

Software Defined Privacy- Preserving Measurement Instrument and Services

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Outline

- ▶ Overview of IRNC AMIS Project
- ▶ Overview of Project Tasks
 - Software Defined Measurement
 - Privacy Preserving
 - Data Management and Processing
 - Traffic Modeling and Analytics
- ▶ Project Schedule and Milestones

NSF IRNC Program

- ▶ NSF International Research Network Connections
 - NSF investments on high performance network required by international science and engineering R&E
 - Supports backbones, exchange points, NOC, and network measurement
- ▶ Requirements on Advanced Network Measurement Infrastructure (AMI)
 - Flow granularity, 40+Gbps line rate, aggregate and summary reporting (protocol, AS-level s/d matrix), protect user privacy

AMIS Project

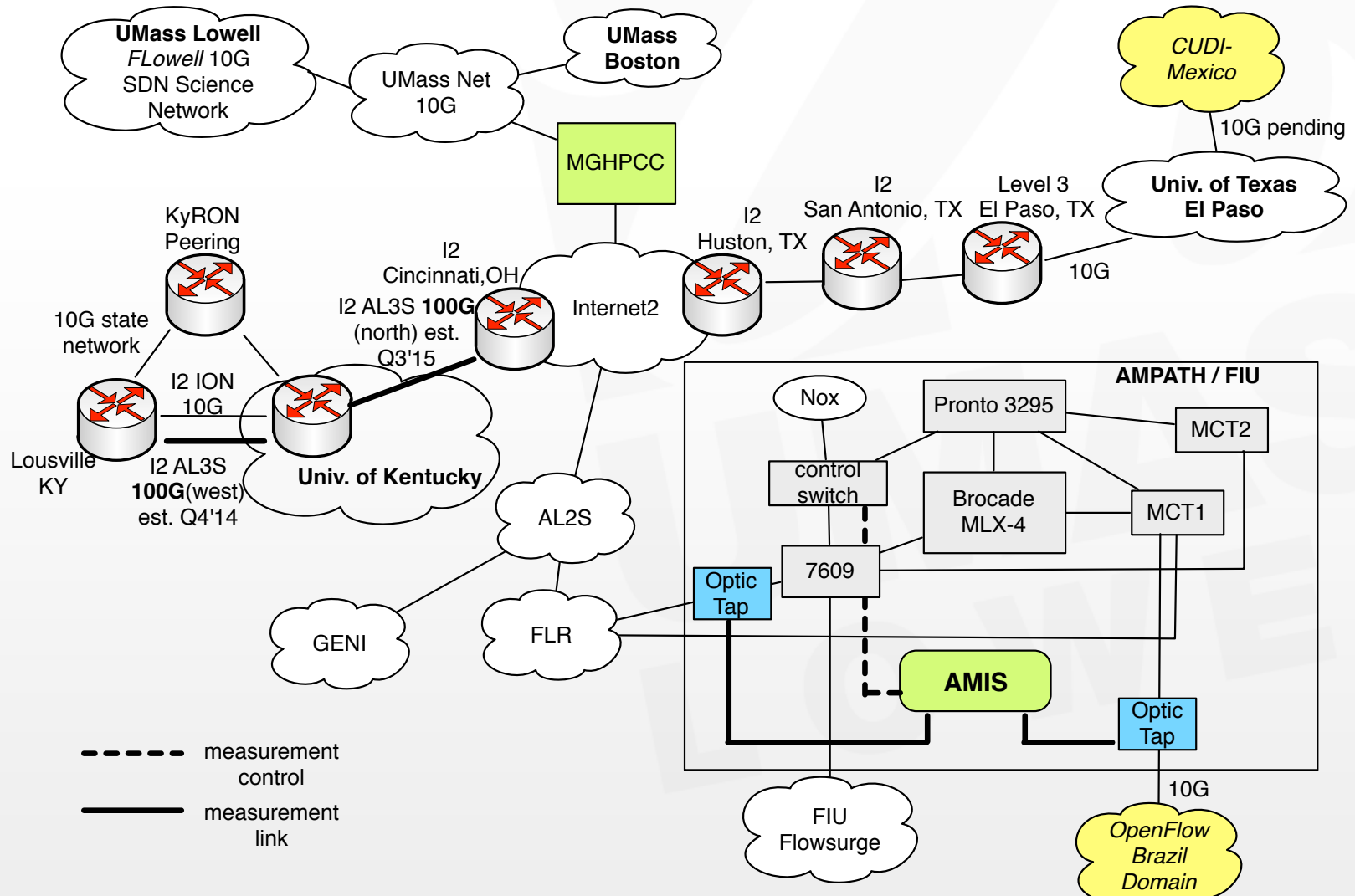
► Objectives

- 40+Gbps flow-granularity network measurement instrument
- Software defined measurement
- Preserving privacy of network flow info
- In-depth flow analytics

► Project Team:

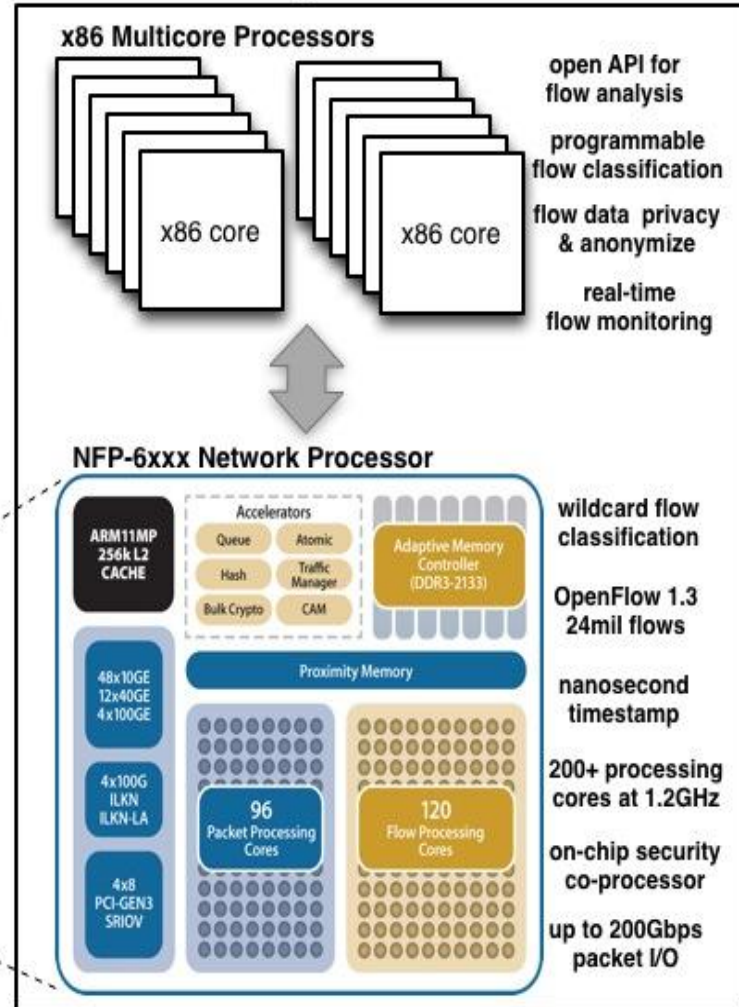
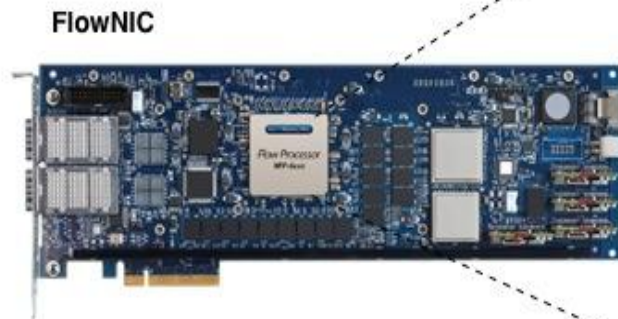
- Yan Luo, PI, University of Massachusetts Lowell
- Gabriel Ghinita, Co-PI, Univ. of Massachusetts Boston
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AMIS At a Glance



The Sensor: Advanced Measurement Appliance

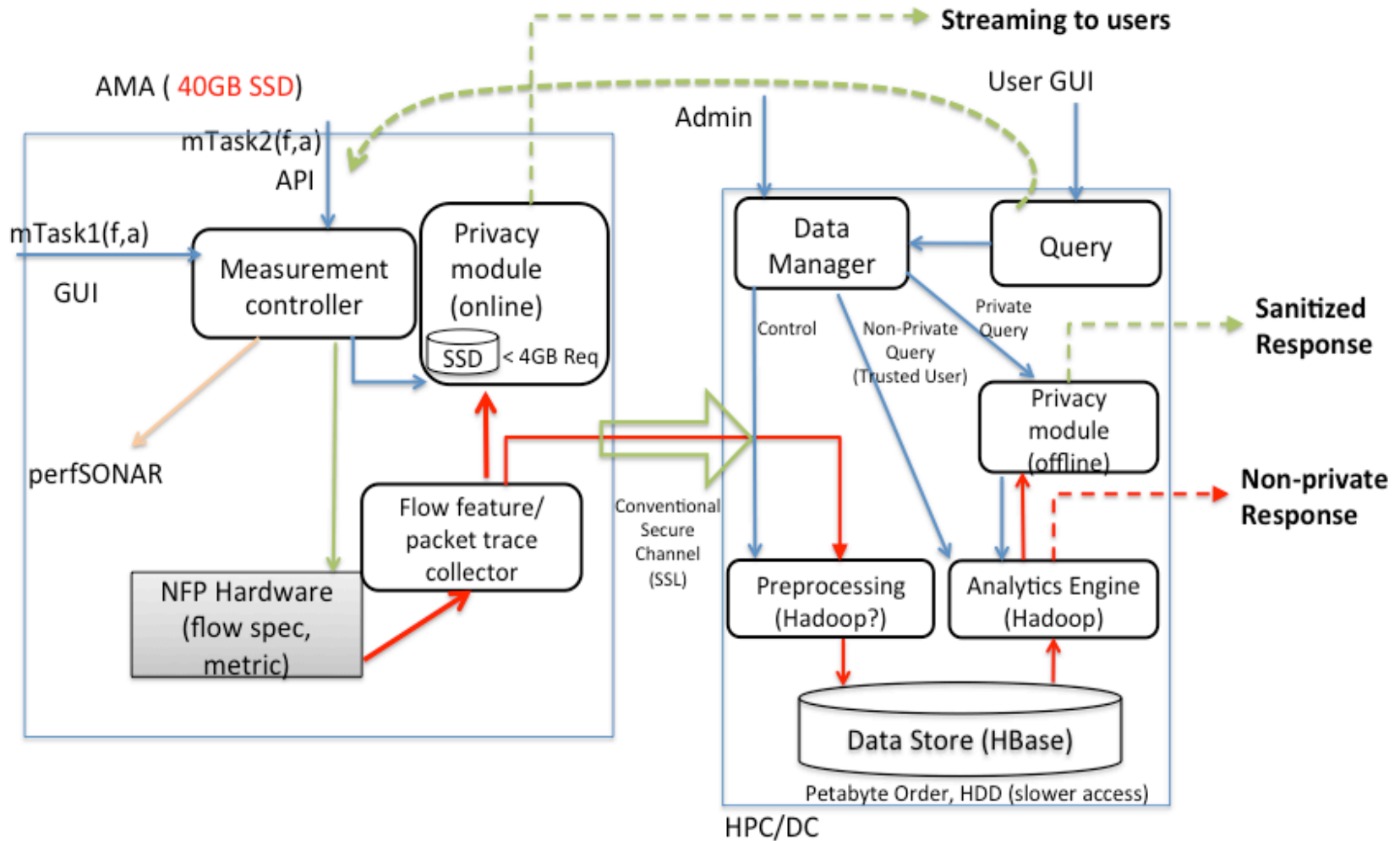
Network Processor based Advanced Measurement Appliance



Advantages of AMA

- ▶ Superior in both performance and programmability
- ▶ Clean architectural separation between measurement data plane and measurement control plane
- ▶ Software based flow analysis on x86 multicores
- ▶ Line-rate measurement capabilities with no impact to user's traffic

AMIS Workflow



Software Defined Measurement

► Why

- target changes (flows, subnets, ASes)
- measurement metrics changes
- Changes in measurement condition or period
e.g. measure packet inter-arrival time when flow duration is longer than 5 minutes

► How

- Measurement Data Plane
- Measurement Control Plane

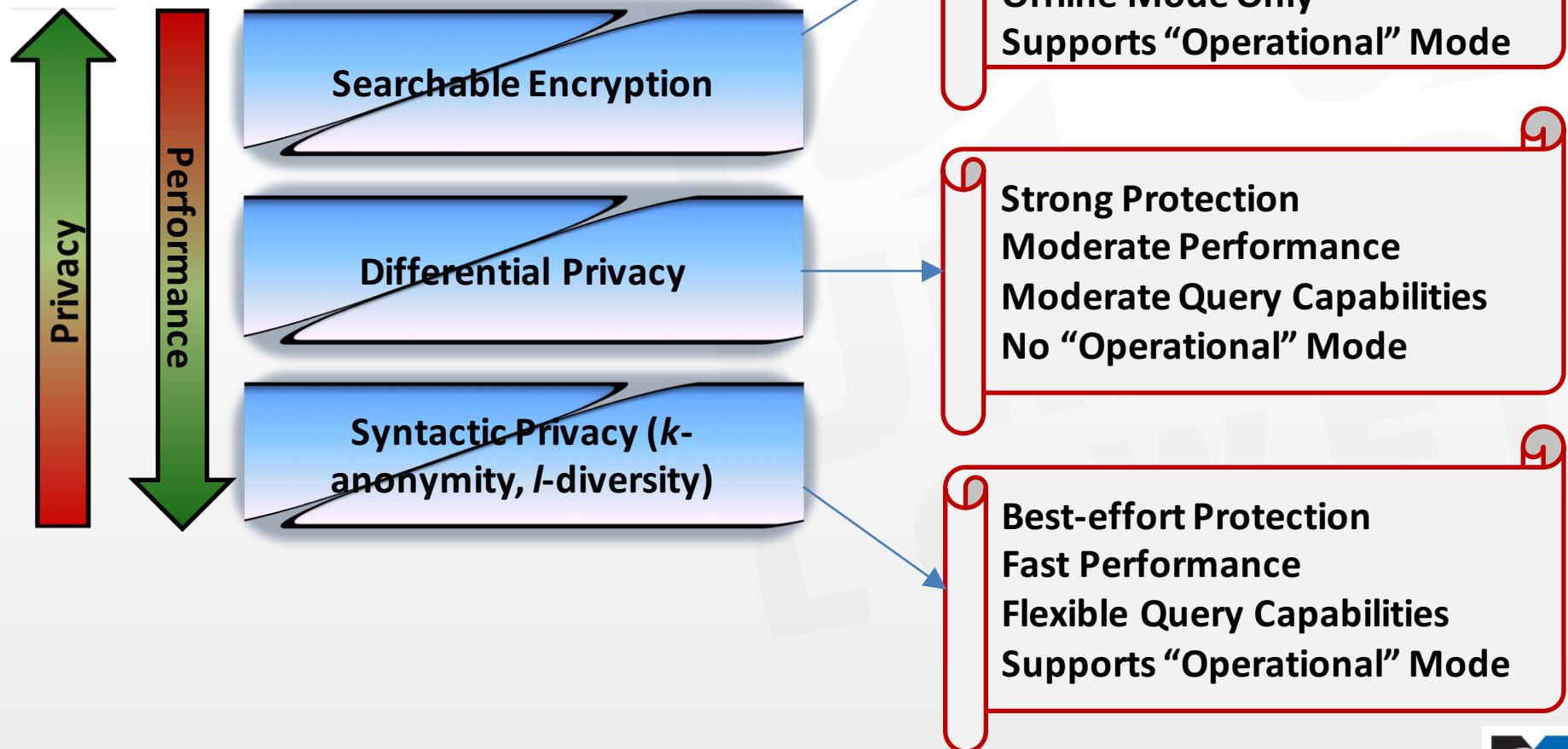
SDM Data Plane

- ▶ Challenges
 - Application and protocol diversity
 - Streaming
 - Line-rate
 - Distributed
- ▶ Possible solutions
 - Programmable parsing
 - Data stream computation
 - Hardware acceleration
 - Collaborative measurement

Privacy Preserving Measurement

- ▶ Privacy is a challenge in network measurement
 - What levels of details to report
 - Network operators have different policies
 - Sometimes bigger than technical challenges
- ▶ Comprehensive framework that encapsulates most prominent privacy models
 - Syntactic models (generalization/suppression)
 - Semantic models (differential privacy)
 - Cryptographic models (searchable encryption)
- ▶ Supports diverse set of data uses
 - E.g., operations, statistics, data mining

Supported Privacy Models



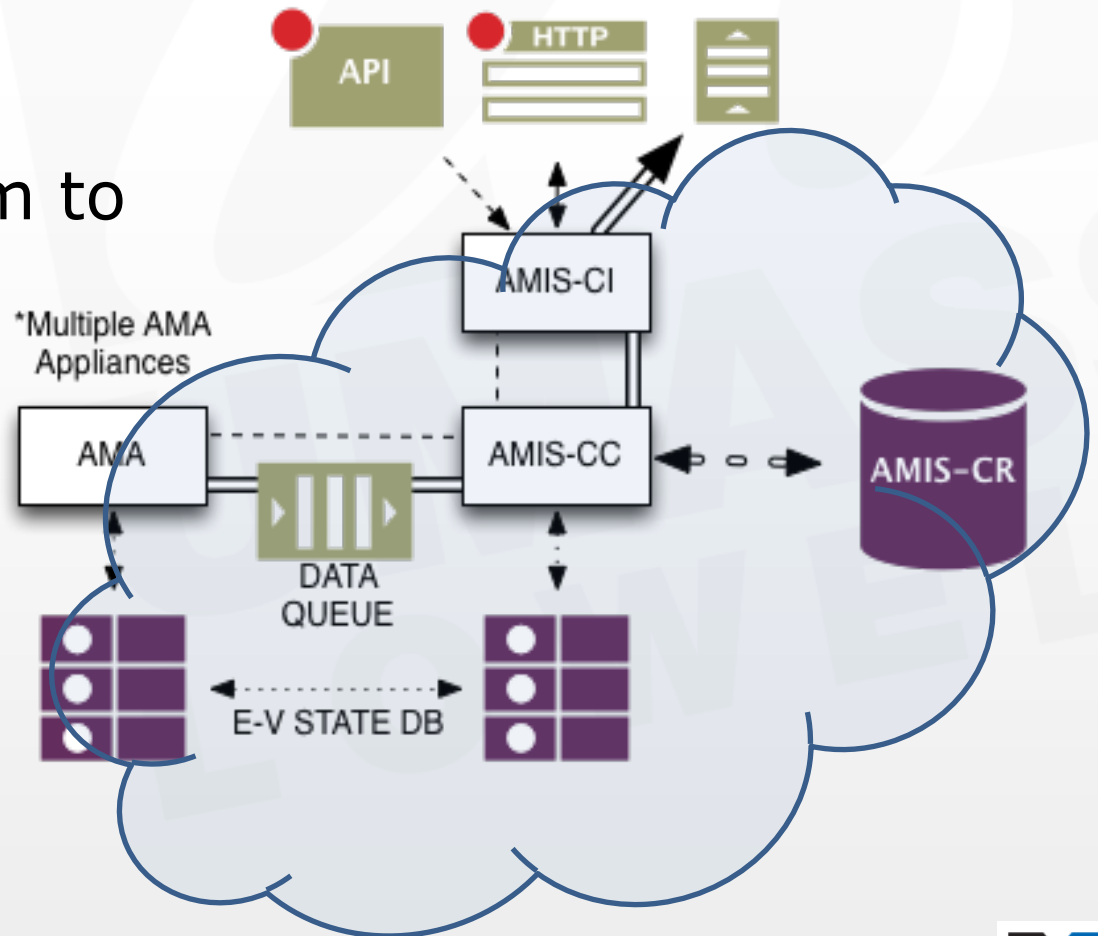
Challenges in Measurement Data Analytics

- ▶ Diversity of analytics algorithms
 - Privacy preserving algorithms: differential privacy, searchable encryption, etc.
 - reports of network activities: traffic matrix, flow-level, burst-level
 - Predictive: e.g. congestion event prediction
- ▶ Variations on Traffic Load
 - variations on compute loads
 - Variations of network I/O demands
 - Streaming requirements

Measurement Data Management and Processing in the Cloud

- A centralized Operational Data Management System to manage distributed AMAs

- configuration
- collection
- storage
- Processing
- Reporting



AMIS Project Schedule

▶ Year 1

- Q1: design specification
- Q2: agile development, coordination with AMPATH and CUDI about deployment and test plan, coordination with NetSage project
- Q3: prototype development, integration and local testing
- Q4: deployment of AMIS at AMPATH, reporting results, plan next steps

▶ Year 2

- Expand to more test sites, gather feedbacks from operators, outreach

▶ Year 3

- Outreach, continuous improvements, other tasks TBD

Thanks!

Q&A