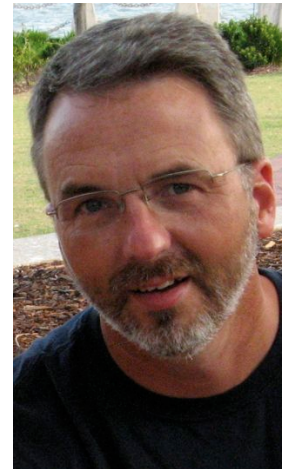
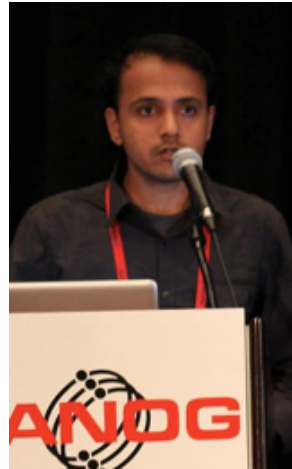


Software-Defined Network Management

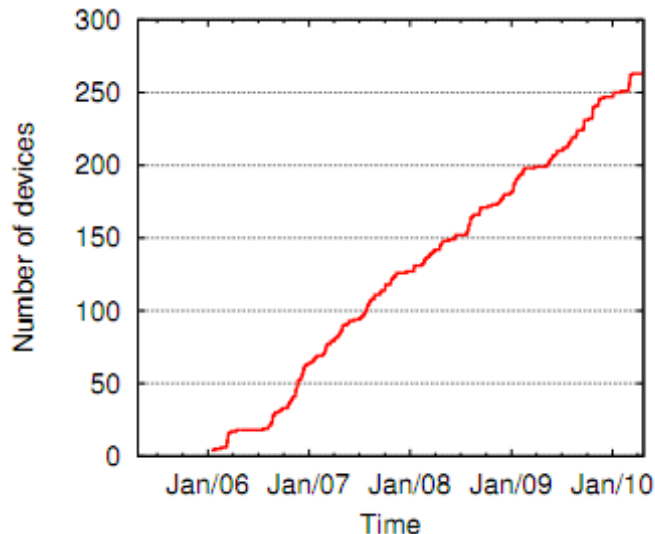
Nick Feamster
Georgia Tech



(with Joon Kim, Marshini Chetty, Srikanth Sundaresan, Steve Woodrow, Russ Clark)

Network Management is Hard!

- Manual, error-prone, complex
- Network configurations change continually
 - Provisioning of new users and devices
 - Adjustments to access control
 - Response to incidents
- Changes result in errors



Wednesday 11/02/11

Network

OIT Office of
Information
Technology

-Tue 0530-0818: The NAS heads were unavailable after the scheduled rich-rtr maintenance due to a configuration error. This caused outages for various systems including techworks, webhosting, coldfusion, Prism, and www.servicedesk.gatech.edu. Backbone team corrected the error allowing the NAS admins to get the heads back up and running.

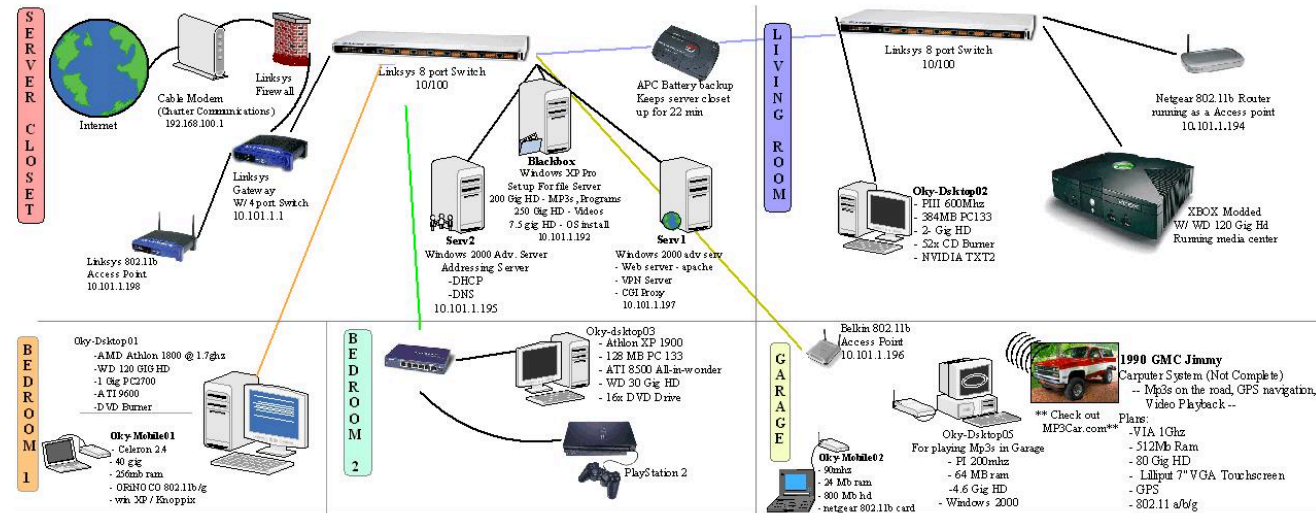
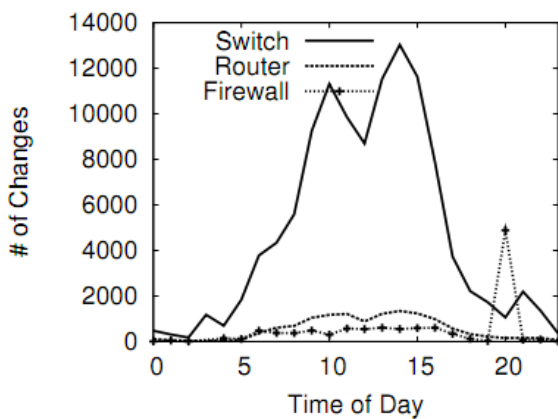
Software Defined Network Management

- Software defined networking makes it easier for network operators to evolve network capabilities
- Can SDN also help network operators manage their networks, once they are deployed?
 - Campus/Enterprise networks
 - Home networks

**Why is network management
so hard today?**

Configuration is Complex, Low-Level

- A campus network may have
 - More than one million lines of configuration
 - Thousands of devices
 - Hundreds of thousands of changes every year
- Home networks can be complex, too



Network State is Dynamic

- Enterprise and campus networks are **dynamic**
 - Hosts continually coming and leaving
 - Hosts may become infected
- Today, configuration is **static**, and poorly integrated with the network
- **Instead:** Dynamic network configuration
 - Track state of each host on the network
 - Update forwarding state of switches per host as these states change

Too Much Complexity is Exposed

LINKSYS

Setup Password Status DHCP Log Security Help Advanced

SETUP

This screen contains all of the router's basic setup functions. Most users will be able to use the router's default settings without making any changes. If you require help during configuration, please see the user guide.

Host Name: (Required by some ISPs)

Domain Name: (Required by some ISPs)

Firmware Version: 1.42.7, Apr 03 2002

LAN IP Address: (MAC Address: 00-06-25-9A-E3-B2)
 . . . (Static IP Address)

Wireless: (MAC Address: 00-90-4B-E0-A3)
 Enable Disable

SSID:

Allow "Broadcast" SSID:

Channel: (Default)

WEP: Mandatory

WAN Connection Type: (MAC Address: 00-06-25-9A-E3-B2)

User Name:

Password:

Connect on Demand

Keep Alive: Redial

Wireless

LINKSYS
A Division of Cisco Systems, Inc.

Wireless-G Broadband

Setup Wireless Security Access Restrictions Applications & Gaming

Basic Wireless Settings | Wireless Security | Wireless MAC Filter | Advanced Wireless

Wireless MAC Filter

Wireless MAC Filter: Enable Disable

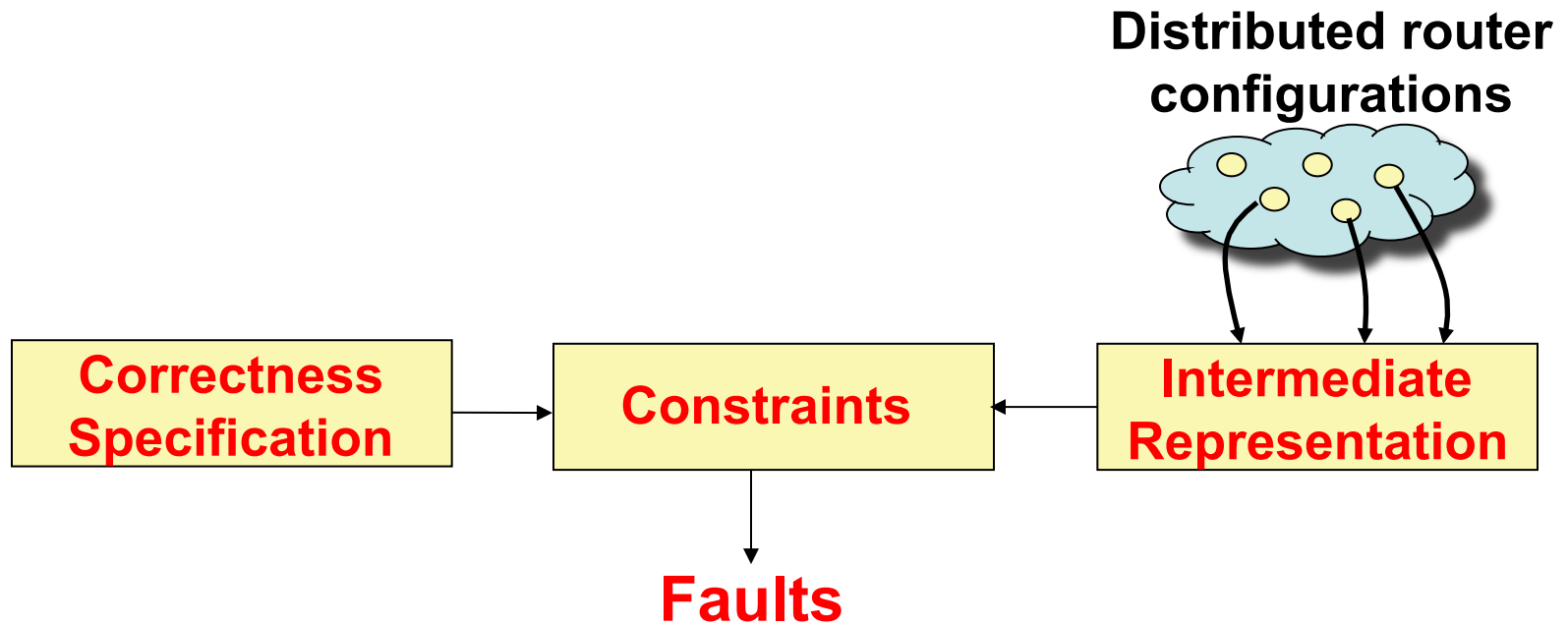
Prevent: Prevent PCs listed from accessing the wireless network

Permit only: Permit only PCs listed to access the wireless network

Network Devices are Heterogeneous

- Many components “bolted on” after the fact
 - **Campus:** Firewalls, VLANs, Web authentication portal, vulnerability scanner
 - **Home:** Set-top boxes, cameras, laptops, desktops, phones
- Separate (and competing) devices for performing different functions
 - Registration (based on MAC addresses)
 - Vulnerability scanning
 - Filtering
 - Rate limiting

Retrofit: Configuration Checkers

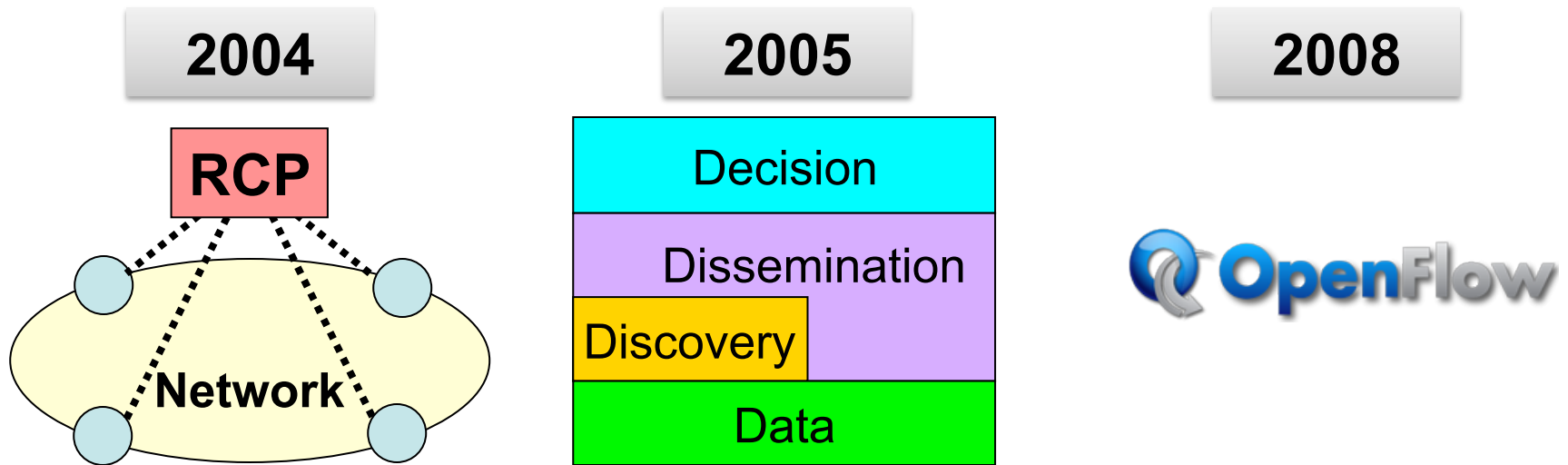


- Downloaded and used by hundreds of ISPs
- Configuration faults found in every network

Feamster and Balakrishnan, Detecting BGP Configuration Faults with Static Analysis. *Proc NSDI*, 2005. Best Paper Award

Better: Software-Defined Networking

- Distributed configuration is a bad idea
- **Instead:** Control the network from a logically centralized system
- Policies become high-level programs



Resonance:

Programming Abstraction for SDN

Don't configure the network, program it!

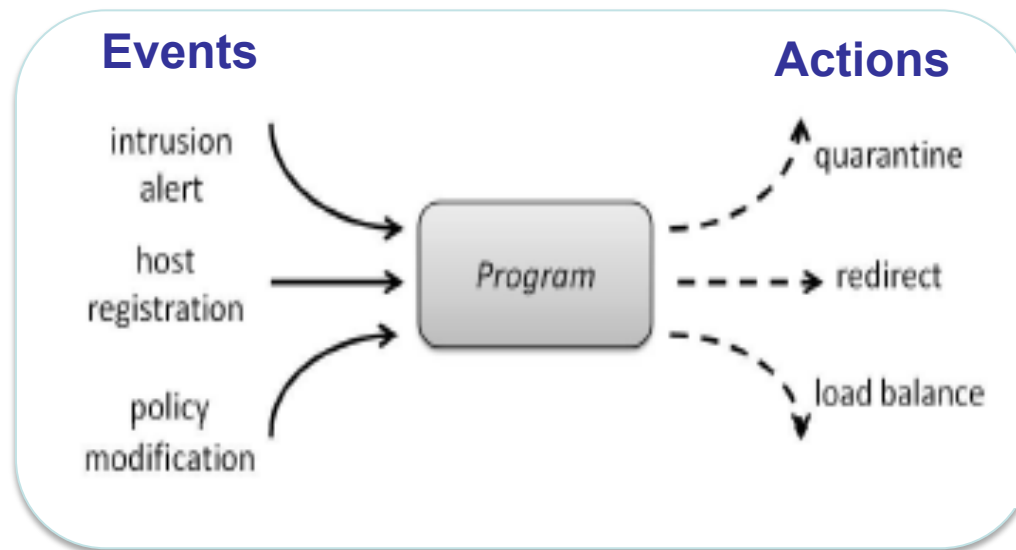
- **Today:** Configuring networks with low-level, distributed, vendor-specific configuration
- **With SDN:** Writing network policies and protocols as programs
 - More expressive
 - More predictable
 - More evolvable
 - More usable

Resonance: Approach

Challenge	Approach
Dynamic State	Event Listener w/State Machine
Low-Level Configuration	High-Level Policy Language
Exposed Complexity	Refactoring Functions
Heterogeneity	Standard Control Protocols

Processing Dynamic Events

- **Idea:** Express network policies as event-based programs.



- Policies can be expressed as centralized programs

State Machines

- **Step 1:** Associate each host with generic states and security classes
- **Step 2:** Specify a state machine for moving machines from one state to the other
- **Step 3:** Control forwarding state in switches based on the current state of each machine
 - Actions from other network elements, and distributed inference, can affect network state

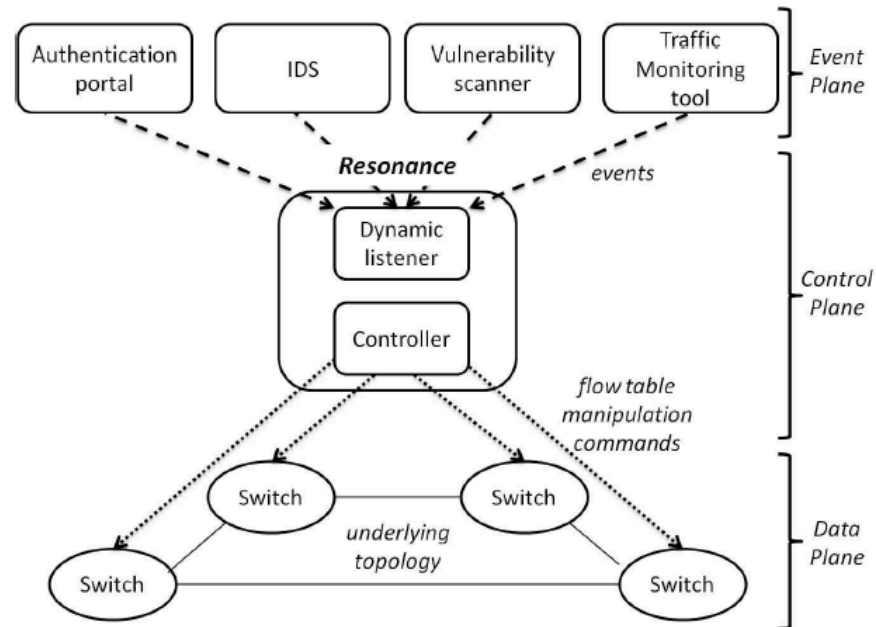
High-Level Policy Language

- Defines states, actions, transitions
- High-level, logically centralized
 - Easier testing and analysis
 - Less complex
- Design is still in-progress

```
if packet-in event occurs:  
- lookup the table by src Ethernet address  
- determine state and security class  
switch(state)  
  case Registration:  
    redirect to web portal: HTTP traffic(to port 80,8080,443)  
  case Operation:  
    switch(security class)  
      case guest:  
        if (time is between 12am to 6am)  
          block: all  
        else  
          block: to netws machines  
          allow: HTTP traffic  
      case gtuser:  
        block: to netws machines  
        allow: all  
      case gtnet:  
      case netws:  
        allow: all  
  case Quarantined:  
    block: all
```

Standard Controls

- **Events:** Heterogeneous devices generate standard events that a dynamic listener processes
- **Actions:** OpenFlow channel between controller and switches controls behavior



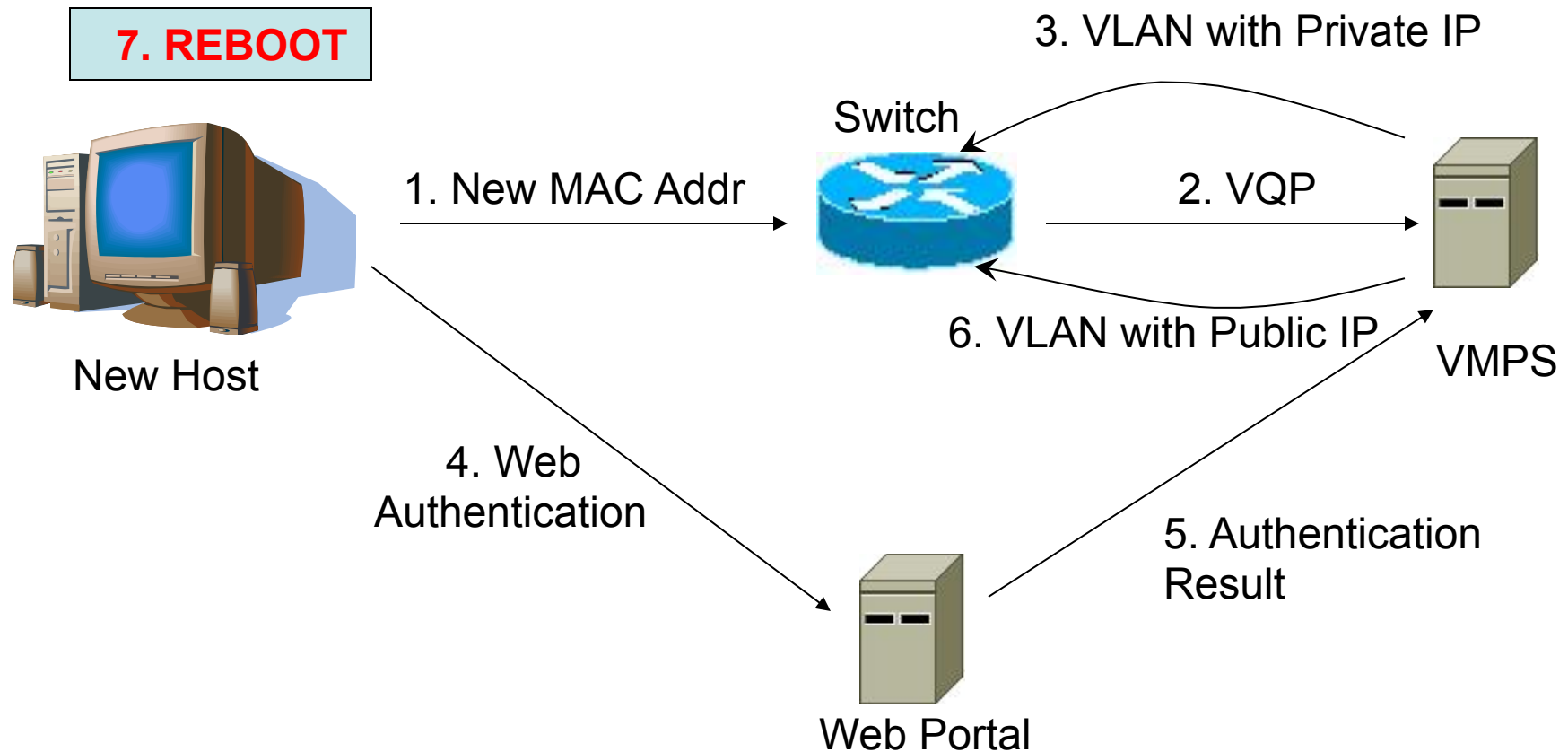
Refactoring Functions

- **Current interfaces:** Decisions only about whether to hide or display complexity
- **Instead:** Changing where function is placed in the system can make the system more usable
 - Only expose information if it
 - Improves situational awareness
 - Is actionable

Two Case Studies

- **Access control in enterprise networks**
 - Re-implementation of access control on the Georgia Tech campus network
 - **Today:** Complicated, low-level
 - **With SDN:** Simpler, more flexible
- **Usage control in home networks**
 - Implementation of user controls (e.g., usage cap management, parental controls) in home networks
 - **Today:** Not possible
 - **With SDN:** Intuitive, simple

Case Study: Enterprise Access Control

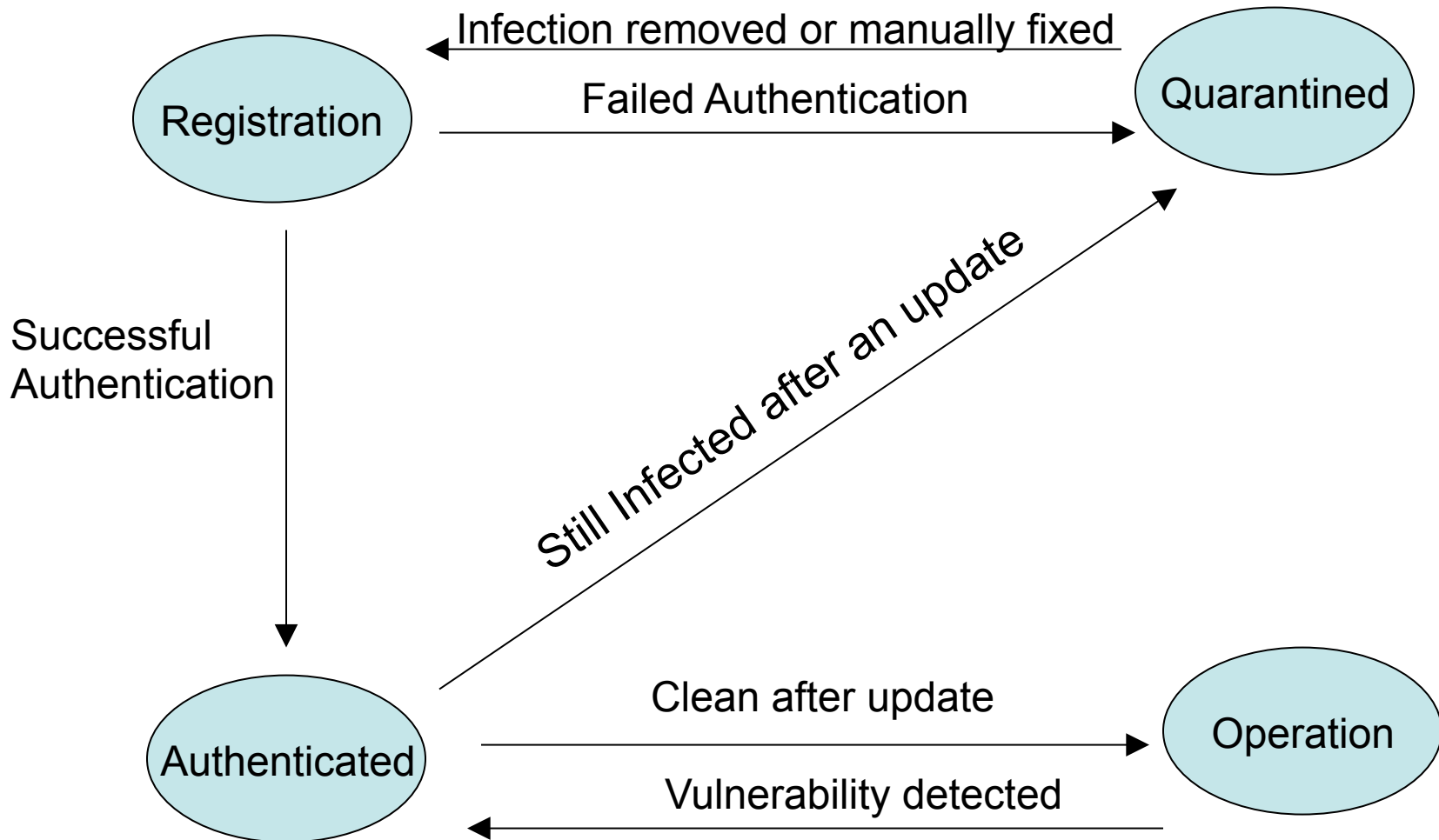


Challenges with Current Architecture

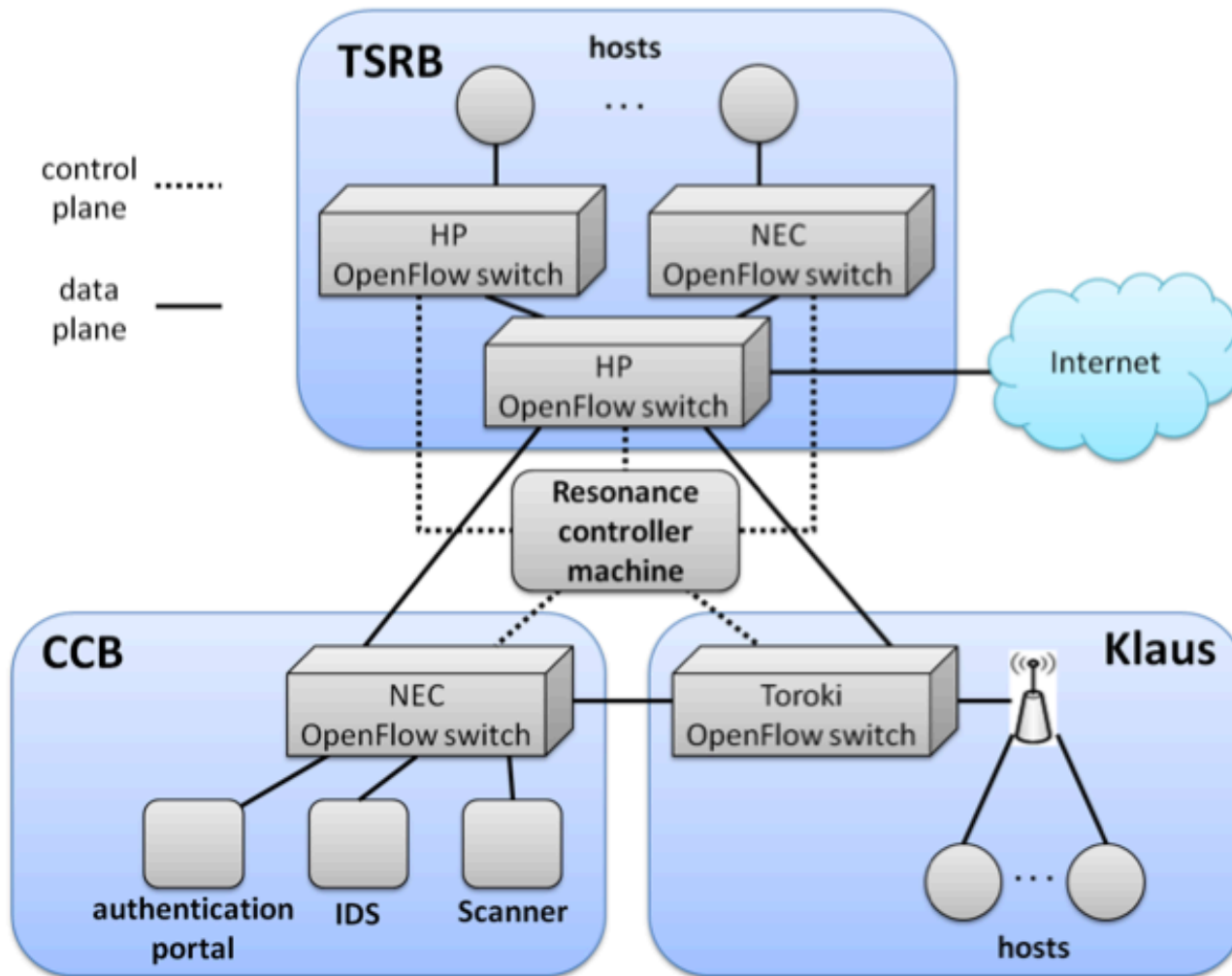
- Access control is **too coarse-grained**
 - Static, inflexible and prone to misconfigurations
 - Need to rely on VLANs to isolate infected machines
- **Cannot dynamically remap** hosts to different portions of the network
 - Needs a DHCP request which for a windows user would mean a reboot
- **Monitoring is not continuous**

Express policies that incorporate network dynamics.

Handling Dynamics: State Machine

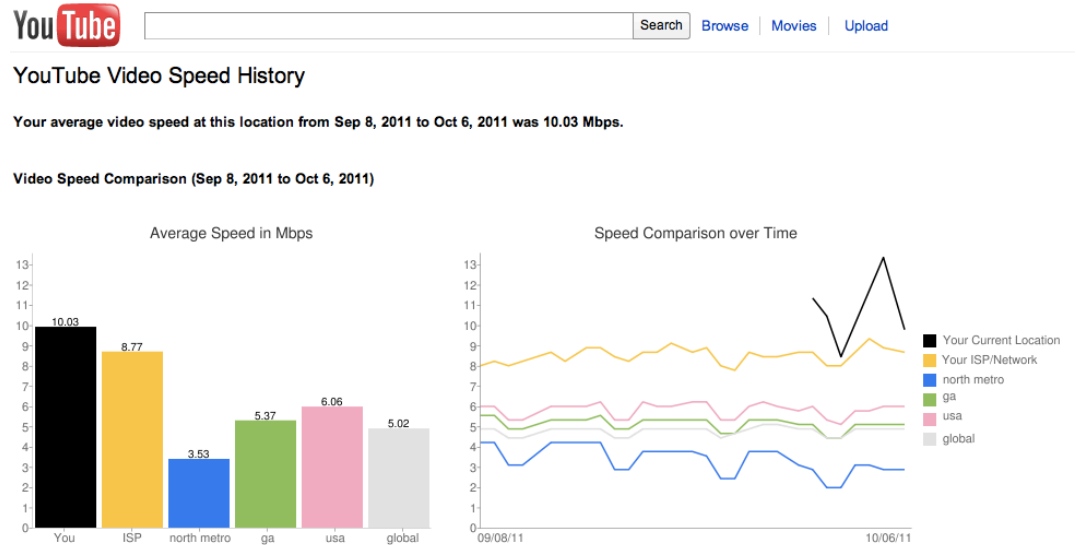


Georgia Tech OpenFlow Deployment



- Network deployment
 - Three buildings
 - Five OpenFlow switches
- NOX, FlowVisor, Resonance
- **Future:** Aware Home deployment

Home Network Management is Even Harder!



- **Access ISPs**
 - What performance are customers seeing?
 - Can they gain better visibility into downtimes?
 - Can visibility into problems help reduce service calls?
- **Content Providers**
 - How do content routing or traffic engineering decisions affect end user performance
- **Consumers**
- **Regulators**



Project BISmark: Software-Defined Home Network Management

- **Hardware:** NetGear WNDR 3700v2
- **Software:** OpenWrt, OpenFlow, BISmark measurement software

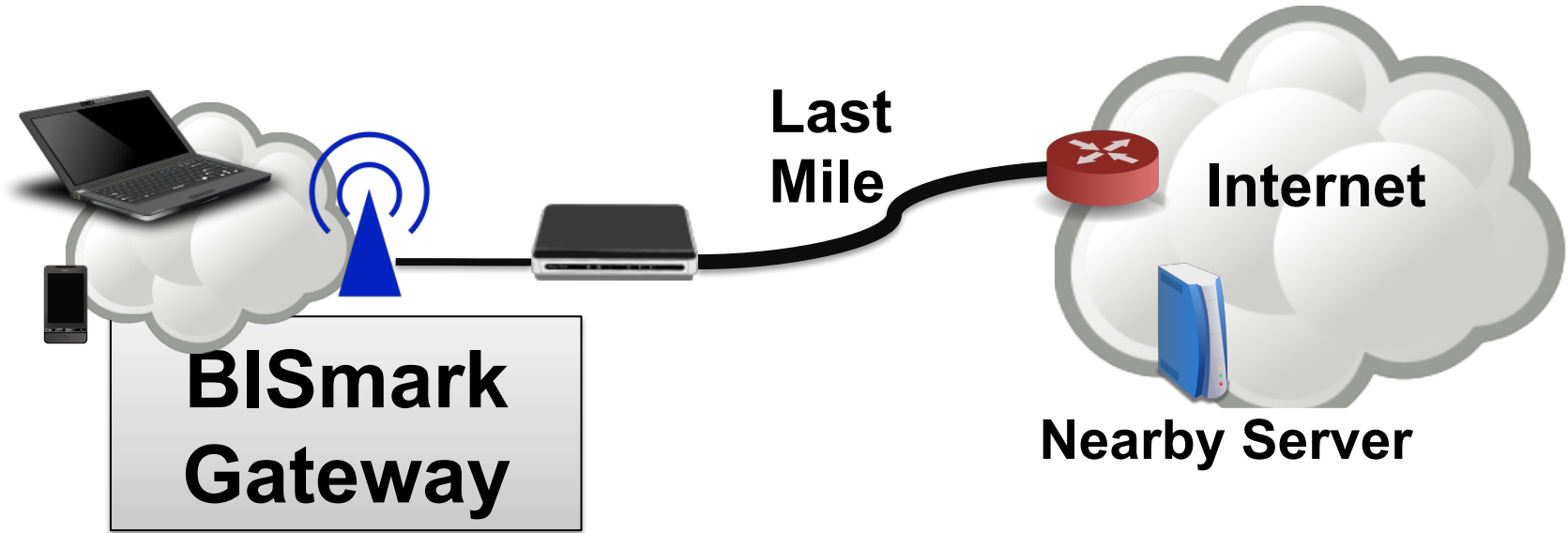


- **Current:** Active performance measurement & monitoring, home network management (e.g., usage cap monitoring)
- **Planned:** Generic always-on application platform for high-speed home networks (“GENI at home”)
- **Opportunities:** Performance monitoring/evaluation platform for applications, application development platform (low barrier to entry)



Pilot deployment planned in EPB (Chattanooga).
Ongoing discussions with Case Connection
(Cleveland/Case Western)

BISmark: An SDN Application Platform for the Home Network



- OpenWrt firmware with custom measurement suite
 - Periodic active measurements of access link, home network
 - Metrics: Throughput, latency, jitter
- Current hardware: Netgear 3700v2 router
 - Planned support for other hardware platforms

Case Study:

Usage Controls in Home Networks

- Network management in homes is challenging
- One aspect of management: usage control
 - Usage cap management
 - Parental control
 - Bandwidth management
- **Idea:** Outsource network management/control
 - Home router runs OpenFlow switch
 - Usage reported to off-site controller
 - Controller adjust behavior of traffic flows

Demonstration: Usage Control



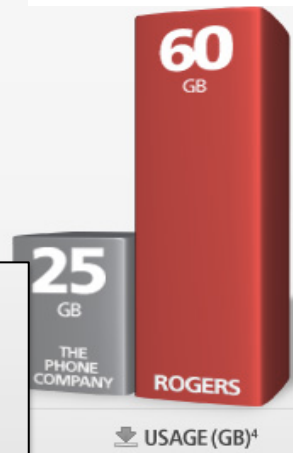
It's official: Comcast starts 250GB bandwidth caps October 1



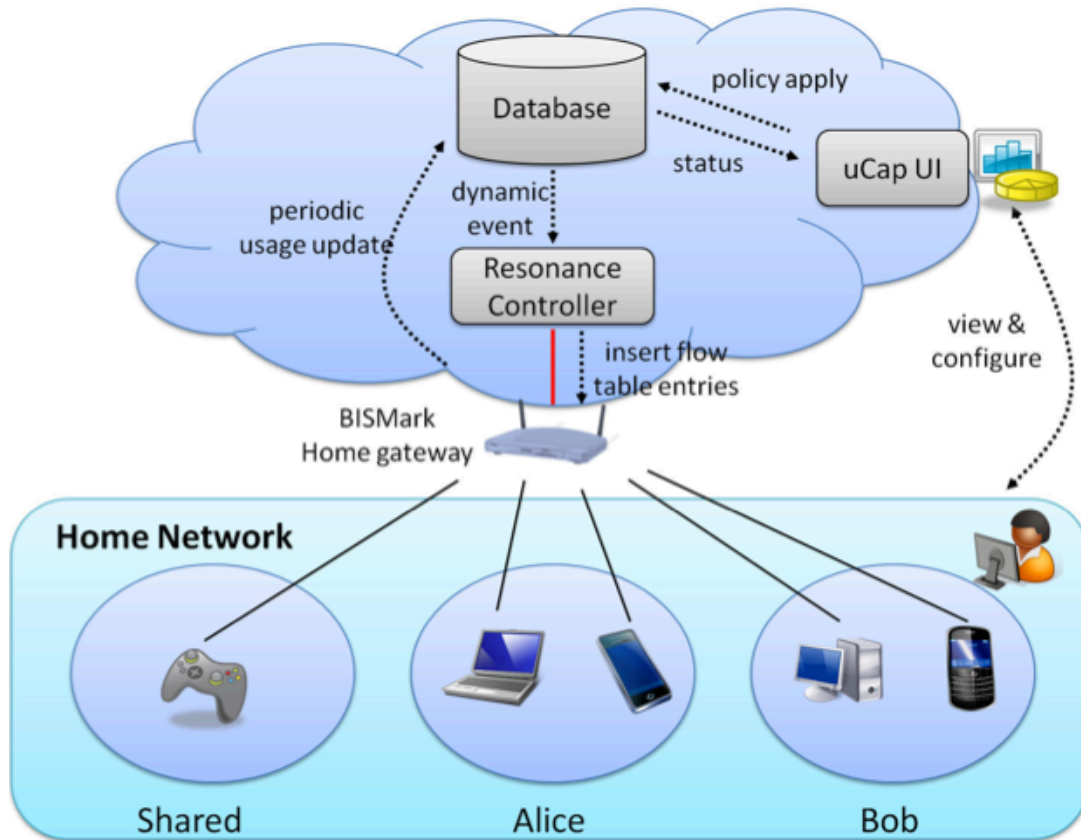
at&t

Is AT&T's new 150GB DSL data cap justified?

- One aspect of management: **usage control**
 - Usage cap management
 - Parental control
 - Bandwidth management
- **Idea:** Outsource network management/control
 - Home router runs OpenFlow switch
 - Usage reported to off-site controller
 - Controller adjust behavior of traffic flows



Usage Cap Management in Home Networks



- User monitors behavior and sets policies with uCap UI
- Resonance OpenFlow controller manages policies and router behavior
 - Router periodically reports flow usage
 - Controller sends commands to home router to manage usage

Conclusion: Software-Defined Network Management

- Many problems result from the fact that configuration is **low-level** and **distributed**
- **Resonance**: Program the network from a logically centralized control point.
 - Higher-level configuration language
 - Handling of dynamic events, heterogeneity
 - Enables refactoring of function
- **Two case studies**
 - Access control in enterprise networks
 - Usage control in home networks

feamster@cc.gatech.edu

