

### OFRewind

## **Enabling Record and Replay Debugging in Networks**



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## Debugging Networks can be very HARD

# Our Proposal: OFRewind Network Record and Replay

Challenges in Network Debugging:

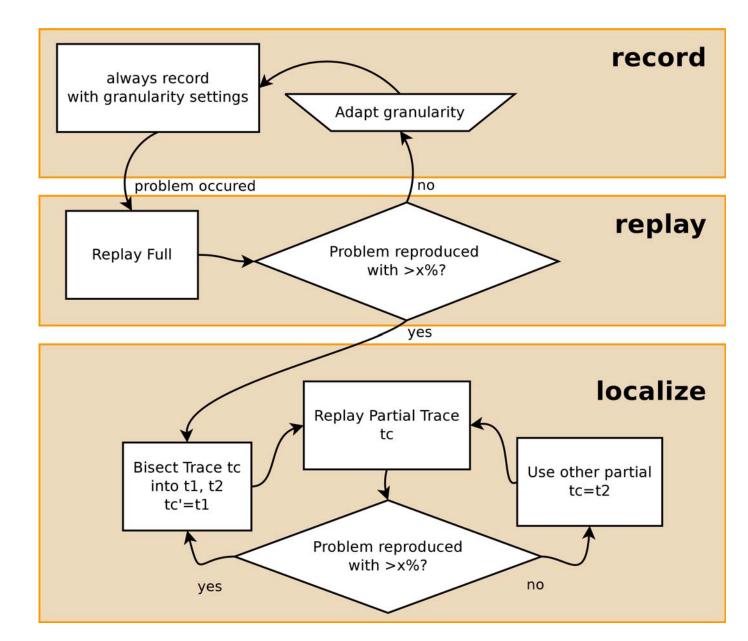
Networks are large and distributed Many Black-Box Components

→ Poorly instrumentable

Current Debugging Tools:

Aggregated Statistics: SNMP Sampled Data: Netflow Local Measurements: tcpdump

What about Replay Debugging?



Enabled by Split Forwarding Architecture
Implemented on OpenFlow

Select to Record High-Value, Low-Volume Flows (e.g. Routing Updates)

Always-On Recording of OpenFlow Control-Plane Dynamic, Flexible Partial Recording of Data-Plane

After Fault Occurance, Sub-select Recorded Control- and Data-Plane Traffic for Replay

Centrally Orchestrate Both Recording and Replay from OpenFlow Controller

#### System Architecture

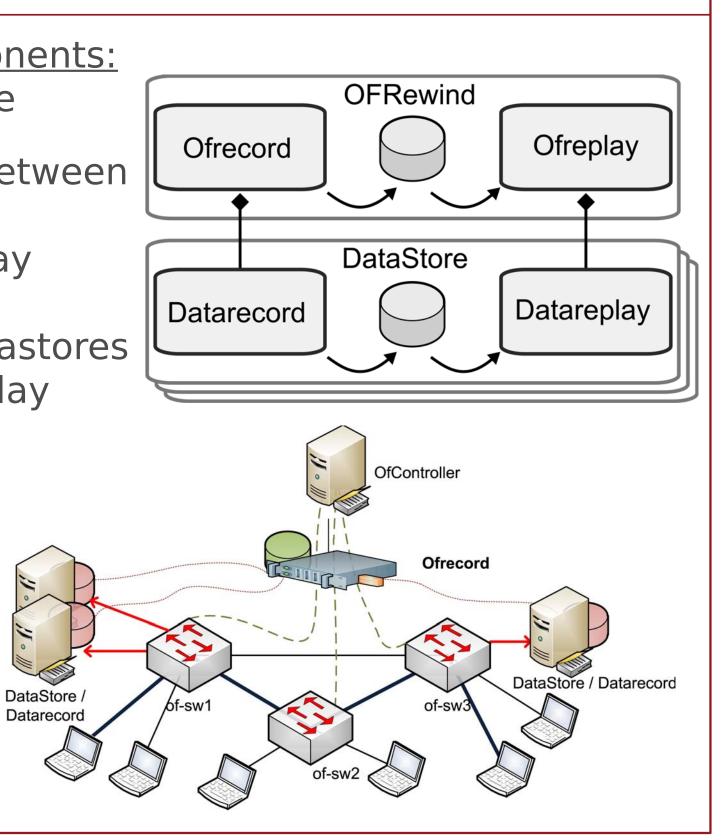
Two Primary System Components:

OFRewind + DataStore

→ OFRewind acts as proxy between Controller and switches for control-plane recording/replay

→ Orchestrates multiple Datastores for data-plane recording/replay

- → Maintains global ordering of all flows observed in network
- → Allows precise timecontrol over replay pace, ensuring flow ordering during replay is preserved

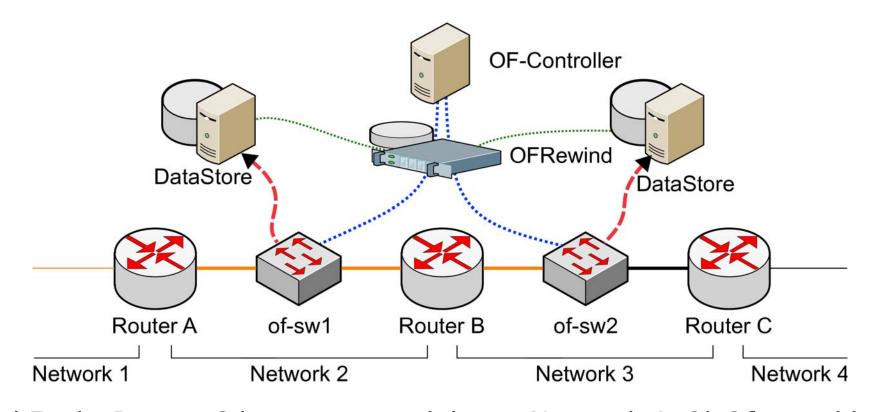


#### **Example: Recording Selection** Guest (Superstrate) Substrate OpenFlow OpenFlow Ctrl-Plane Data-Plane To Data-Plane Ctrl-Plane Switch Controller (e.g. ARP) Data-Plane Ctrl-Plane (e.g. RIP) L4 to L8 L4 Pata-Plane Ctrl-Plane (e.g. RSVP) Ofrecord Datarecord Datarecord Datarecord

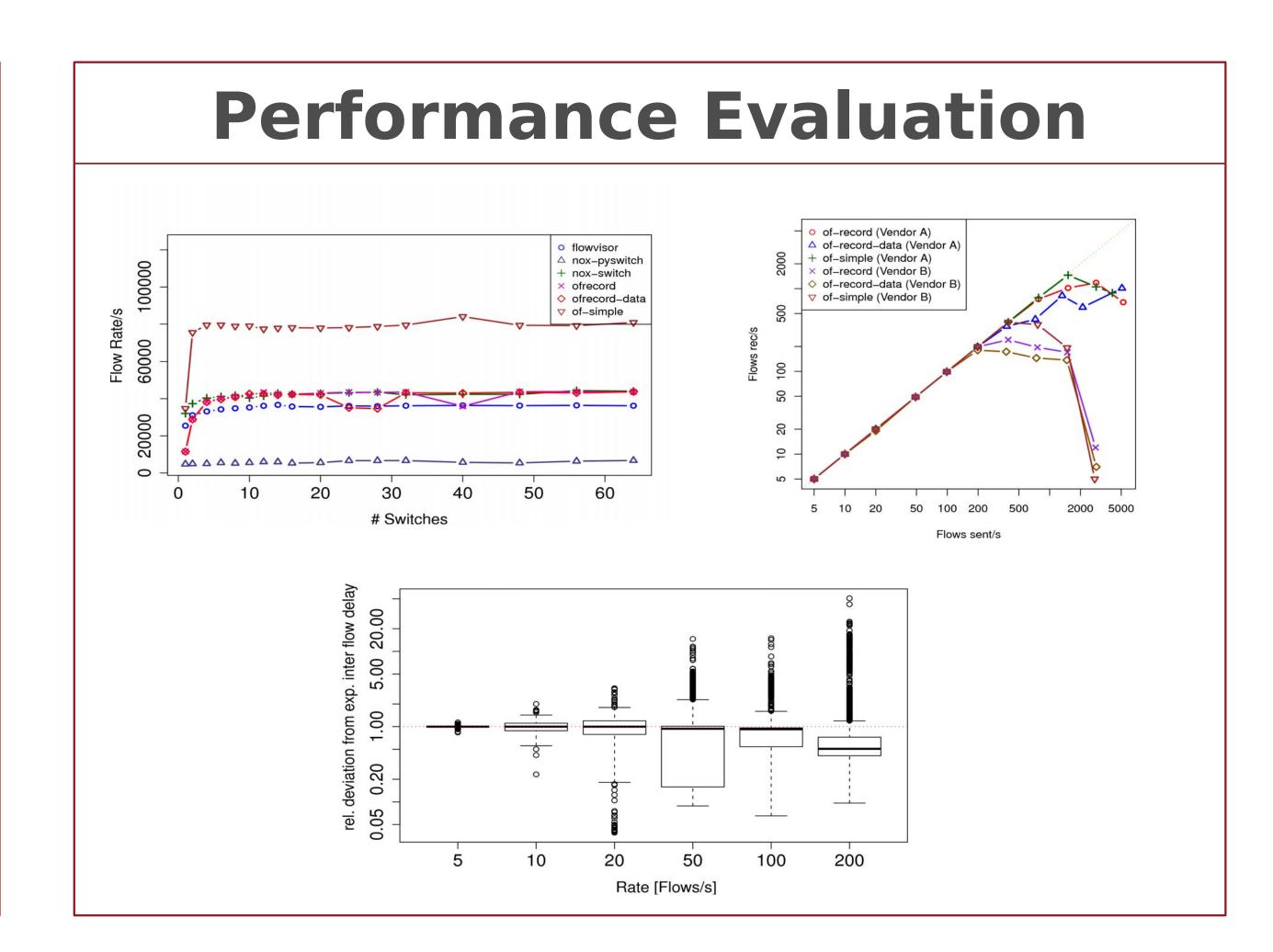
#### **Case Studies**

Faulty RIP Daemon (Quagga bug #235)

Ofrecord + Datarecord enable recording of specific RIP message sequence leading to pathological routing state machine error



1) Observed Fault: Router C loses connectivity to Network 1. 2) Ofrecord has captured the control-plane view of RIP update flows 3) Inspection of global RIP flow ordering shows that at time of observed fault, RIP updates arriving at B do not propagate to C. 4) Playback of RIP updates onto identically configured lab environment reproduces this error 5) Continued replay of trigger event onto Router B with host-level process-debugger reveals code-level fault, responsible for failure to propagate RIP updates.



Related work references and further information available from our full paper currently under USENIX ATC 2011 submission



