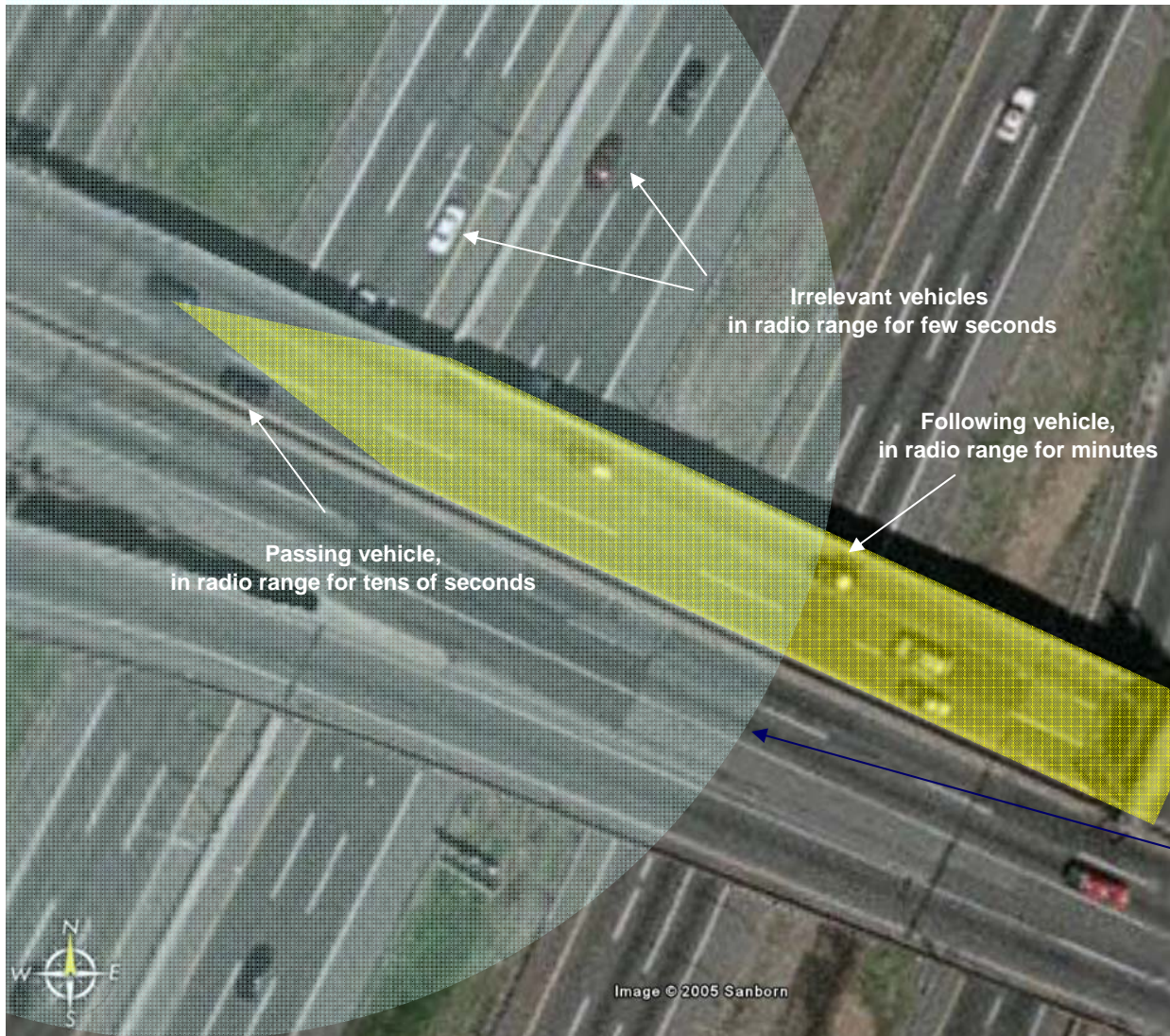
Wireless Scenarios: Sensor Nets and Pervasive Systems



■ Sensor net scenarios involve:

- Large scale
- Limited CPU speed and transmit power
- Intermittent connectivity, low-speeds, ad-hoc modes
- Location and content-awareness
- May involve closed loop control in real-time

Wireless Scenarios: Vehicular Networks



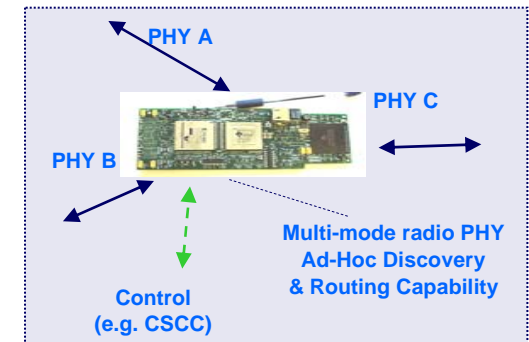
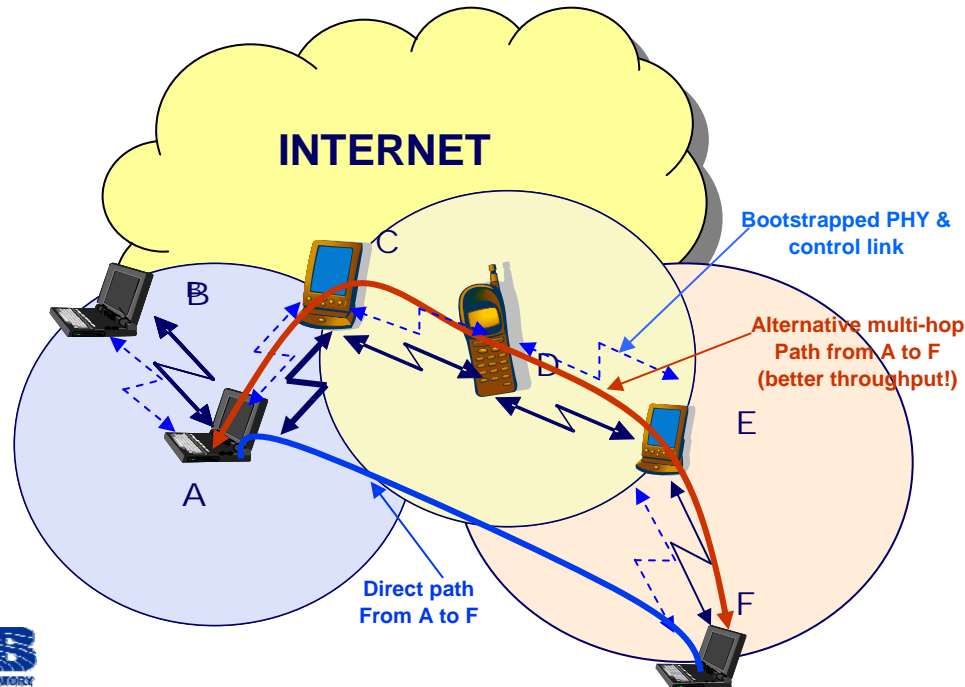
- Emerging vehicle safety, information and entertainment applications
- Networking requirements tend to be location-aware
 - e.g. geocast scenario shown
- Network mobility
- Potentially high density
- Ad hoc network formation and disconnections
- V2V and V2I modes

Desired message delivery zone

(Idealized) Broadcast range

Wireless Scenarios: Cognitive Radio

- Emerging cognitive radio technology makes it possible to adapt PHY and MAC in response to observed conditions
 - Spectrum sensing and dynamic coordination between devices
 - Possible to form “adaptive wireless networks” with multiple PHY/MAC in the same network – incentives for collaboration between radios?
 - New network control, bootstrapping and cross-layer routing issues

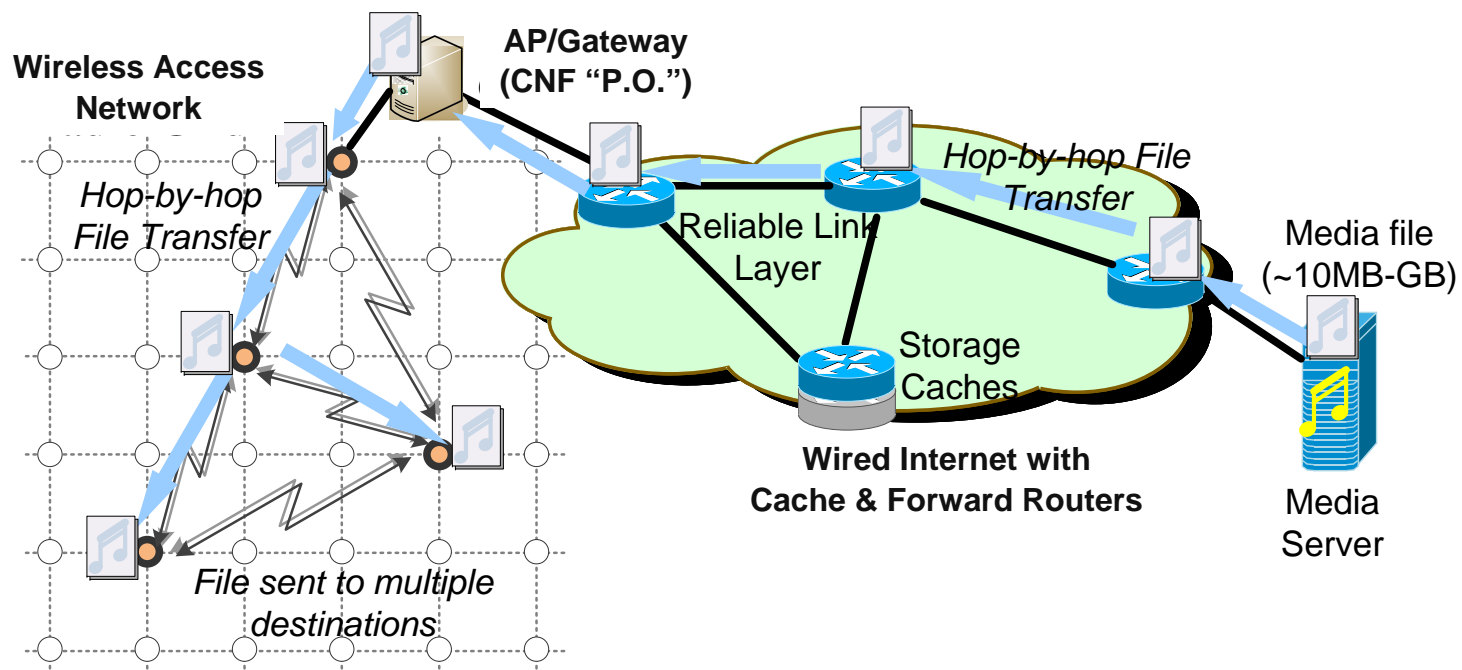




Sample Future Internet Research Projects

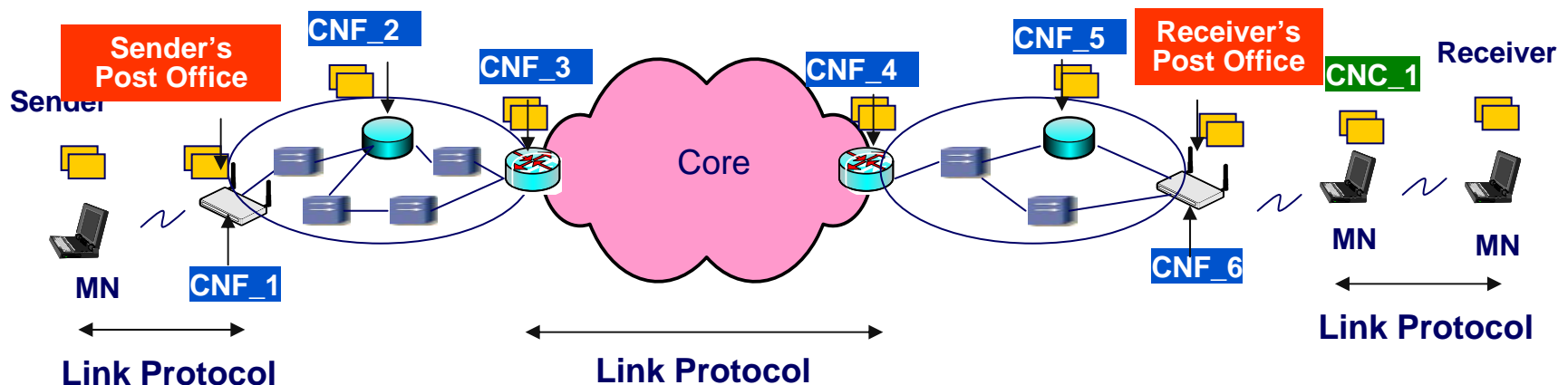
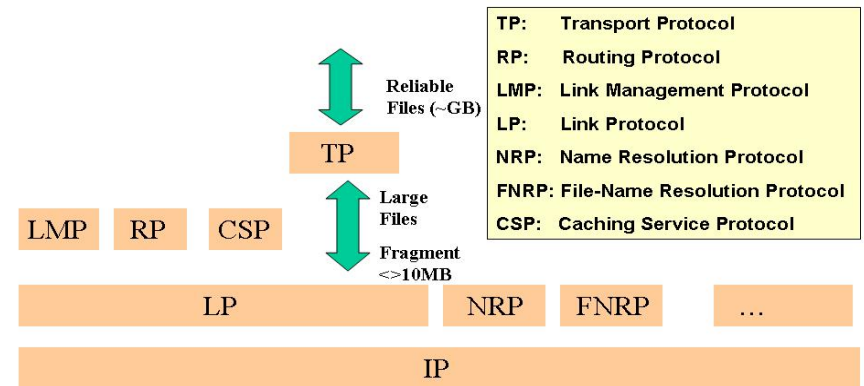
Future Internet Projects: Cache & Forward Architecture

- New NSF FIND “postcards from the edge” project involving Rutgers & UMass
- Architecture designed to support efficient delivery of content to mobile users
- Concept based on hop-by-hop transport, storage and caching in the network



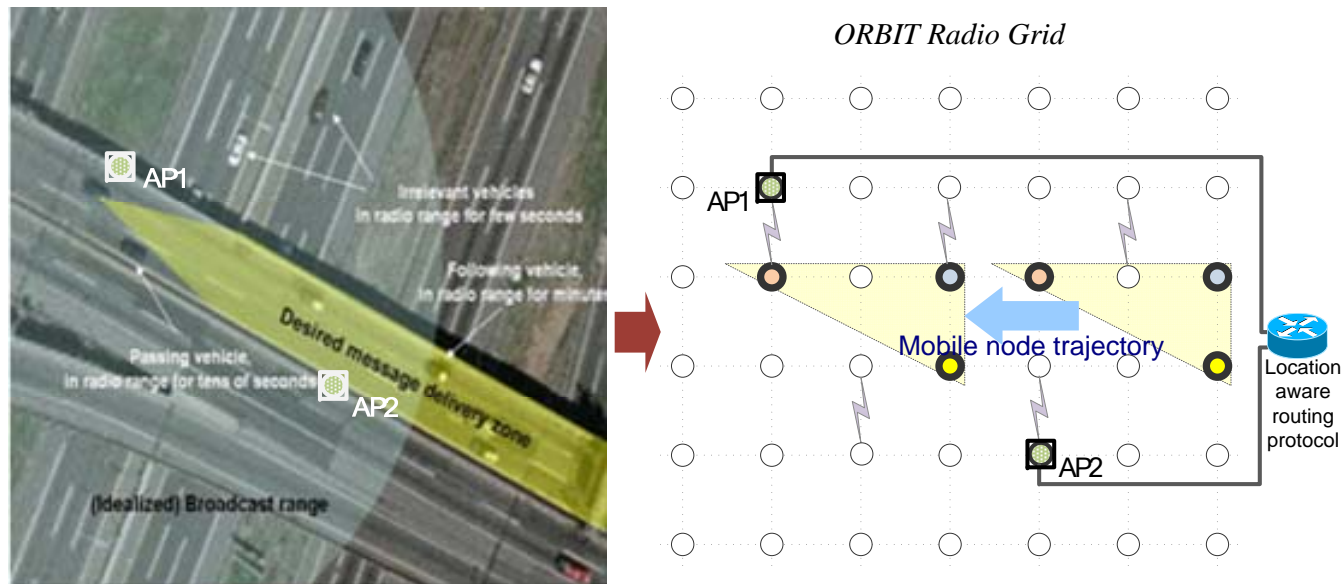
Future Internet Projects: CNF Architecture & Protocol

- Routing protocol with integrated support of address- and content-based modes of delivery (get “filename”, deliver “filename” to “address”, etc.)
- Support for in-network caching of content
- Multi-hop wireless access with disconnections and mobility at access edge (..”postbox” concept)



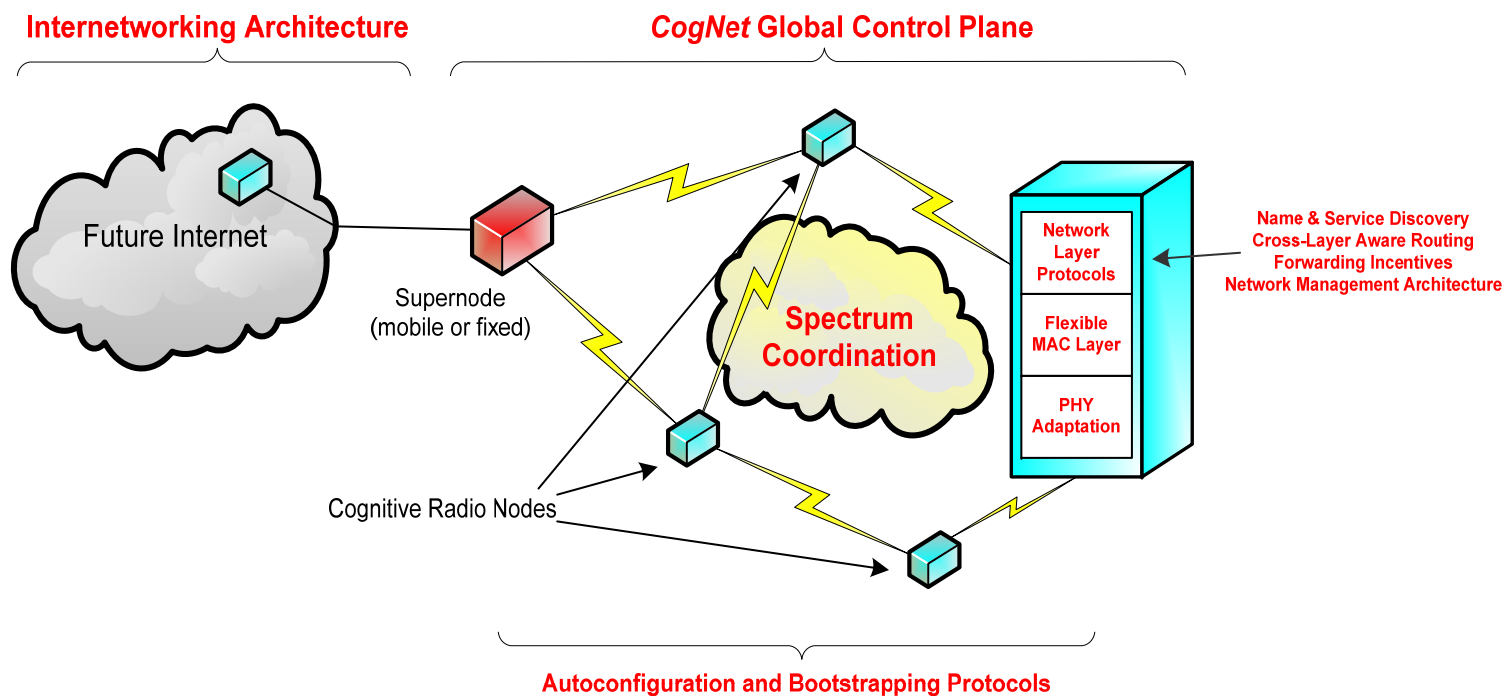
Future Internet Projects: Geometric Stack for Location Aware Networks

- Location-aware protocol architecture project funded under NSF FIND
- Intended to study future Internet architecture impact of location
- Evaluation of alternative methods, e.g. overlays vs. integrated layer 3, etc.



Future Internet Projects: “CogNet” Architecture

- New NSF project called “CogNet” aimed at development of prototype cognitive radio stack within GNU framework
- Joint effort between Rutgers, U Kansas, CMU and Blossom Inc.



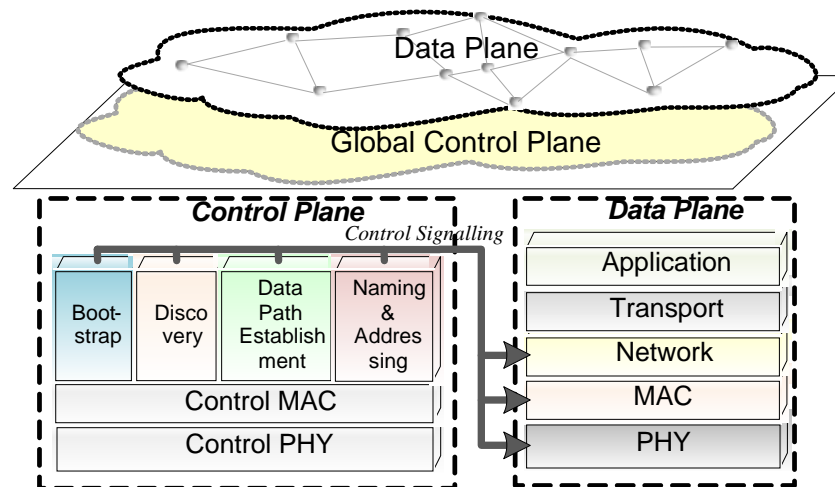
Future Internet Projects: “CogNet” Protocol Stack

■ Global Control Plane (GCP)

- Common framework for spectrum allocation, PHY/MAC bootstrap, topology discovery and cross-layer routing

■ Data plane

- Dynamically linked PHY, MAC, Network modules and parameters as specified by control plane protocol

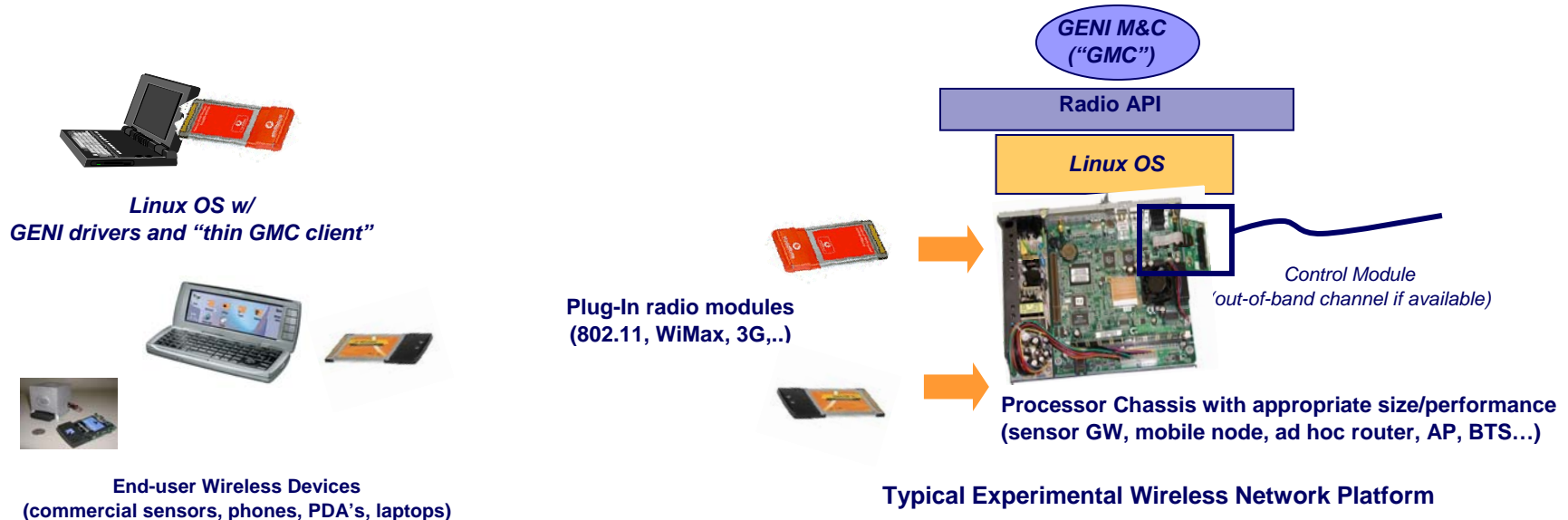




Wireless Platforms for GENI

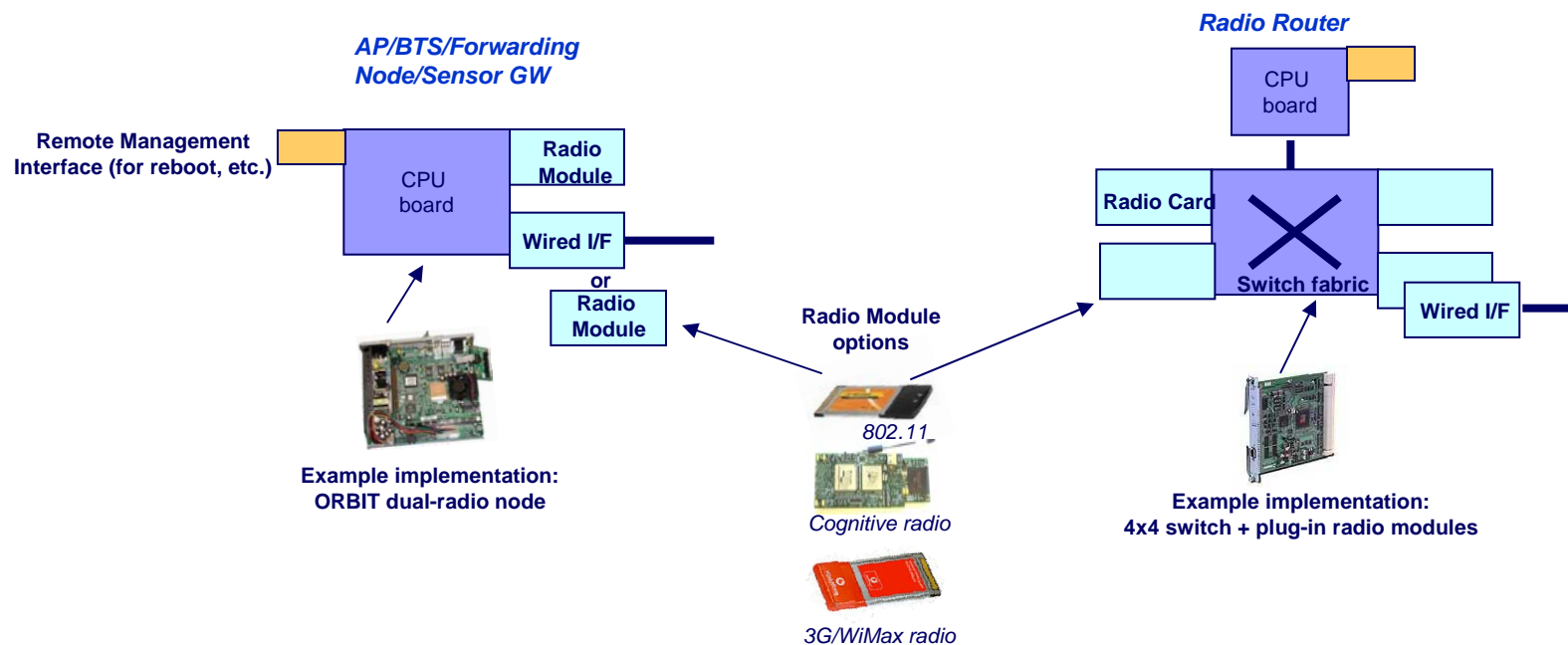
Experimental Platforms: Programmable Wireless Devices

- Single wireless GENI node architecture that covers different wireless network element needs:
 - Standard set of CPU platforms with different size/performance
 - Multiple radio cards as “plug-in” – easy to change radios, upgrade
 - Linux OS with appropriate “**open API**” drivers for each radio
 - External control module for remote management (reboot, etc.)
 - GMC control module interfaced to uniform radio API



Experimental Platforms: Open API Wireless AP's and Routers

- Typical wireless network elements in GENI
 - Programmable Access Points (AP), Base Stations (BTS), Forwarding Nodes & Sensor Gateways, typically with 2 wired or wireless ports
 - More general n -port multi-radio router platform with hardware support for routing/switching



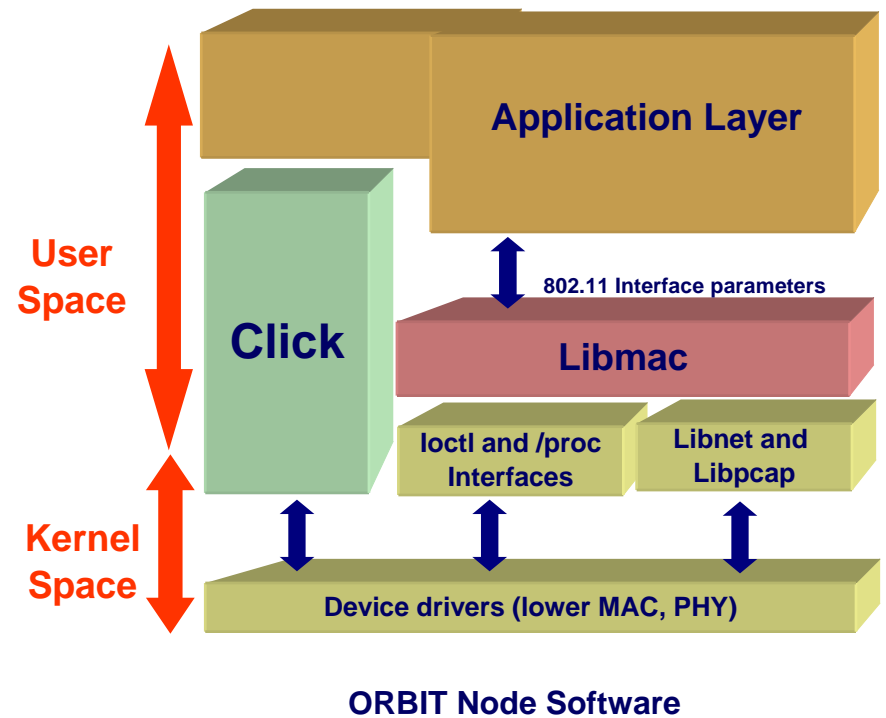
Experimental Platforms: Example of Open API Radio Node Implementation



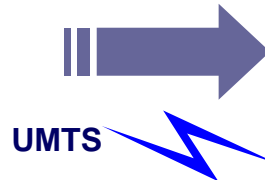
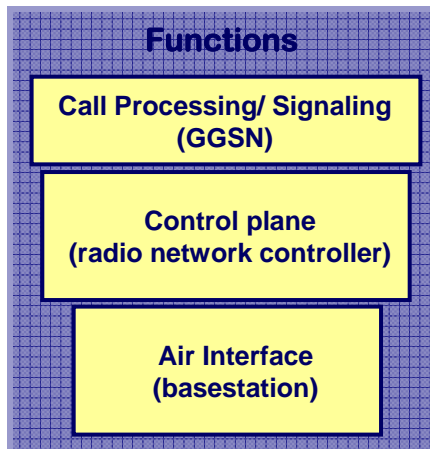
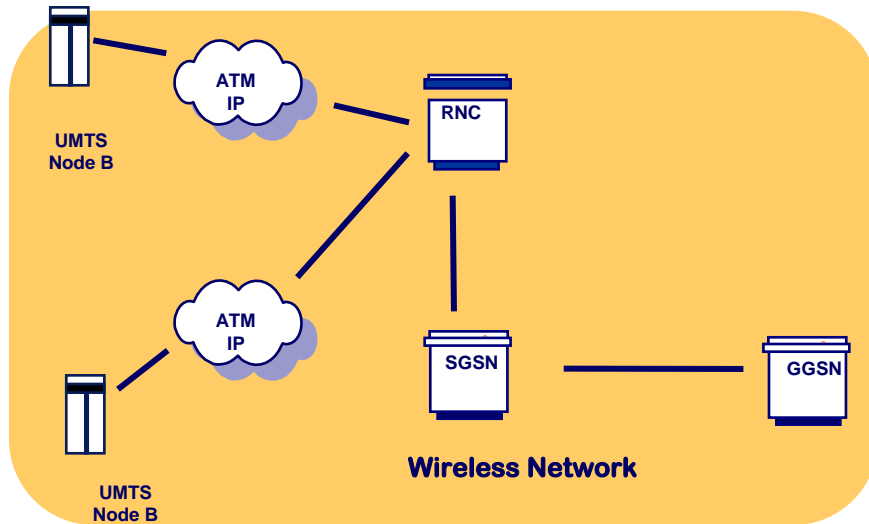
ORBIT Multi-Radio Node (v1.0)
with integrated Chassis Manager



COTS ORBIT Node (v2.0)
With GPS & GPRS control



Experimental Platforms: Example of Open API Base Station (UMTS, WiMax)



Lucent IP Base Station Router at WINLAB

- Open API BTS needed for wide-area mobile services
 - UMTS BSR prototype with IP interface available
 - Future work on WiMax BTS
 - Equipment vendor collaboration required for implementation

— IP

Experimental Platforms: Vehicular Nodes



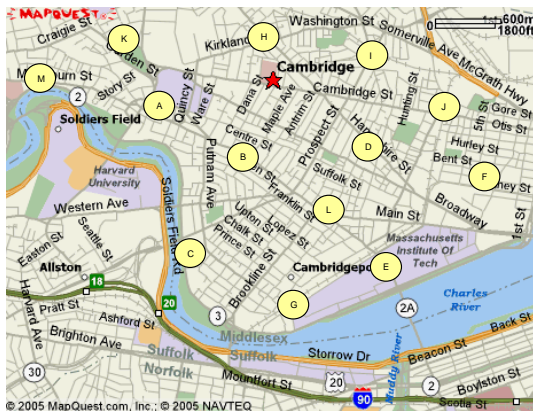
Example Vehicular Deployment (ORBIT outdoor)

- System leverages urban mesh infrastructure for Internet connectivity
- Campus/city-wide deployment (~100s mobile nodes)
 - private cars, taxi, campus shuttles, buses
- On board equipment:
 - Radios: conventional (WiFi, 802.11p, Bluetooth, WiMax); next generation (MIMO, cognitive radios, etc);
 - Sensors: GPS; video cameras; acoustic sensors; on board sensors..
 - Data server, harvester: classify and store events; P2P applications

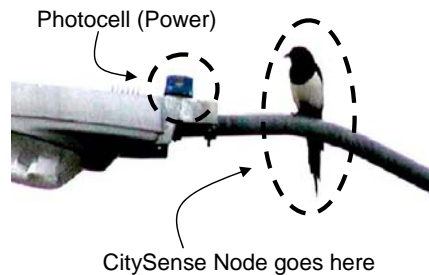
Experimental Platforms: Sensor Net Deployments

- Support urban-scale measurement and diverse applications
- Linux-based embedded PCs with 802.11a/b/g and 802.15.4
 - Mounted on top of light poles, buildings, etc.
 - Possible sensor types include meteorological, environmental, pollution, etc.
- Web-based interface for job scheduling, debugging, profiling
 - Open resource for the sensor network community

Harvard/BBN CitySense deployment plan



© 2005 MapQuest.com, Inc.; © 2005 NAVTEQ



Metrix embedded PC



Vaisala meteorological sensor

Courtesy: Matt Welsh, Harvard U

Experimental Platforms: Sensor Kits

- Support diverse set of applications
 - Capture applications not amenable to regional testbed
 - Enable many researchers to hook-in to GENI, sharing common design
- Several designs
 - Inexpensive, small 8-bit platform (e.g., running TinyOS)
 - More capable 32-bit platform (e.g., running linux)
 - Sensors include standard packs (for identified applications) and expansion boards
- Two distribution models
 - Some distributed as part of GENI, will have strong requirements on providing data and integrating with testbeds
 - Designs made publicly available; suitable for researcher purchase
- Standard software to interface to GENI
 - Allow nodes to be reused by external researchers when not used by application user
 - Sensornet data can flow over GENI backbone

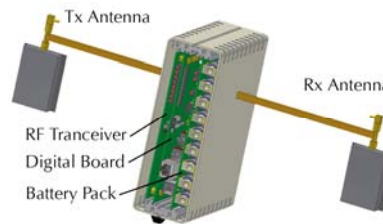


Experimental Platforms: Programmable and Cognitive Radios

- Various experimental programmable radio platforms under development for wireless network research...
 - WARP programmable radio, GNU radio, KU agile radio & near-future cognitive radios,
 - Key issue: open software API's and protocol stacks for full control of physical and link/MAC layers



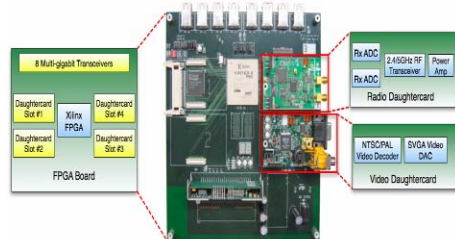
GNU USRP Software Radio



KU Agile Radio



WINLAB/Lucent Cognitive Radios



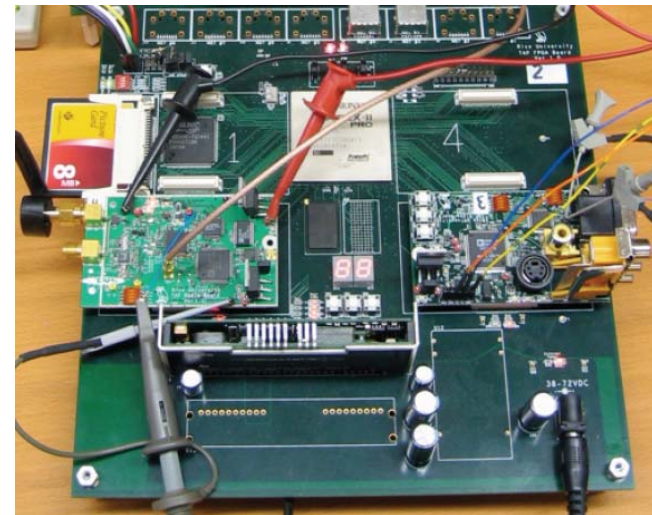
Rice "WARP" board



Experimental Platforms: Experience with Programmable Radios

- **Transit Access Points (TAPs)** – 2003-2007 project focusing on high-performance multi-hop wireless
 - MIMO PHY in HDL
 - MAC and higher layers in C with HDL optimization as needed
 - Broad class of protocols encompassing 802.11s (mesh) and 802.16j (multi-hop mobile relay)

- **Wireless Open Access Research Platform (WARP)** – 2006-2008 project to develop platform as a shared community resource
 - Hardware
 - Source code for network protocols
 - HDL source for PHY



Courtesy: Ashu Sabharwal, Rice University

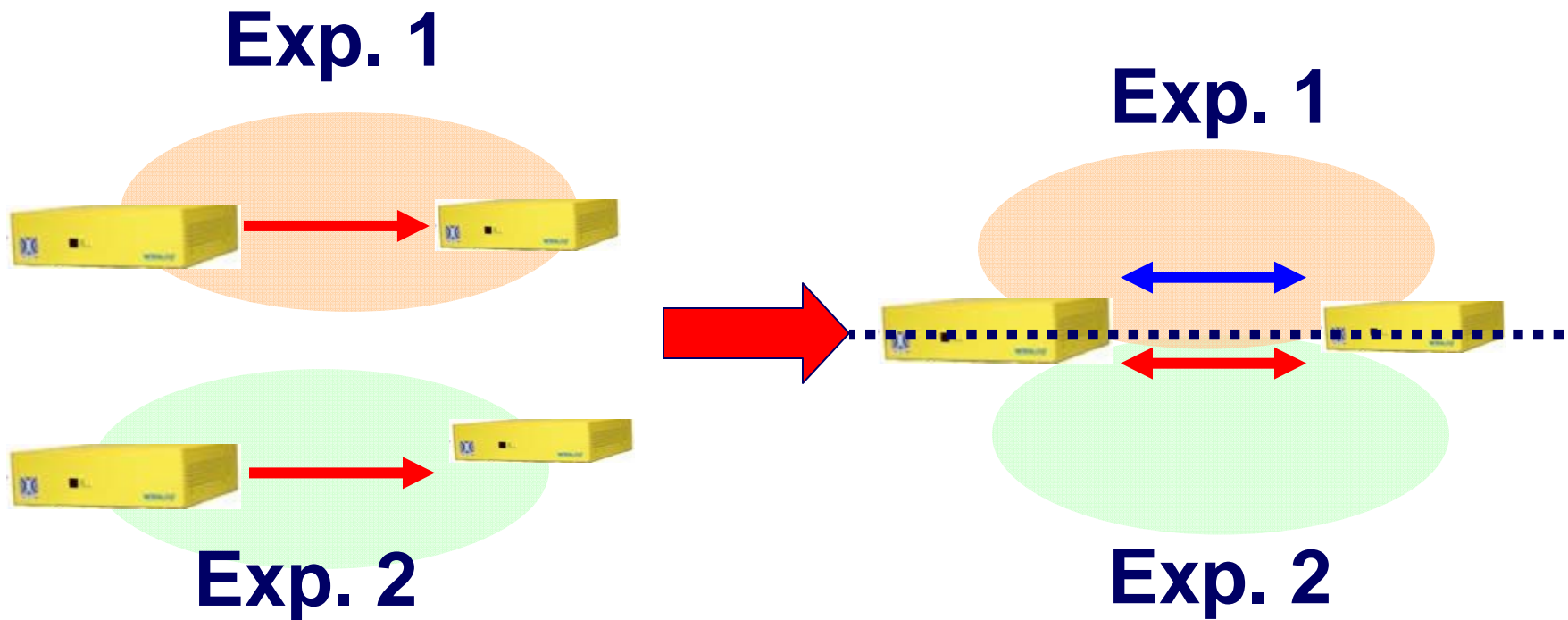


Key Technologies: Network Virtualization

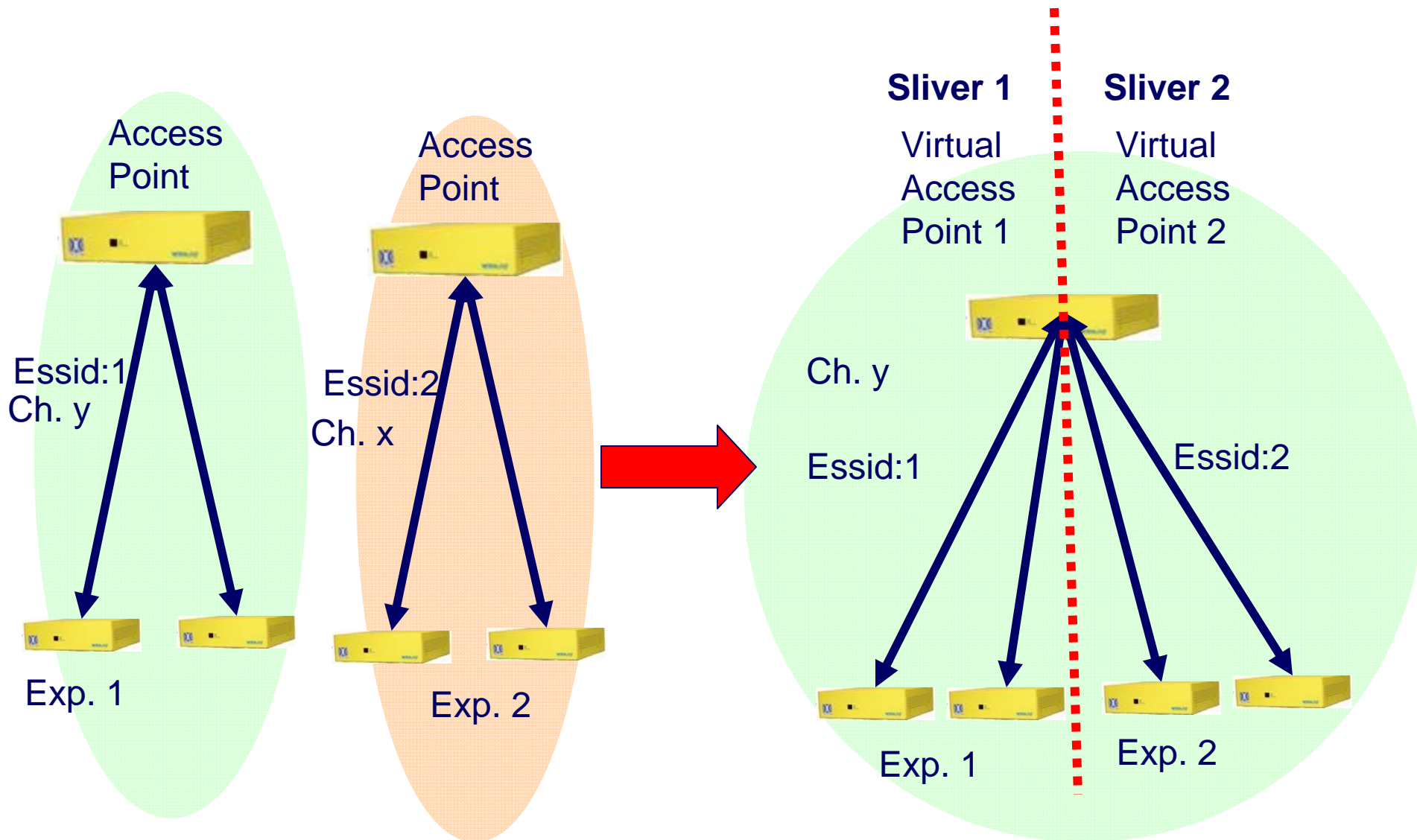
- Support concurrent experiments to increase capacity
- Support both short-term and **long-term service experiments**
- Virtualization in wireless networks complicated by PHY/MAC interactions between nodes
- Several techniques being investigated:
 - Virtual MAC (VMAC)
 - Space division
 - Frequency division
 - Time division

Wireless Network Virtualization: FDMA

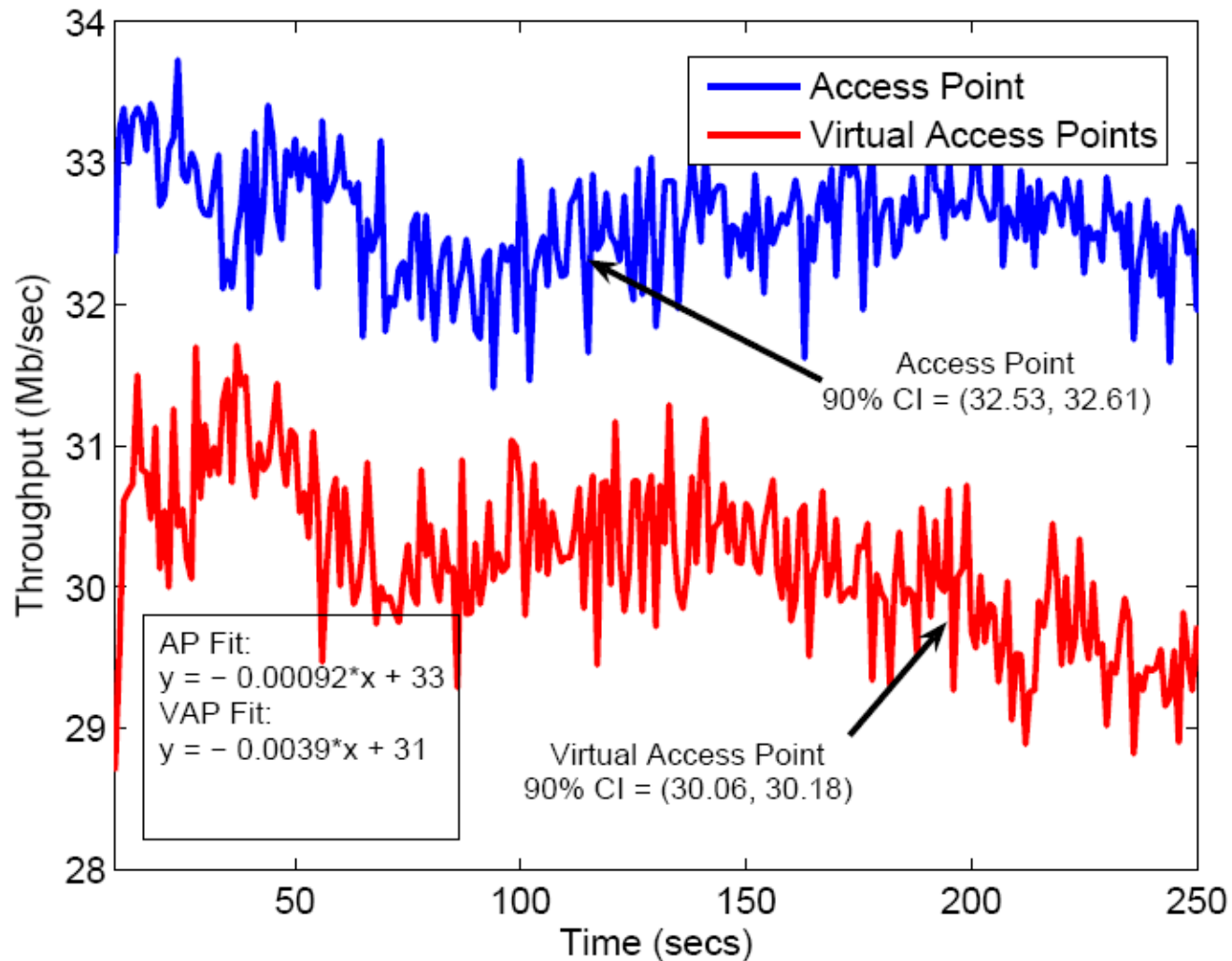
- Two concurrent experiments can coexist using the same hardware via multiple radio cards/frequencies



Wireless Network Virtualization: VMAC



Wireless Network Virtualization: VMAC Experimental Results



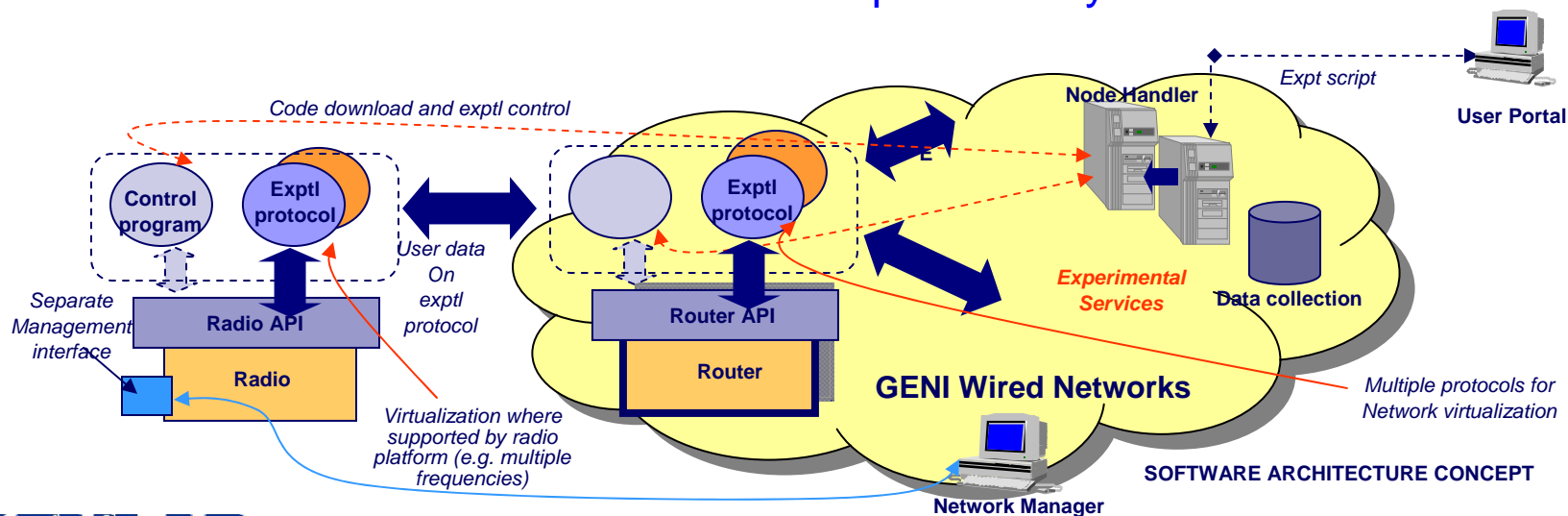


Key Technologies: Wireless Control & Management Requirements

- Specification of Experimental Scenario & Parameters (e.g. topology, bandwidth, mobility,...)
- Admission Control (allocation of slice resources)
- Service Level Agreement (SLA) for experimenter slice
- Network monitoring to ensure resource usage compliance
- Performance measurements at various protocol layers & time scales

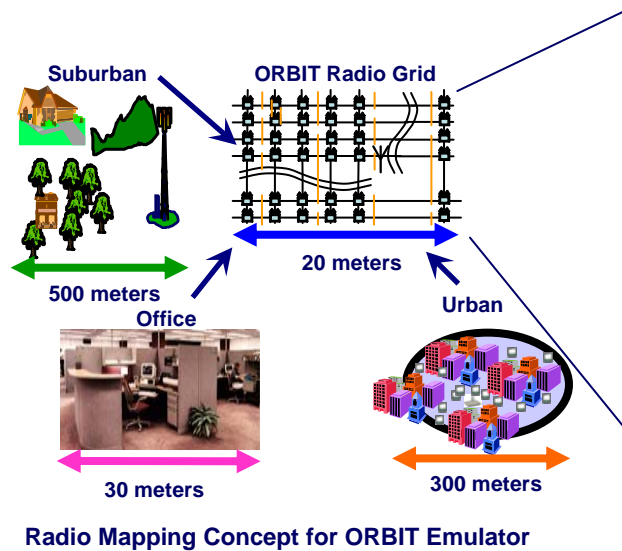
Key Technologies: Experiment Control Software

- Control & management software for large-scale experimental system deployment a key challenge
 - Interface to user for experiment definition and data collection
 - Scripting language etc. to support high-level programming abstractions
 - Automated downloading of experiment code
 - Topology and resource specification
 - Slice management across wired and wireless domains
 - Collection of measurements at various protocol layers



Key Technologies: ORBIT Radio Grid as an Example of Large-Scale Programmable Net

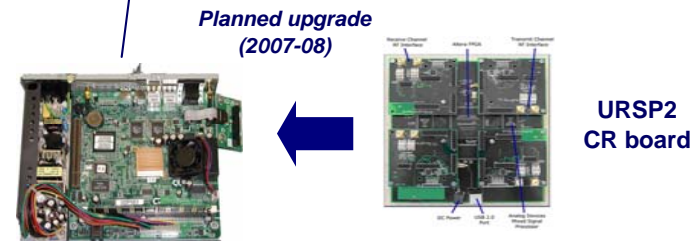
- ORBIT radio grid testbed currently supports networks with ~100's of radio nodes (both end-points and routers)
- Integration with wired network testbeds available (PlanetLab, VINI)
- GNU radio for programmable MAC/PHY beyond open API features



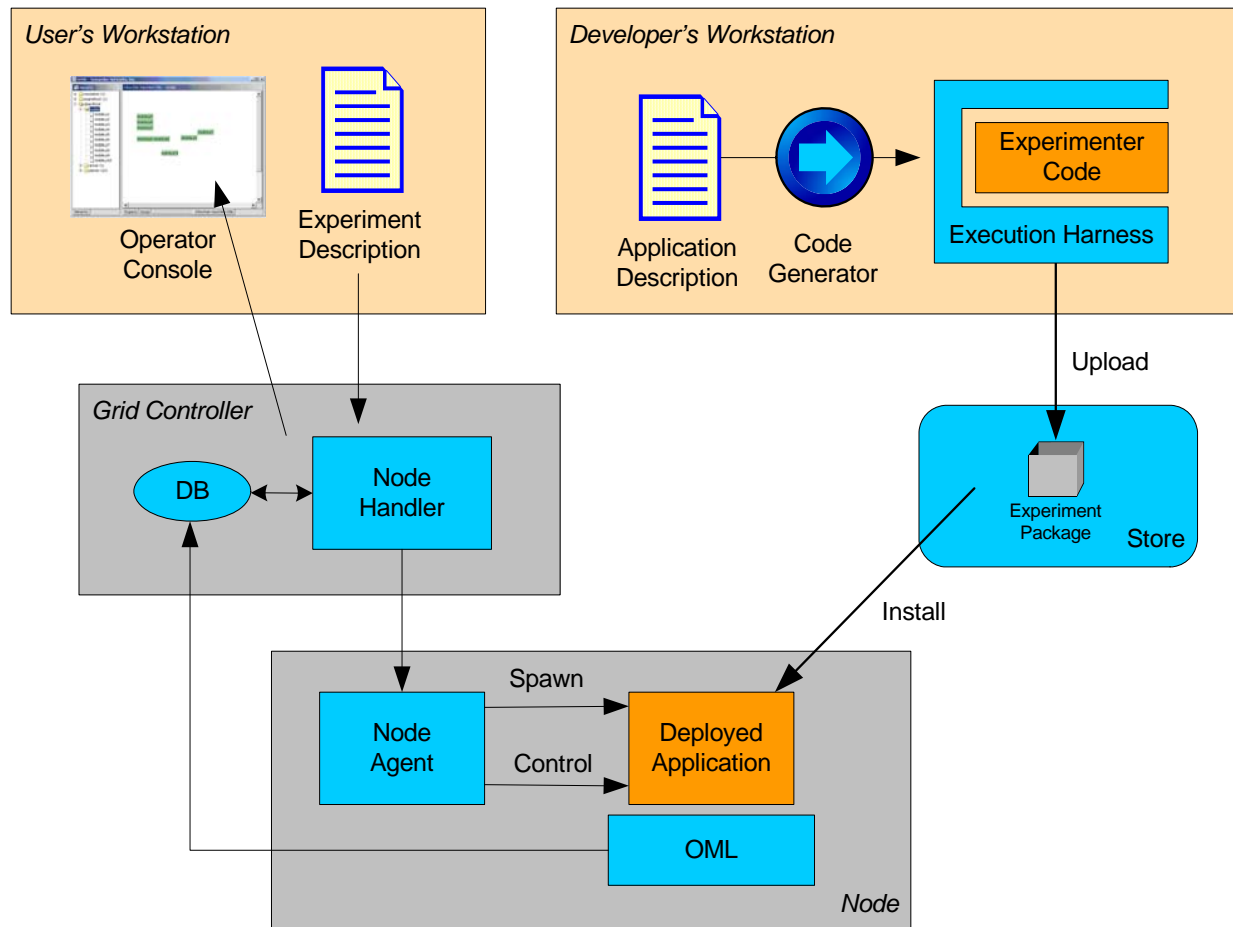
400-node Radio Grid Facility at WINLAB Tech Center



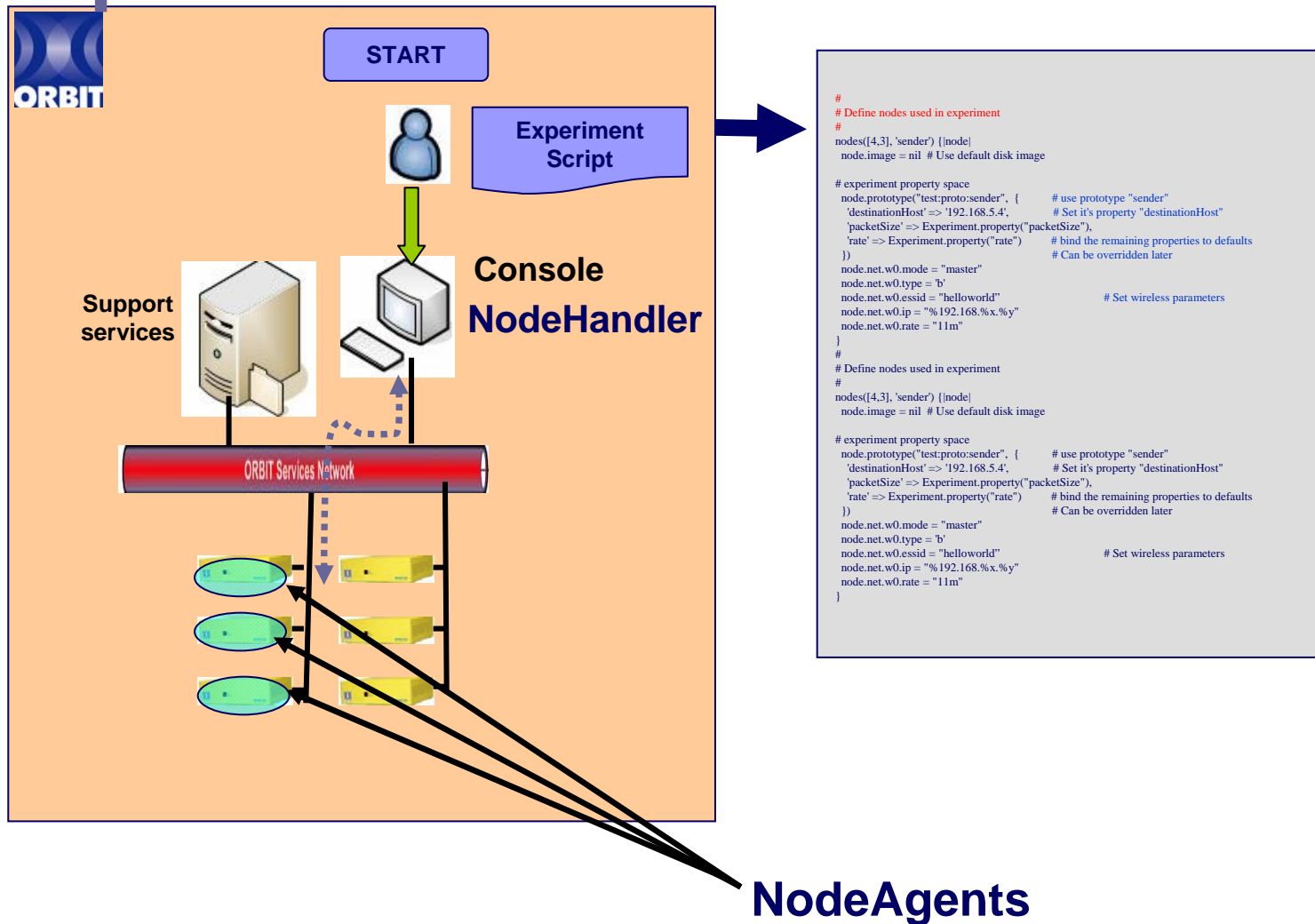
Current ORBIT sandbox with GNU radio



Key Technologies: ORBIT Software Components

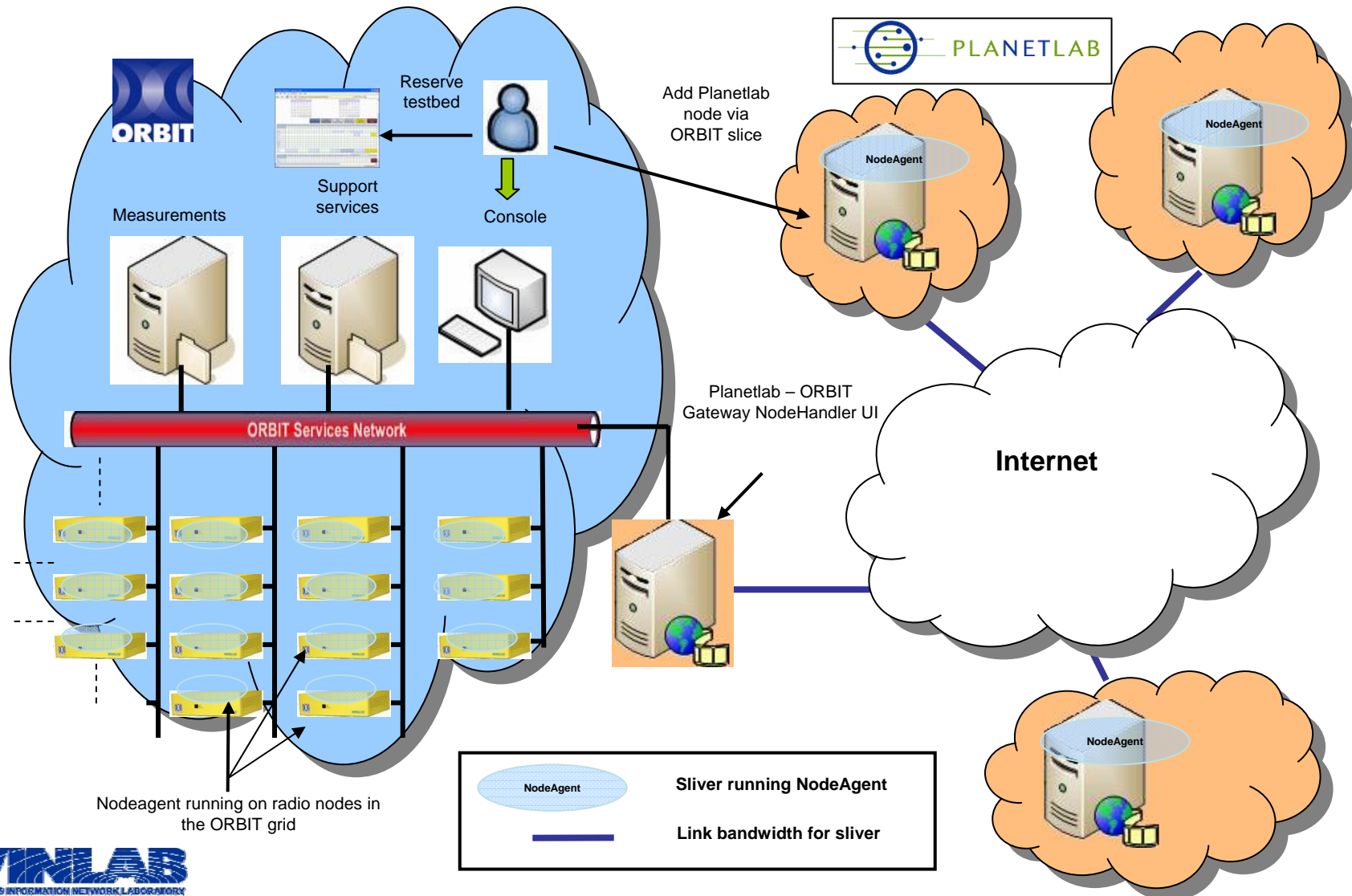


Key Technologies: ORBIT Execution Script

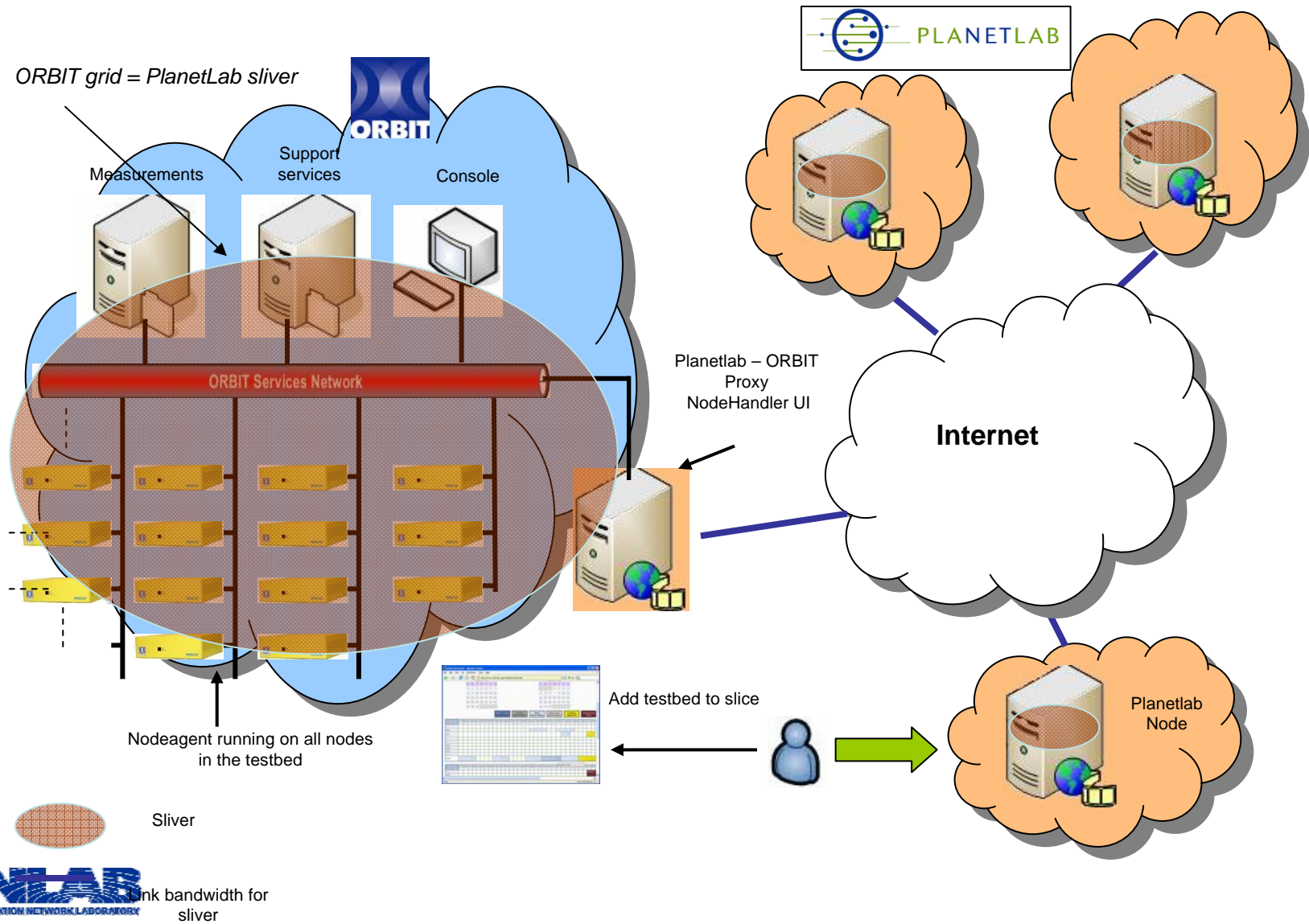


NodeAgents

Key Technologies: Integrating PlanetLab with Wireless Testbeds – PL slice for ORBIT users



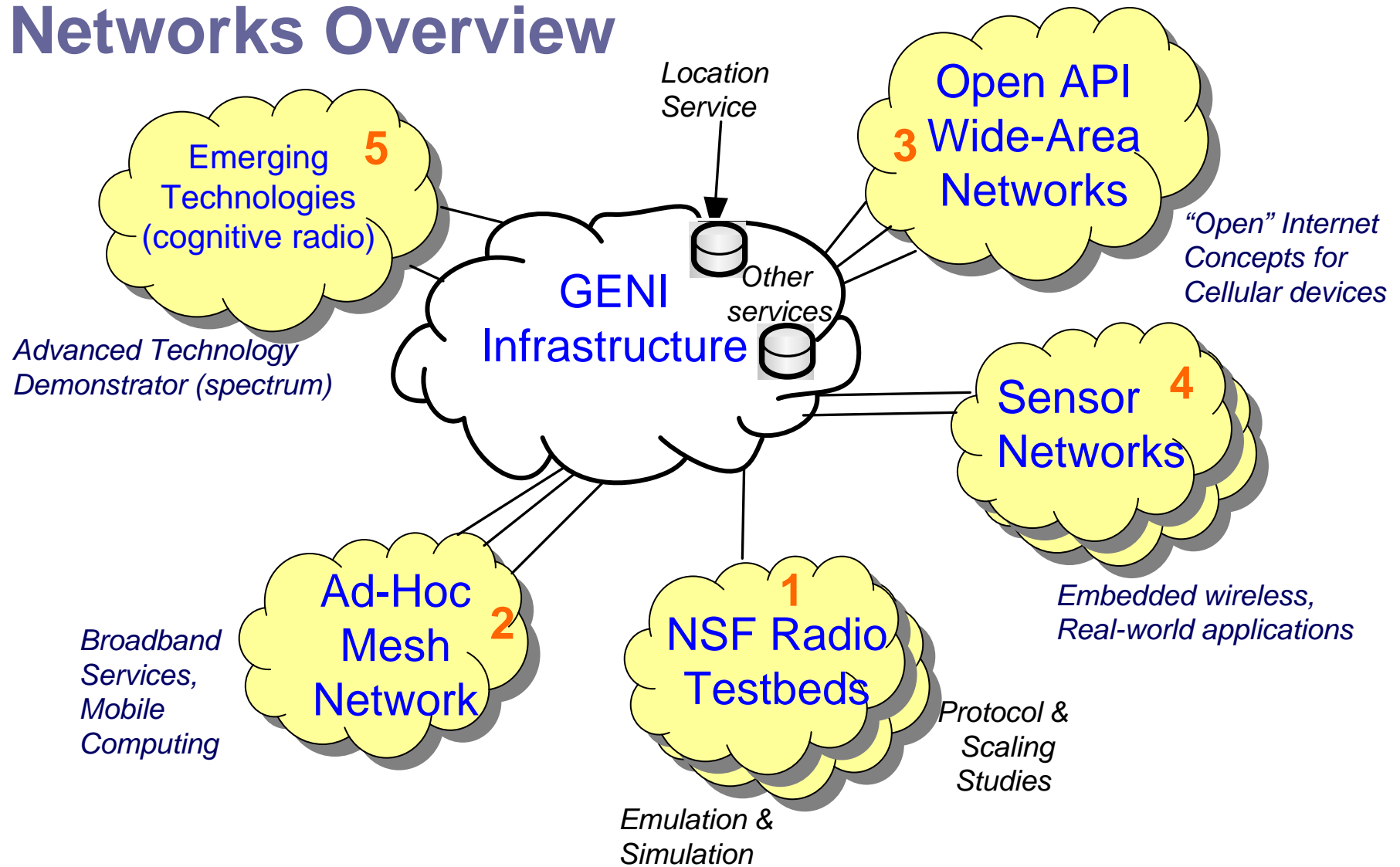
Key Technologies: Integrating PlanetLab with Wireless Testbeds – ORBIT Proxy for PL Users





GENI Implementation Plan for Wireless

GENI Implementation: Wireless Sub-Networks Overview

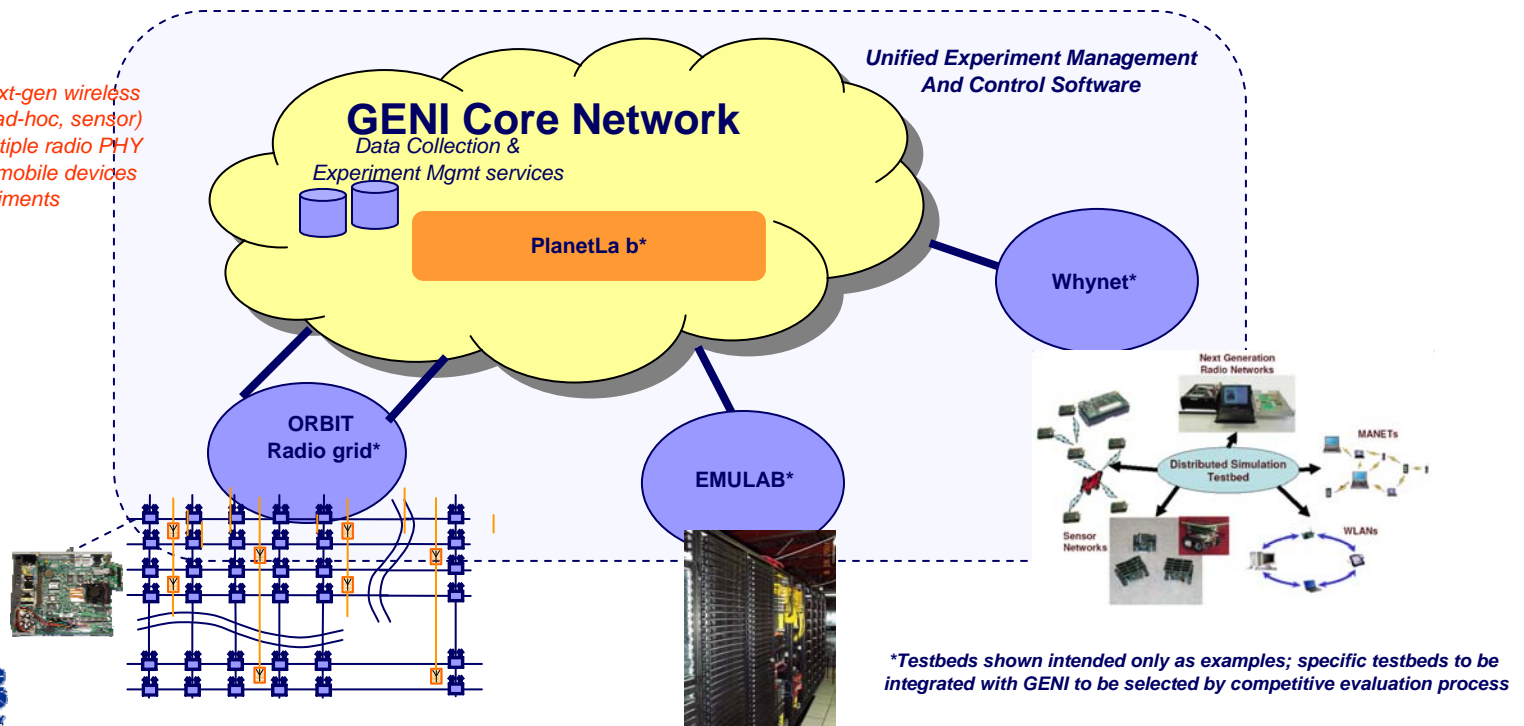


GENI Implementation: Wireless Emulators

- Large-scale emulators and simulators provide important protocol testing capabilities when connected to GENI
 - Enables end-to-end protocol tests with large numbers of nodes
 - Reproducible experiments with extensive data collection; virtualization per experiment

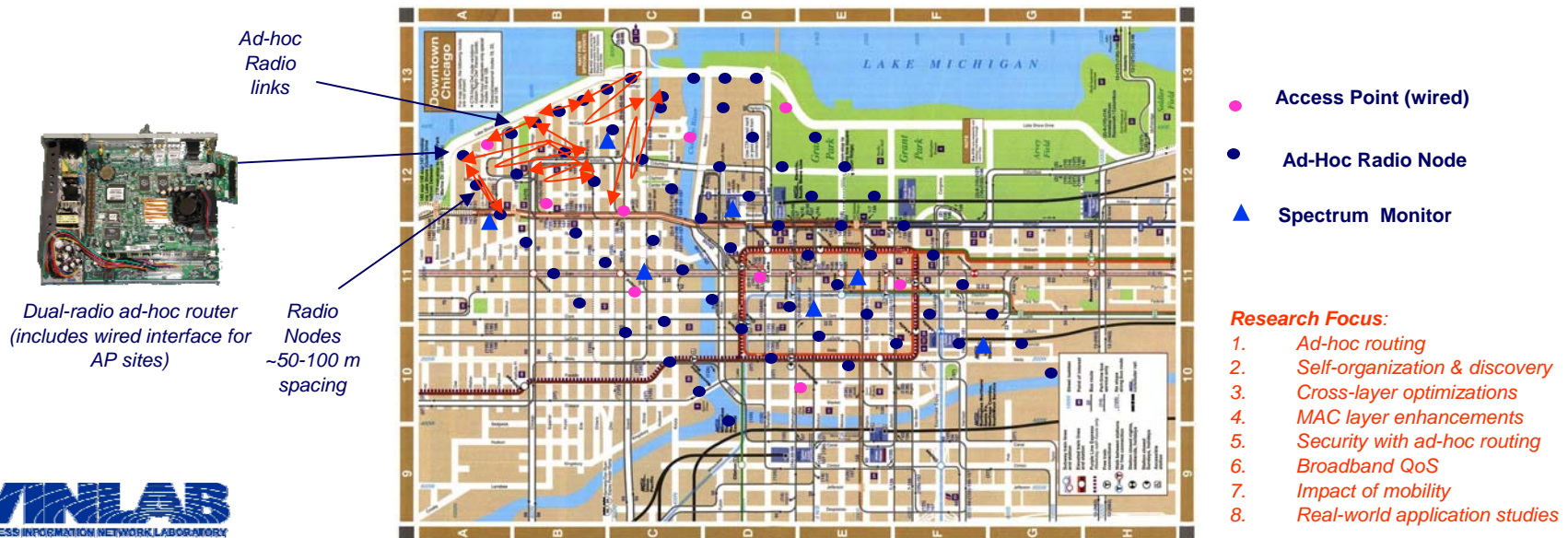
Research Focus:

1. Protocol validation for next-gen wireless
2. Scalability experiments (ad-hoc, sensor)
3. Hybrid networks with multiple radio PHY
4. End-to-end transport for mobile devices
5. Controlled mobility experiments



GENI Implementation: Open API Urban Ad-Hoc Mesh

- Ad-hoc wireless network providing full coverage of high-density urban area ~ 10 Km**2
 - Enables experimentation with mesh network protocols & broadband mobile applications
 - Dual-radio forwarding node as building block
 - Open API 802.11 with soft MAC, virtualization by frequency or space
 - Services for running expts, data collection, frequency assignment and spectrum meas



GENI Implementation: Open API Wide Area Mobile Network

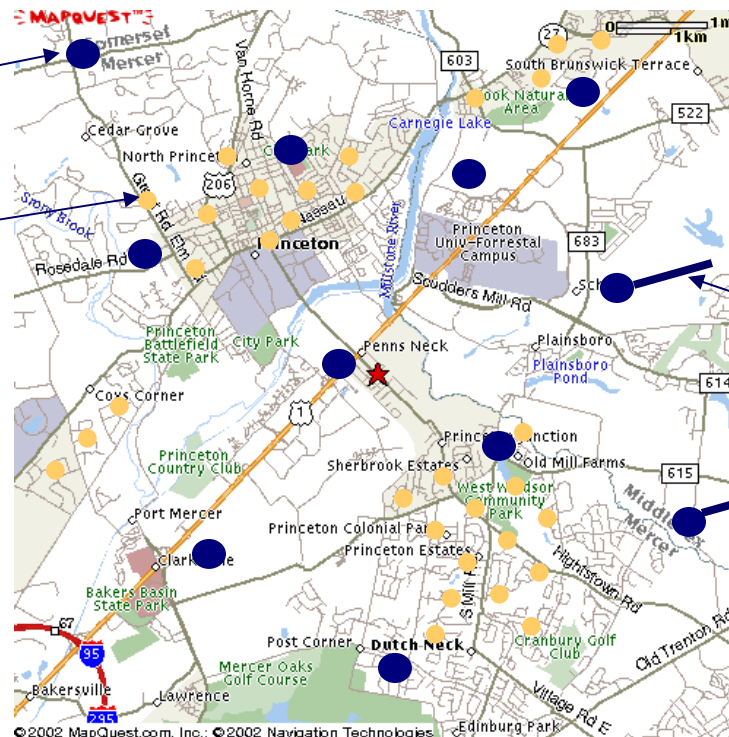
- Open API wide-area wireless network to explore alternatives to cellular, hybrids with WLAN, Infostations, new mobile applications...
 - Suburban coverage ~50 Km**2 using ~10 wide-area BTS's + ~100 short-range AP's
 - Open API 3G or WiMax BTS and dual-radio 802.11 node as building blocks



WiMax or 3G Base Station Router



802.11 Relay Node Platform



- Open API 3G/WiMax BTS
- 802.11 relay node or AP

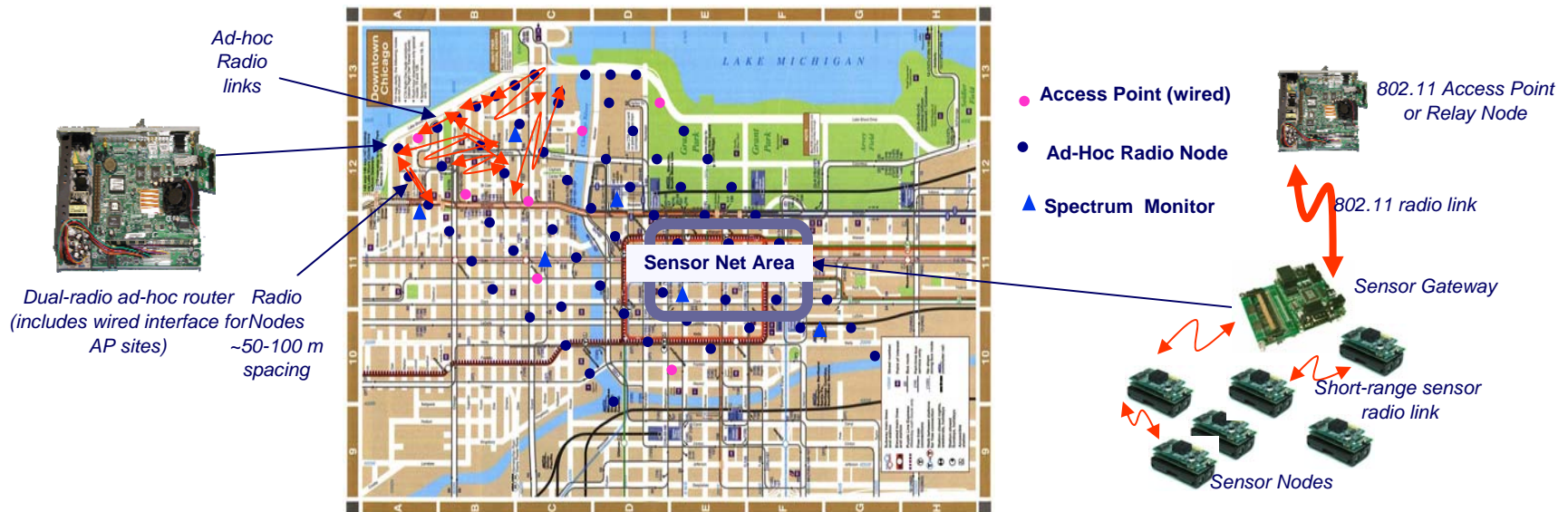
Connections to GENI Infrastructure

Research Focus:

1. Internet transport for 3G/cellular
2. Mobility support in future Internet
3. Hybrid 3G/WLAN handover, etc.
4. Multicasting
5. Transport layer for wireless
6. Security in future 3G/4G
7. Information caching and multimedia

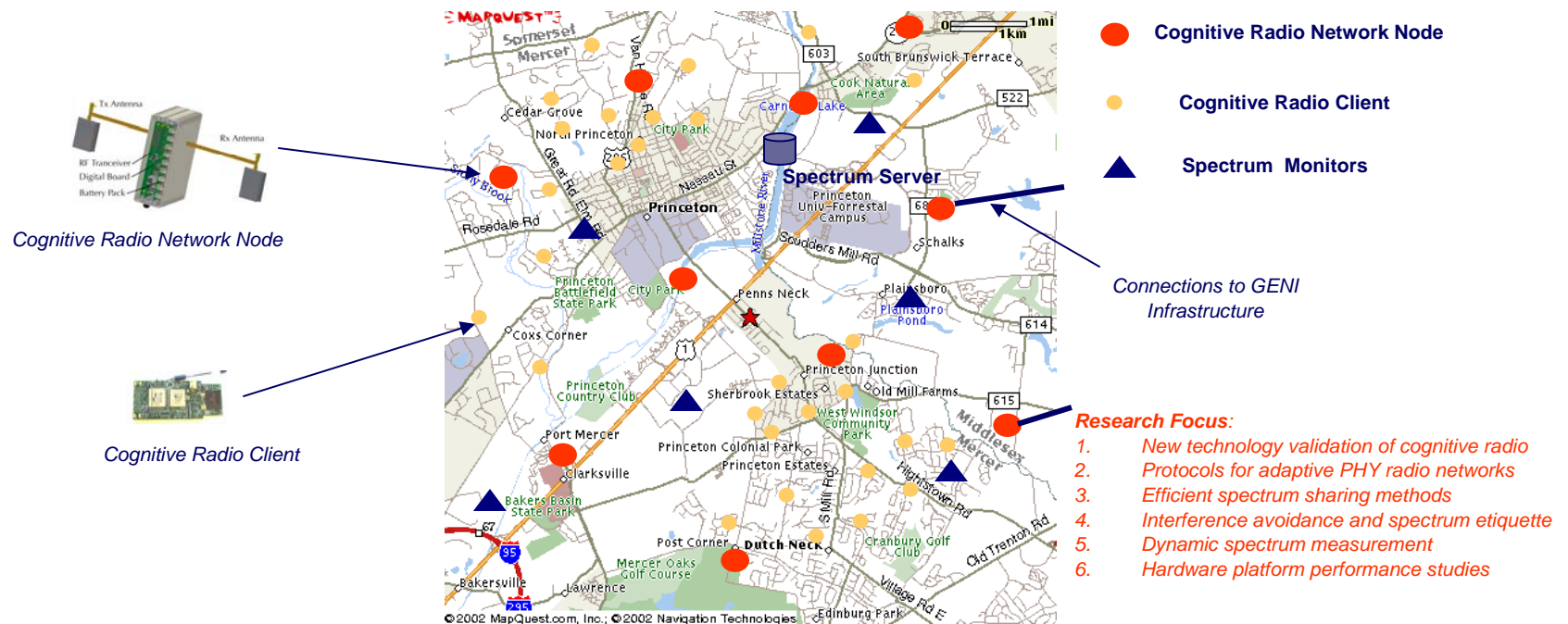
GENI Implementation: Urban Mesh + Sensor Network

- 2-3 sensor network projects to be selected via proposal process for integration into urban mesh deployment
 - Sensor network experiments will leverage 802.11 mesh or 3G wide area infrastructure in items 2,3
 - Provide “user deployment kit” with platforms including sensor nodes and sensor/WLAN or sensor/3G gateway



GENI Implementation: Cognitive Radio Technology Demonstrator

- Advanced technology demonstrator of cognitive radio networks for reliable wide-area services (over a ~50 Km**2 area) with spectrum sharing, adaptive networking, etc.
 - Basic building block is a cognitive radio platform, to be selected from competing research projects now in progress and/or future proposals
 - Requires enhanced software interfaces for control of radio PHY, discovery and bootstrapping, adaptive network protocols, etc. – suitable for protocol virtualization
 - New experimental band for cognitive radio (below 1 Ghz preferable)





Concluding Remarks



Concluding Remarks: Next Steps

- Complete technology transfer for wireless design to GPO
- Transition WG expertise to new structure (..current GSC/GPO structure poses some real problems!)
- Continue risk-reduction prototyping
 - Platform development, open cellular/WiMax, mobile, cognitive radios, etc.
 - Virtualization of wireless networks
 - Integration with wired networks, e.g. VINI (..using GMC protocol baseline)
 - Measurement and monitoring techniques
- Open issues:
 - GMC control and management protocol baseline urgently needs to be finalized (...wireless specific requirements need to be incorporated)
 - Scope, scale and cost of wireless deployment (including spectrum)
 - Opt-in approach – how to best encourage organic growth of GENI wireless