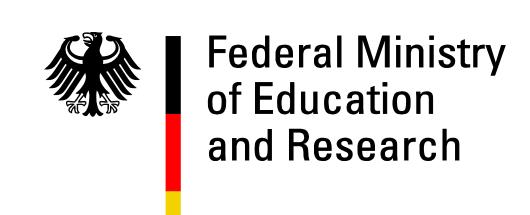


# Forwarding on Gates



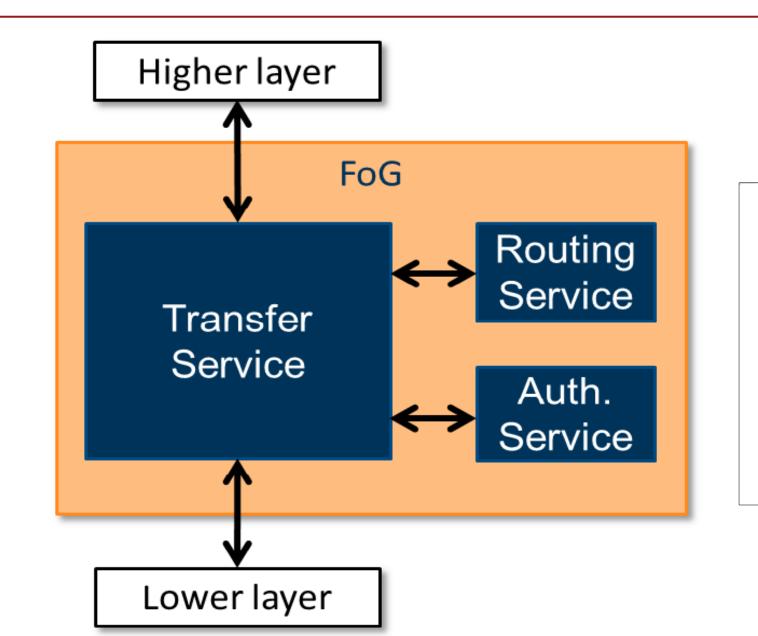
## Idea and Advantages

- ► Combines building block creation and classical routing
  - ► Re-using building blocks
  - ► Location-routing problem
- ► Enables native QoS and dynamic stack creation
- ► Frees routing from forwarding
  - Addressing internal to routing
  - Multiple routing services
- **▶** Scalable routing
  - ► Incremental route calculation
  - Respects network operator policies (routing/security)
- **▶** Built-in authentication
- ► Flexible integration of innovations into the network

Index-based forwarding system composed of building blocks

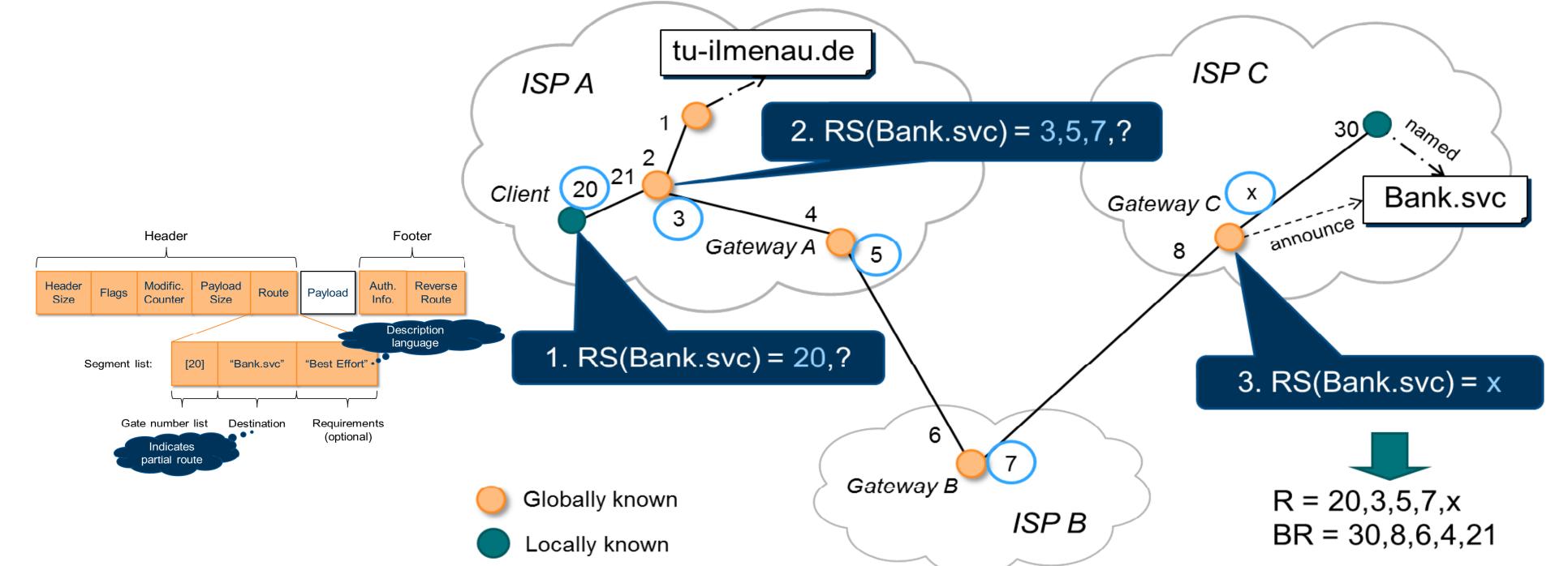
#### Architecture

- ► Higher layer (e.g. App. / L4)
- **►** Transfer service
  - Consists of and manages "gates" and "forwarding nodes"
  - Packet forwarding and adaptation
- **▶** Routing service
  - Partial path calculation
  - Determination of missing gates
- **►** Authentication service
  - AAA support
- Lower layer (e.g. Ethernet / IP)



### **Partial Routing**

- ► Encode routing decision for transfer service
- **►** Scalability
  - Nodes with limited knowledge
  - ► Iterative process
- **Security** 
  - Policy-based routing
  - Route access
  - QoS usage



#### Contact

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